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2020 年 7 月 28 日

1.P1042 乒乓球

算法思路:

按照题目的意思, eleven_w, eleven_l, twentyone_w, twentyone_l 分别记录 11 分制赢的次数,输的次数,输的次数,输的次数,输的次数,当赢的或者输的次数 >= 11 (11分制), >= 21 (21分制)且 赢的和输的比分相差 2 ,则为一局比分。 因为先输出 11 分制的,则把 21 分制的比分情况存入vector先,最后再输出。

代码:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <cstdio>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
int main(){
    char in;
    int eleven w = 0, eleven l = 0, twentyone w = 0, twentyone l = 0;
    vector<int> twentyone;
    while( ( in = getchar() ) != 'E' ){
        if( in == 'W' ){
            eleven_w++;
            twentyone_w++;
        }
        if( in == 'L' ){
            eleven 1++;
            twentyone_l++;
        if( ((eleven_l >= 11) || (eleven_w >= 11 )) && ((eleven_w >=
eleven_1 + \frac{2}{2} | (eleven_1 >= eleven_w + \frac{2}{2})) }
            cout<< eleven_w << ":" << eleven_l << endl;</pre>
            eleven_w = 0, eleven_l = 0;
        }
        if( ((twentyone_l >= 21) || (twentyone_w >= 21 )) && ((twentyone_w >=
twentyone_1 + 2) || (twentyone_1 >= twentyone_w + 2))){
            twentyone.push back(twentyone w);
```

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```
twentyone.push_back(twentyone_1);
    twentyone_w = 0,twentyone_1 = 0;
}

cout<< eleven_w << ":" << eleven_l << endl;

twentyone.push_back(twentyone_w);
    twentyone.push_back(twentyone_l);

cout << endl;

for(int i = 0; i < twentyone.size(); i=i+2){
    cout << twentyone[i] << ":" << twentyone[i+1] << endl;
}

return 0;
}</pre>
```

Accepted截图:



备注:

- 1. 一开始不确定比分的输出形式是怎么样,比如 W = 11, L = 13, 那是 11:13,还是13:11?
- 2. 注意没有凑够一局的比分也要输出,即跳出循环后的分数还是要输出。

2.P1067 多项式输出

算法思路:

按照题目意思模拟即可,注意系数为0和1的,次数为0和1的,正负号的处理。

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代码:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main(){
    int n,val;
    cin >> n;
    for(int i = n; i > 0; i--){
        cin >> val;
        if( val == 0 ) continue;
        if( val > 0 && i != n){
            cout << '+';
            if(val != 1) cout << val;</pre>
        }else if(val != 1 && val != -1) cout << val;</pre>
        else if( val == -1 ) cout << '-';
        if( i != 1){
            cout << "x^" << i;
        }else cout << "x";</pre>
    }
    //常数项
    cin >> val;
    if(val > 0) cout << '+' << val;
    else if( val < 0) cout << val;
   return 0;
}
```

Accepted截图:

