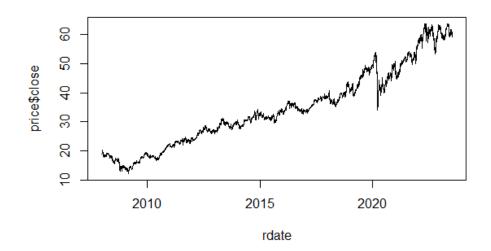
```
price<-readxl::read_xlsx(file.choose())
attach(price)

rdate<-as.Date(price$date, "%d/%m/%y")
fix(rdate)

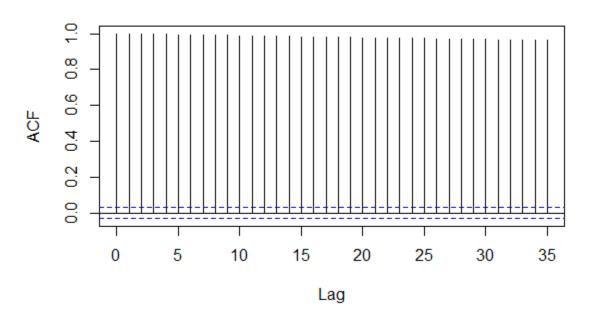
Plot of the Data
plot(price$close~rdate, type = "I")</pre>
```



We can see a upward sloping with a drift.

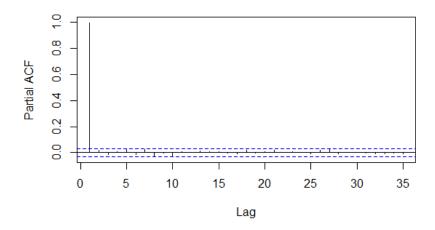
acf(price\$close)

Series price\$close



There is high autocorrelation, as these spikes are going above the blue dotted line. pacf(price\$close)

Series price\$close



Partial auto correlation has no issues as these spikes are not going above the blue line.

adf.test(price\$close)

Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test

data: price\$close

Dickey-Fuller = -4.0554, Lag order = 15, p-value = 0.01

alternative hypothesis: stationary

Warning message:

In adf.test(price\$close): p-value smaller than printed p-value

From the Augmented Dicky Fuller test, we can say that the given data is stationary.

pricemodel = auto.arima(price\$close, ic="aic", trace = TRUE)

Fitting models using approximations to speed things up...

ARIMA(2,1,2) with drift : 4465.736

ARIMA(0,1,0) with drift : 4474.364

ARIMA(1,1,0) with drift : 4473.301

ARIMA(0,1,1) with drift : 4472.616

ARIMA(0,1,0) : 4474.659

ARIMA(1,1,2) with drift : 4475.476

ARIMA(2,1,1) with drift : 4476.697

ARIMA(3,1,2) with drift : 4458.578

ARIMA(3,1,1) with drift : 4467.409

ARIMA(4,1,2) with drift : 4419.632

ARIMA(4,1,1) with drift : 4417.761

ARIMA(4,1,0) with drift : 4452.879

ARIMA(5,1,1) with drift : 4424.271

ARIMA(3,1,0) with drift : 4471.985

ARIMA(5,1,0) with drift : 4441.818

ARIMA(5,1,2) with drift : 4423.475

ARIMA(4,1,1) : 4418.467

Now re-fitting the best model(s) without approximations...

ARIMA(4,1,1) with drift : 4413.29

Best model: ARIMA(4,1,1) with drift

Pricemodel

Series: price\$close

ARIMA(4,1,1) with drift

Coefficients:

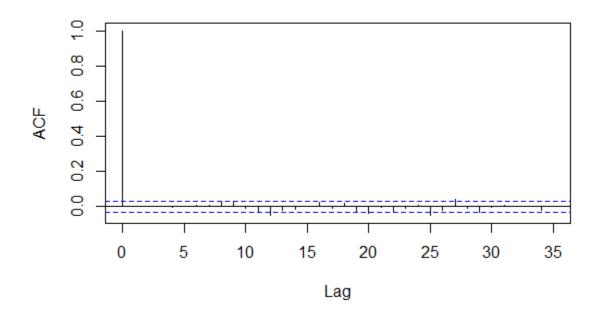
ar1 ar2 ar3 ar4 ma1 drift
-0.8326 -0.0072 -0.0258 -0.1017 0.8120 0.0103
s.e. 0.0454 0.0208 0.0208 0.0169 0.0435 0.0063

sigma^2 = 0.1809: log likelihood = -2199.65

AIC=4413.29 AICc=4413.32 BIC=4457.18

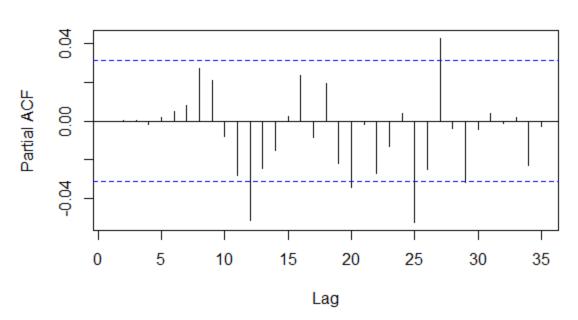
acf(ts(pricemodel\$residuals))

Series ts(pricemodel\$residuals)



pacf(ts(pricemodel\$residuals))

Series ts(pricemodel\$residuals)



priceforecast = forecast(pricemodel, level = c(95), h = 2*253) priceforecast

plot(priceforecast)

Forecasts from ARIMA(4,1,1) with drift

