- Q.1 d) Both A and B
- Q.2 a) Linear regression is sensitive to outliers
- Q.3 b) Negative
- Q.4 c) Both of them
- Q.5 c) Low bias and high variance
- Q.6 a) Descriptive model
- Q.7 d) Regularization
- Q.8 d) SMOTE
- Q.9 a) TPR and FPR
- Q.10 b) False
- Q.11 a) Construction bag of words from an email
- Q.12 b) It becomes slow when the number of features is very large.
- Q.13 Regularization is a technique used in machine learning models in order prevent overfitting and underfitting and improve the generalization performance of models. It leads to better performance on both testing and training data.
- Q.14 There are 3 main regularization techniques:
- a) Ridge Regression (L2 Regularization): When using this technique, we add the sum of weight's square to a loss function and thus create a new loss function.

- b) Lasso Regression (L1 Regularization): Lasso has the property of shrinking some coefficients to exactly zero, effectively performing feature selection.
- c) Dropout: Dropout is a regularization technique used in neural networks. It prevents complex co-adaptations from other neurons.
- Q.15 The term error in linear regression refers to the difference between the predicted values generated by regression equation and the actual observed values in the dataset.