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-- Employee Data Analysis project - sonal ranpise
    -- DESCRIPTION:
     -- An HR of the company wants to extract, update, and delete employee details to
     maintain their records.
     -- Objective:
 5
     -- The database design helps to calculate the monthly payroll of each employee
     efficiently.
 6
 7
     -- Task to be performed:
8
     -- TASK:01
     -- Write a query to create an employee table with the fields employee id, first name,
     last name, job id, salary, manager id, and department id.
10
     CREATE DATABASE employee datasets;
11
     USE employee datasets;
12
     CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS employee datasets.employee table
13
14
     emp id INT PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL,
15
     f name VARCHAR (100) NOT NULL,
16
     1 name VARCHAR (100) NOT NULL,
17
     job id VARCHAR (100) NOT NULL,
18
     salary INT NOT NULL,
19
     manager id VARCHAR (100) NOT NULL,
20
     dept id VARCHAR (100) NOT NULL
21
22
     ENGINE = INNODB;
23
     DESCRIBE employee datasets.employee table;
24
25
     -- TASK:02
26
     -- Write a query to insert values into the employee table.
     INSERT INTO employee datasets.employee table (emp id,f name,l name,job id,salary,
27
     manager id, dept id)
28
     VALUES
29
     ("101", "ankit", "jain", "HP124", "200000", "2", "24"),
     ("102", "sarvesh", "patel", "HP123", "150000", "2", "24"),
30
     ("103", "krishna", "gee", "HP125", "500000", "5", "44"),
31
     ("104", "rana", "gee", "HP122", "250000", "3", "54"),
32
     ("105", "soniya", "jain", "HP121", "400000", "1", "22"),
33
     ("106", "nithin", "kumar", "HP120", "300000", "4", "34"), ("107", "karan", "patel", "HP126", "300001", "2", "34"), ("108", "shilpa", "jain", "HP127", "300001", "5", "24"),
34
35
36
37
     ("109", "mukesh", "singh", "HP128", "300001", "4", "44");
38
     SELECT * FROM employee datasets.employee table;
39
40
     -- TASK:03
41
     -- Write a query to find the first name and salary of the employee whose salary is
     higher than the employee with the last name Kumar from the employee table.
42
     SELECT f name, 1 name FROM employee datasets.employee table WHERE salary > ( SELECT
     salary FROM employee datasets.employee table WHERE 1 name = "Kumar");
43
44
     -- TASK:04
45
     -- Write a query to display the employee id and last name of the employee whose salary
     is greater than the average salary from the employee table.
46
     SELECT emp id, 1 name, salary FROM employee datasets.employee table WHERE salary > (
     SELECT AVG(salary) FROM employee datasets.employee table);
47
48
     -- TASK:05
49
     -- Write a query to display the employee id, first name, and salary of the employees who
     earn a salary that is higher than the salary of all the shipping clerks (JOB ID =
     HP122).
50
     -- Sort the results of the salary in ascending order.
51
     SELECT emp_id, f_name, salary FROM employee_datasets.employee_table WHERE salary > (
     SELECT salary FROM employee datasets.employee table WHERE job id = "HP122") ORDER BY
     salary;
52
53
     -- TASK:06
     -- Write a query to display the first name, employee id, and salary of the first three
     employees with highest salaries.
55
     SELECT DISTINCT emp_id ,f_name,salary FROM employee_datasets.employee_table a WHERE 3>=
56
     (SELECT COUNT (DISTINCT salary) FROM employee datasets.employee table b WHERE b.salary >=
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a.salary) ORDER BY a.salary DESC;
57   -- OR
58    SELECT DISTINCT emp_id , f_name,salary FROM employee_datasets.employee_table ORDER BY salary asc LIMIT 3 OFFSET 6;
59
60    DROP DATABASE employee_datasets;
61
62
```

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