

# Formal Verification of Perception Systems: Realistic Parameter Identification in Falsification Frameworks

Calvin Tai, Andre Jia, Elizabeth Skehan, Abhir Karande, Songmao Li

## Purpose

- Semantic falsification framework for an AV perception to control pipeline in CARLA that searches environmental parameters to find scenarios that violate STL safety specs
- Maximize plausibility: We don't want to find failures that are unlikely to occur or physically impossible
- A failure/falsification in ADAS, for example, isn't just a crash. It can be a near-miss, extreme passenger discomfort, traffic law violation, etc. Rather than getting unrealistic falsification scenarios, we can find the most critical set that is at the trade-off between each of our objectives (safety, plausibility, passenger comfort)

## Task Breakdown/Schedule/Assignment

- Environment Setup and Baseline Implementation, **Milestone 1 by Oct 24 (Calvin, Elizabeth)**
  - Setup Carla
  - Baseline single safety objective falsification, Bayesian Optimization loop to find worst-case failure for single objective.
- Define a multi-objective Bayesian Optimization, **Milestone 2 by Oct 31 (Songmao, Andre, Abhir)**
  - Objective 1 is safety score, Objective 2 is plausibility (based on G-Forces/acceleration), Objective 3 is passenger discomfort.
  - Adapt surrogate model and acquisition functions
- Scenario and Objective Implementation, **Milestone 3 by Nov 7 (Andre, Elizabeth, Calvin)**
  - Input parameter space for scenarios
  - Objective Metric (i.e. Time-to-Collision for safety score, adversary vehicle acceleration for plausibility score, ego vehicle jerk and lateral acceleration for comfort score)
- Experimentation and Analysis, **Milestone 4 by Nov 21 (Abhir, Songmao, Andre, Elizabeth, Calvin)**
  - Execution of Falsification runs using our multi-objective Bayesian Optimization framework for 500-1000 simulations
  - Visualize the trade-offs between safety, plausibility, and comfort in order to choose a "Pareto front"

## Expected Outcome

- Generation of a set of critical test scenarios, revealing the optimal trade-offs between safety, plausibility, and passenger comfort.

## Resources Required

- [CARLA](#) for environment parameters and simulation

## Literature Survey

- <https://arxiv.org/pdf/2209.06735>
- <https://dl.acm.org/doi/10.1145/3126521>
- [https://vbn.aau.dk/ws/portalfiles/portal/698944696/Usage\\_aware\\_Falsification\\_for\\_Cyber\\_Physical\\_Systems.pdf](https://vbn.aau.dk/ws/portalfiles/portal/698944696/Usage_aware_Falsification_for_Cyber_Physical_Systems.pdf)
- <https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/8666747> - impact of weather on ADAS systems

### Immediate tasks:

- parameter set for search space (decided on weather, will look into actors/signals, etc.)
  - [https://carla.readthedocs.io/en/latest/tuto\\_M\\_custom\\_weather\\_landscape/](https://carla.readthedocs.io/en/latest/tuto_M_custom_weather_landscape/)
  - We can change lead vehicle's dynamics: How often the lead car changes speed.
  - Weather: fog conditions
- metrics (safety (tbd), plausibility (tbd), comfort (g-force, acceleration, momentum delta))
  - Look into how they define MP1 evals
  - Safety: continuous metrics that measure the degree of safety or lack thereof:
    - Time-to-collision: lower minimum TTC over a scenario indicates higher risk
    - Minimum Distance: minimum distance between ego and lead vehicles
    - Simulator provides `collided\_event`, which is a direct binary measure
  - Plausibility can be determined by vehicle dynamics (the lead vehicle and ego vehicle's reaction should not defy physical laws.
    - Maximum acceleration: passenger car can't brake at 2g.
    - Maximum jerk: The rate of change of acceleration shouldn't exceed a threshold to ensure that it physically makes sense.
    - Steering rate: How fast the steering wheel is turned
  - Passenger Comfort:
    - Jerk: high jerk values are uncomfortable. We can aim to minimize total jerk experienced during a scenario.
    - Lateral Acceleration: High acceleration in turns can be uncomfortable. In scenarios that involve steering, we can aim to minimize these.
    - Hard Braking/Acceleration Events: We can count the number of times the ego vehicle's acceleration or deceleration exceeds a certain comfort threshold ( $> 0.3g$ )

### Basic measurement/evals added to the MP1 eval script:

<https://pastebin.com/fY4gsf1x>

(calculate\_minimum\_ttc(), calculate\_minimum\_distance(), calculate\_maximum\_jerk())

### Implementation:

- Carla (done)
- bayesian optimization (<https://github.com/bayesian-optimization/BayesianOptimization>)
  - extend for multiple objectives (<https://arxiv.org/pdf/2109.10964>)