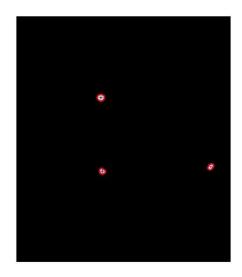
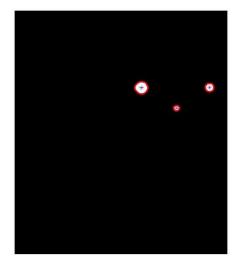
LabReport8 JiaweiGe

The dimensions of each red slice equal **215.6 mm** x **247.92 mm**. The length **215.6 mm** is yield by **154** slices x **1.4 mm**. The width **247.92 mm** is yield by **240 pixels** x **1.033 mm**. The distance between fiducials' plane and targets' plane equals **54.899 mm**, which is yield by adding up the depth information in the upper-right box in the screenshots (**33.629 mm** + **21.270 mm**).

The fiducials' centers are [619.2565, 596.6149], [629.9568, 1.1356e+03], [1.4237e+03, 1.1028e+03] in the Matlab results. Because the bw size is 1799 x 1569. Using the proportion of 240/1799, we can get the y value of fiducials' centers, which are 79.59, 151.50, 147.12 = 80th, 152th, 147th pixel, respectively. Using the proportion of 154/1569, we can get the slice number of fiducials' centers, which are 60.78, 61.83, 139.74 = 61, 62, 140, respectively. The true length and width have a 215.6/1569 and 247.92/1799 proportion, respectively. The true positions of the fiducials' centers in red slices, therefore, are (85.09, 82.22), (86.56, 156.50), (195.63, 151.98) mm.

The targets' centers are [934.5005,567.5116], [1.1933e+03,717.6362], [1.4366e+03,565.3621] in the Matlab results. Because the bw size is 1791 x 1567. Using the proportion of 240/1791, we can get the y values of targets' centers are 78.05, 96.17, 75.76 = 78th, 96th, 76th pixel, respectively. Using the proportion of 154/1567, we can get the slice number of fiducials' centers, which are 91.84, 117.23, 141.18 = 92, 117, 141, respectively. The true length and width have a 215.6/1567 and 247.92/1791 proportion, respectively. The true positions of the targets' centers in red slices, therefore, are (128.58, 78.56), (164.18, 99.34), (197.66, 78.26) mm.





Fid1 (85.09, 82.22), Fid2 (86.56, 156.50), Fid3 (195.63, 151.98). Ey Tar ((128.58, 78.56), Tar 2 (164.18, 99.34), Tar 3 (197.66, 78.26). $\tan \theta = \frac{156.50 - 151.98}{195.63 - 86.56} \approx 0.04$ $\tan \phi = \frac{86.56 - 85.09}{156.50 - 82.22} \approx 0.02.$ Theoretically, tand should equals tand. Assume Fid2 to be the origin of Fid frame, and set tilting angle 4 satisfy $\tan \psi = \frac{004+0.02}{2} = 0.03$

Assume Fid2 to be the origin of Fid frame, and set tilting angle
$$\Psi$$
 satisfy θ and θ .

Then the notation matrix is $\begin{bmatrix} c\Psi \\ s\Psi \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0.03 \\ -6\Psi \\ c\Psi \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0.03 \\ -6\Psi \\ c\Psi \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0.03 \\ -6\Psi \\ c\Psi \end{bmatrix}$

Fid2. Fid1 = $\begin{pmatrix} -1.47 \\ 0 \\ 74.28 \\ 74.28 \\ 74.28 \\ 74.20 \\ 74.90 \\ 77.94 \\ 77.94 \\ 77.94 \\ 78.24 \\ 70.71.94 \\ 70.71.$

all 2 values are 3 mm less than the reference

The center position of Fid1 equals [3.9548e+02,3.8029e+02], the depth is -20.271mm, and the bw size is 1154 x 997. The center position of Fid2 equals [4.0654e+02,7.2571e+02], the depth is -23.371mm, and the bw size is 1153 x 1001. The center position of Fid3 equals [9.1061e+02,7.0301e+02], the depth is -18.204mm, and the bw size is 1151 x 997. Using the same methods as mentioned above (215.6 / bw(2) * Fid1(1) = x_fid ; depth = y_fid ; -247.92 / bw(1) * Fid1(2) = z_fid), we can easily yield that the fiducials' centers locate at (85.52, -20.27, 81.70), (87.56, -23.37, 156.04), (196.92, -18.20, 151.43) mm.

