## 2019-2020春学期《微分几何》第七周作业

 $P_{34}$ 

1. 解 由Frenet公式得

$$\begin{cases}
dx &= T \\
dT &= kN \\
dN &= -kT + \tau B \\
dB &= -\tau N
\end{cases}$$

其中 $k, \tau$ 为曲线的曲率, 挠率. 从而例1中单参数活动标架场的运动方程为

$$\begin{cases}
dx = e_1 \\
de_1 = ke_2 \\
de_2 = -ke_1 + \tau e_3 \\
de_3 = -\tau e_2
\end{cases}$$

2. 证明 (1) 因

$$d\bar{e}_i = \bar{\omega}_i^k \bar{e}_k = \bar{\omega}_i^k A_k^j e_j$$
$$= d(A_i^j e_j) = dA_i^j e_j + A_i^k de_k = (dA_i^j + A_i^k \omega_k^j) e_j$$

比较得

$$\bar{\omega}_i^k A_k^j = dA_i^j + \omega_k^j A_i^k.$$

(2) 由(1)及
$$\bar{\omega}_i^k = \bar{\Gamma}_{i\alpha}^k du^\alpha$$
,  $\omega_i^k = \Gamma_{i\alpha}^k du^\alpha$ 得

$$\bar{\Gamma}^k_{i\alpha}du^\alpha A^j_k = \frac{\partial A^j_i}{\partial u^\alpha}du^\alpha + \Gamma^j_{k\alpha}du^\alpha A^k_i$$

从而

$$\bar{\Gamma}_{i\alpha}^k A_k^j = \frac{\partial A_i^j}{\partial u^\alpha} + \Gamma_{k\alpha}^j A_i^k. \blacksquare$$

3. 证明 由曲面的第一基本形式知

$$|x_u| = \sqrt{E}, \quad |x_v| = \sqrt{G} \quad \mathbb{H} \quad x_u \cdot x_v = 0$$

于是

$$e_1 = \frac{x_u}{|x_u|} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{E}}x_u, \quad e_2 = \frac{x_v}{|x_v|} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{G}}x_v$$

因此

$$dx = x_u du + x_v dv = \sqrt{E} du e_1 + \sqrt{G} dv e_2$$

即

$$\omega^1 = \sqrt{E}du, \quad \omega^2 = \sqrt{G}dv, \quad \omega^3 = 0. \, \blacksquare$$