



MUSHROOM CLASSIFICATION (Machine Learning)

WIREFRAME

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1. Data Acquisition:

- Source data from a reliable dataset, such as the UCI Mushroom dataset.
- Import necessary libraries: pandas, numpy, matplotlib, seaborn, sklearn.

2. Data Exploration and Preprocessing:

- Load the dataset into a pandas DataFrame.
- Explore the dataset's dimensions, summary statistics, and missing values.
- Convert categorical data to numerical using LabelEncoder.
- Define feature columns (X) and target variables (Y).
- Perform Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) to understand the distribution of features.

3. Principal Component Analysis (PCA):

- Apply PCA to reduce the dimensionality of the feature space.
- Choose an appropriate number of components

4. **Model Training:**

- Split the dataset into training and testing sets.
- Implement machine learning models:
 - Logistic Regression
 - K-Nearest Neighbors
 - Support Vector Classifier
 - Decision Tree Classifier
 - Random Forest Classifier
 - Gradient Boosting Classifier

5. **Model Evaluation:**

- Use accuracy score to evaluate model performance on the test set.
- Compare and analyze the performance of each model.

6. **Model Serialization:**

- Save the best-performing model (Random Forest) using joblib for future use.

7. **GUI Application:**

- Create a simple GUI using Tkinter for user interaction.
- Include input fields for each feature to predict the class.
- Load the saved model and make predictions based on user input.

8. **Visualization:**

- Plot a bar chart to display the accuracy of each model.
- Create visualizations of the dataset features.

Mushroom Classification Using Machine Learning

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gill-size:(road=0, narrow=1)	<input type="text"/>
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habitat:(grasses=1, leaves=2, meadows=3, paths=4, urban=5, # waste=6, woods=0)	<input type="text"/>
<input type="button" value="Predict"/>	