

A. Importing the libraries and Dataset

Importing the Libraries

```
# importing the required libraries for calculation

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd

# importing the required libraries for visualisation

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

# importing the required libraries for prediction

from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
```

Importing the Dataset

```
data = pd.read_csv ("Downloads\cereal.csv")
```

Copying the dataset for further Analysis

```
brk_cr = data.copy()
brk_cr
```

	name	mfr	type	calories	protein	fat	sodium
fiber \							
0	100% Bran	N	C	70	4	1	130
10.0							
1	100% Natural Bran	Q	C	120	3	5	15
2.0							
2	All-Bran	K	C	70	4	1	260
9.0							
3	All-Bran with Extra Fiber	K	C	50	4	0	140
14.0							
4	Almond Delight	R	C	110	2	2	200
1.0							
...
...							
72	Triples	G	C	110	2	1	250
0.0							
73	Trix	G	C	110	1	1	140
0.0							
74	Wheat Chex	R	C	100	3	1	230
3.0							
75	Wheaties	G	C	100	3	1	200
3.0							

76	Wheaties	Honey	Gold	G	C	110	2	1	200
1.0									
	carbo	sugars	potass	vitamins	shelf	weight	cups	rating	
0	5.0	6	280	25	3	1.0	0.33	68.402973	
1	8.0	8	135	0	3	1.0	1.00	33.983679	
2	7.0	5	320	25	3	1.0	0.33	59.425505	
3	8.0	0	330	25	3	1.0	0.50	93.704912	
4	14.0	8	-1	25	3	1.0	0.75	34.384843	
...	
72	21.0	3	60	25	3	1.0	0.75	39.106174	
73	13.0	12	25	25	2	1.0	1.00	27.753301	
74	17.0	3	115	25	1	1.0	0.67	49.787445	
75	17.0	3	110	25	1	1.0	1.00	51.592193	
76	16.0	8	60	25	1	1.0	0.75	36.187559	

[77 rows x 16 columns]

Exploring the Data

Finding the total records and features provided in the dataset

```
brk_cr.shape
```

```
(77, 16)
```

Memory storage used for each column

```
brk_cr.memory_usage(index = False, deep = True)
```

```
name          5531
mfr           4466
type          4466
calories       616
protein        616
fat            616
sodium         616
fiber          616
carbo          616
sugars         616
potass         616
vitamins       616
shelf          616
weight         616
cups           616
rating         616
dtype: int64
```

Getting information regarding all columns

```
brk_cr.info()
```

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 77 entries, 0 to 76
Data columns (total 16 columns):
#   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   name        77 non-null    object
1   mfr         77 non-null    object
2   type        77 non-null    object
3   calories    77 non-null    int64
4   protein     77 non-null    int64
5   fat         77 non-null    int64
6   sodium      77 non-null    int64
7   fiber       77 non-null    float64
8   carbo       77 non-null    float64
9   sugars      77 non-null    int64
10  potass      77 non-null    int64
11  vitamins    77 non-null    int64
12  shelf       77 non-null    int64
13  weight      77 non-null    float64
14  cups        77 non-null    float64
15  rating      77 non-null    float64
dtypes: float64(5), int64(8), object(3)
memory usage: 9.8+ KB

```

Gettinng statistical information of all numeric features of dataset

```
brk_cr.describe()
```

	calories	protein	fat	sodium	fiber
carbo \					
count	77.000000	77.000000	77.000000	77.000000	77.000000
mean	106.883117	2.545455	1.012987	159.675325	2.151948
std	19.484119	1.094790	1.006473	83.832295	2.383364
min	50.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	100.000000	2.000000	0.000000	130.000000	1.000000
50%	110.000000	3.000000	1.000000	180.000000	2.000000
75%	110.000000	3.000000	2.000000	210.000000	3.000000
max	160.000000	6.000000	5.000000	320.000000	14.000000
sugars		potass	vitamins	shelf	weight
cups \					
count	77.000000	77.000000	77.000000	77.000000	77.000000

```

77.000000
mean      6.922078    96.077922    28.246753    2.207792    1.029610
0.821039
std       4.444885    71.286813    22.342523    0.832524    0.150477
0.232716
min      -1.000000    -1.000000     0.000000     1.000000     0.500000
0.250000
25%       3.000000    40.000000    25.000000     1.000000     1.000000
0.670000
50%       7.000000    90.000000    25.000000     2.000000     1.000000
0.750000
75%      11.000000   120.000000    25.000000     3.000000     1.000000
1.000000
max      15.000000   330.000000   100.000000     3.000000     1.500000
1.500000

```

```

          rating
count  77.000000
mean   42.665705
std    14.047289
min    18.042851
25%    33.174094
50%    40.400208
75%    50.828392
max    93.704912

```

B. Data Cleaning and Data Wrangling

Checking for Null Value

```
brk_cr.isnull().sum()
```

```

name      0
mfr       0
type      0
calories  0
protein   0
fat       0
sodium    0
fiber     0
carbo     0
sugars    0
potass    0
vitamins  0
shelf     0
weight    0
cups      0
rating    0
dtype: int64

```

-- There is No missing values in the dataset

Changing the Values

#Changing the values in column 'mfr' into their expanded form Using replace function

```
brk_cr.mfr = brk_cr.mfr.replace({'A':'American Home Food  
Products','G':'General Mills','K':'Kelloggs','N':'Nabisco',  
                                'P':'Post','Q':'Quaker Oats','R':'Ralston  
Purina'})
```

Changing the values in column 'type' into their expanded form using replace function

```
brk_cr.type = brk_cr.type.replace({'C':'Cold','H':'Hot'})
```

```
brk_cr.head(5)
```

	fat	name	mfr	type	calories	protein
0		100% Bran	Nabisco	Cold	70	4
1		100% Natural Bran	Quaker Oats	Cold	120	3
2		All-Bran	Kelloggs	Cold	70	4
3		All-Bran with Extra Fiber	Kelloggs	Cold	50	4
4		Almond Delight	Ralston Purina	Cold	110	2

	sodium	fiber	carbo	sugars	potass	vitamins	shelf	weight	cups
0	130	10.0	5.0	6	280	25	3	1.0	0.33
1	15	2.0	8.0	8	135	0	3	1.0	1.00
2	260	9.0	7.0	5	320	25	3	1.0	0.33
3	140	14.0	8.0	0	330	25	3	1.0	0.50
4	200	1.0	14.0	8	-1	25	3	1.0	0.75

	rating
0	68.402973
1	33.983679
2	59.425505
3	93.704912
4	34.384843

Adding the new Columns

```
# Defining function for calculating the percentage of fat in calorie

def perc(a,b):
    return round((a/b)*100,2)

#Creating new column and applying function

brk_cr['perc_fat_in_calorie'] = brk_cr.apply(lambda X: perc(X['fat'],
X['calories']), axis = 1)

# Defining function for creating sodium levels

def sod(a):
    if a>= 500:
        return 'High'
    elif a <= 140:
        return 'Low'
    elif a == 0:
        return 'No Sodium'
    else:
        return 'Good'

# Applying the def to new column

brk_cr['sodium_status'] = brk_cr['sodium'].apply(sod)

# Defining function for finding the levels of fiber source

def fib(a):
    if a > 4.9:
        return 'Excellent'
    elif a < 2.4:
        return 'Good'
    else:
        return 'Average'

# Applying the def to new column

brk_cr['fiber_source'] = brk_cr['fiber'].apply(fib)

# Defining function for creating pottasium content

def pott(a):
    if a > 500:
        return 'High'
    elif (a < 500) and (a > 300):
        return 'Safe'
    else:
        return 'Low'
```

```
# Applying the def to new column
```

```
brk_cr['Potass_status'] = brk_cr['potass'].apply(pott)
brk_cr
```

fat	\	name	mfr	type	calories	protein
0		100% Bran	Nabisco	Cold	70	4
1		100% Natural Bran	Quaker Oats	Cold	120	3
5		All-Bran	Kelloggs	Cold	70	4
2		All-Bran with Extra Fiber	Kelloggs	Cold	50	4
1		Almond Delight	Ralston Purina	Cold	110	2
3	
0		Triples	General Mills	Cold	110	2
4		Trix	General Mills	Cold	110	1
2		Wheat Chex	Ralston Purina	Cold	100	3
1		Wheaties	General Mills	Cold	100	3
75		Wheaties Honey Gold	General Mills	Cold	110	2

	sodium	fiber	carbo	sugars	potass	vitamins	shelf	weight
cups \								
0	130	10.0	5.0	6	280	25	3	1.0
0.33								
1	15	2.0	8.0	8	135	0	3	1.0
1.00								
2	260	9.0	7.0	5	320	25	3	1.0
0.33								
3	140	14.0	8.0	0	330	25	3	1.0
0.50								
4	200	1.0	14.0	8	-1	25	3	1.0
0.75								
..
.								
72	250	0.0	21.0	3	60	25	3	1.0
0.75								
73	140	0.0	13.0	12	25	25	2	1.0
1.00								
74	230	3.0	17.0	3	115	25	1	1.0
0.67								

75	200	3.0	17.0	3	110	25	1	1.0
1.00								
76	200	1.0	16.0	8	60	25	1	1.0
0.75								

	rating	perc_fat_in_calorie	sodium_status	fiber_source
Potass_status				
0	68.402973	1.43	Low	Excellent
Low				
1	33.983679	4.17	Low	Good
Low				
2	59.425505	1.43	Good	Excellent
Safe				
3	93.704912	0.00	Low	Excellent
Safe				
4	34.384843	1.82	Good	Good
Low				
..
...				
72	39.106174	0.91	Good	Good
Low				
73	27.753301	0.91	Low	Good
Low				
74	49.787445	1.00	Good	Average
Low				
75	51.592193	1.00	Good	Average
Low				
76	36.187559	0.91	Good	Good
Low				

[77 rows x 20 columns]

C. Analysis and Visualisation

>Statistical Information of Data

```
brk_cr.describe().transpose()
```

	count	mean	std	min
25% \				
calories	77.0	106.883117	19.484119	50.000000
100.000000				
protein	77.0	2.545455	1.094790	1.000000
2.000000				
fat	77.0	1.012987	1.006473	0.000000
0.000000				
sodium	77.0	159.675325	83.832295	0.000000
130.000000				
fiber	77.0	2.151948	2.383364	0.000000
1.000000				

carbo	77.0	14.597403	4.278956	-1.000000
12.000000				
sugars	77.0	6.922078	4.444885	-1.000000
3.000000				
potass	77.0	96.077922	71.286813	-1.000000
40.000000				
vitamins	77.0	28.246753	22.342523	0.000000
25.000000				
shelf	77.0	2.207792	0.832524	1.000000
1.000000				
weight	77.0	1.029610	0.150477	0.500000
1.000000				
cups	77.0	0.821039	0.232716	0.250000
0.670000				
rating	77.0	42.665705	14.047289	18.042851
33.174094				
perc_fat_in_calorie	77.0	0.890519	0.844767	0.000000
0.000000				

	50%	75%	max
calories	110.000000	110.000000	160.000000
protein	3.000000	3.000000	6.000000
fat	1.000000	2.000000	5.000000
sodium	180.000000	210.000000	320.000000
fiber	2.000000	3.000000	14.000000
carbo	14.000000	17.000000	23.000000
sugars	7.000000	11.000000	15.000000
potass	90.000000	120.000000	330.000000
vitamins	25.000000	25.000000	100.000000
shelf	2.000000	3.000000	3.000000
weight	1.000000	1.000000	1.500000
cups	0.750000	1.000000	1.500000
rating	40.400208	50.828392	93.704912
perc_fat_in_calorie	0.910000	1.430000	4.170000

>Nutritional Breakdown of a few Cereals

```
brk_cr[brk_cr.name == '100% Natural Bran']
```

	name	mfr	type	calories	protein	fat
sodium \						
1	100% Natural Bran	Quaker	Oats	Cold	120	3
15						
	fiber	carbo	sugars	potass	vitamins	shelf
rating \						
1	2.0	8.0	8	135	0	3
33.983679						

```

perc_fat_in_calorie sodium_status fiber_source Potass_status
1          4.17          Low          Good          Low

brk_cr[brk_cr.name == 'All-Bran with Extra Fiber']

      name      mfr  type  calories  protein  fat
sodium \
3 All-Bran with Extra Fiber Kelloggs  Cold      50      4      0
140

      fiber  carbo  sugars  potass  vitamins  shelf  weight  cups
rating \
3   14.0      8.0      0      330      25      3      1.0  0.5
93.704912

perc_fat_in_calorie sodium_status fiber_source Potass_status
3          0.0          Low  Excellent          Safe

brk_cr[brk_cr.name == 'Frosted Mini-Wheats']

      name      mfr  type  calories  protein  fat
sodium \
26 Frosted Mini-Wheats Kelloggs  Cold     100      3      0
0

      fiber  carbo  sugars  potass  vitamins  shelf  weight  cups
rating \
26   3.0     14.0      7     100      25      2      1.0  0.8
58.345141

perc_fat_in_calorie sodium_status fiber_source Potass_status
26          0.0          Low  Average          Low

```

>Numerical Analysis and Visualisation of Data

1. Number of Cereals in the market

```

brk_cr['name'].count()

77

```

--> There are 77 Cereals available in the market for analysis

2. Who are the manufactures producing cereals

```

brk_cr['mfr'].unique()

array(['Nabisco', 'Quaker Oats', 'Kelloggs', 'Ralston Purina',
      'General Mills', 'Post', 'American Home Food Products'],
      dtype=object)

```

--> A total of 7 manufactures are producing cereals. Some of them are widley known and advertised brands.

3. How many products are produced by each Manufacturer

```
ag= brk_cr['mfr'].value_counts()
```

```
ag
```

Kelloggs	23
General Mills	22
Post	9
Quaker Oats	8
Ralston Purina	8
Nabisco	6
American Home Food Products	1

Name: mfr, dtype: int64

```
# pie chart of Manufactures producing Cereals (%)
```

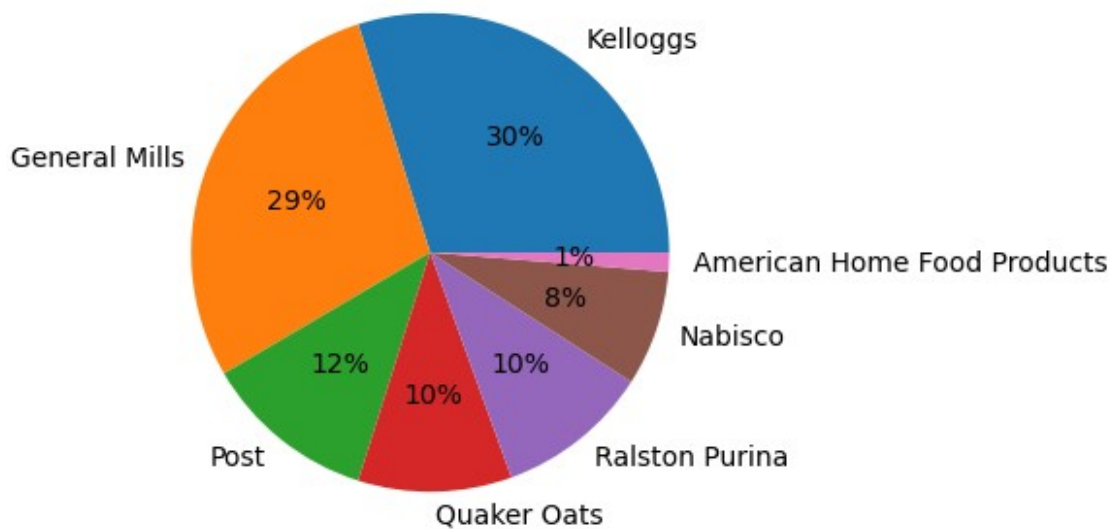
```
plt.figure(figsize=(5,4))
```

```
plt.pie(ag, labels=['Kelloggs','General Mills','Post','Quaker  
Oats','Ralston Purina','Nabisco','American Home Food Products'],  
autopct = '%0.0f%%')
```

```
plt.title ("Share of Manufactures in Cereal Market %")
```

```
plt.savefig("1.png", bbox_inches='tight')
```

Share of Manufactures in Cereal Market %



--> Out of the 7 brands, 'Kelloggs' produces the highest variety of cereals available in the market. 'General Mills' is the second in position with 22 varieties. The brand 'American Home Food Products' only presents with one cereal.

4. Number of serving types available

```
brk_cr["type"].value_counts()
```

```
Cold    74
```

```
Hot      3
```

```
Name: type, dtype: int64
```

```
# Countplot representation of serving types
```

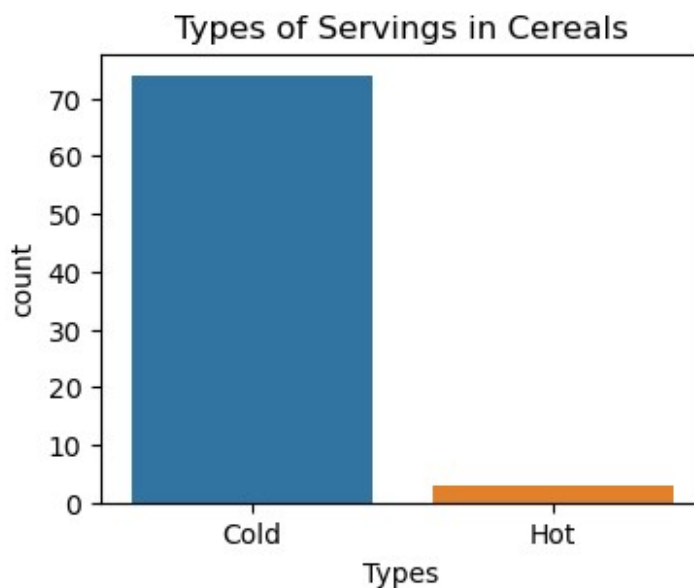
```
plt.figure(figsize=(4,3))
```

```
x = sns.countplot (x = 'type', data = brk_cr )
```

```
x.set(xlabel = "Types", title = "Types of Servings in Cereals")
```

```
plt.show()
```

```
x.figure.savefig ("2.png", bbox_inches = 'tight')
```



--> 2 types of cereals are in the market.

1. Cold served
2. Hot served

The most variety is in the cold type of cereals.

```
plt.figure(figsize=(12,4))
```

```
x = sns.countplot (x = 'mfr', data = brk_cr, hue = 'type', palette =
```

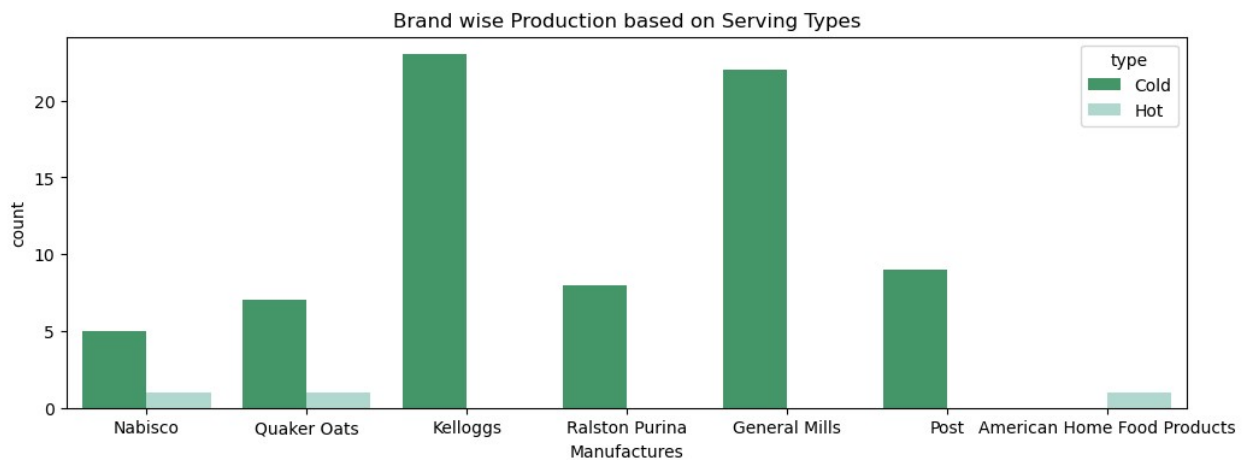
```

"BuGn_r" )
x.set(xlabel = "Manufactures", title = "Brand wise Production based on
Serving Types")

plt.show()

x.figure.savefig ("31.png", bbox_inches = 'tight')

```



5. Cereals arrangement in shelves

```

sh = brk_cr['shelf'].value_counts()

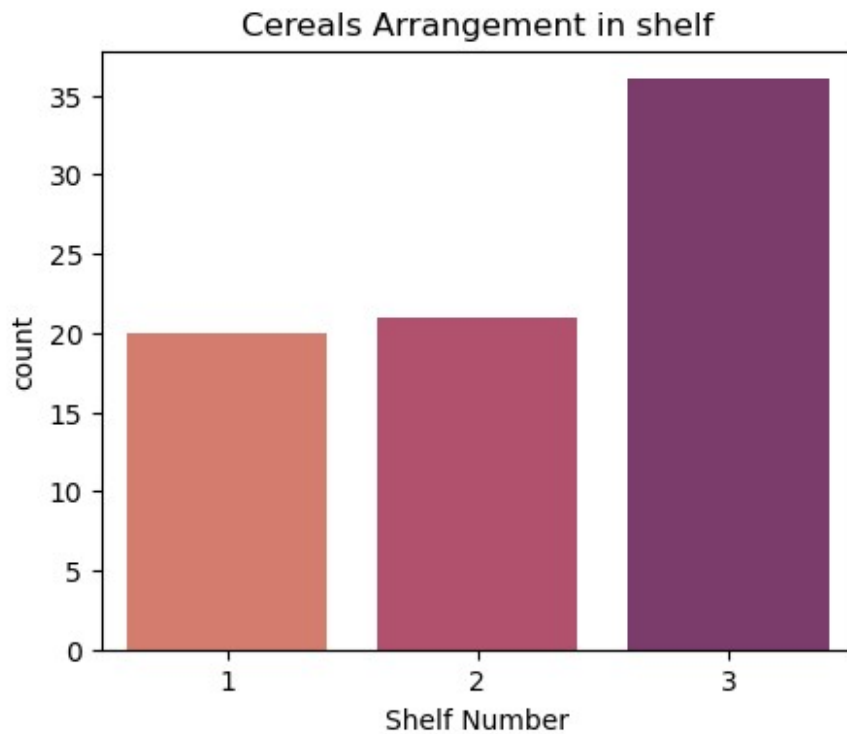
sh
3    36
2    21
1    20
Name: shelf, dtype: int64

plt.figure(figsize =(5,4))

sns.countplot(brk_cr, x='shelf', palette = 'flare')
plt.title ("Cereals Arrangement in shelf")
plt.xlabel ("Shelf Number")

plt.savefig('3.png', bbox_inches = 'tight')

```



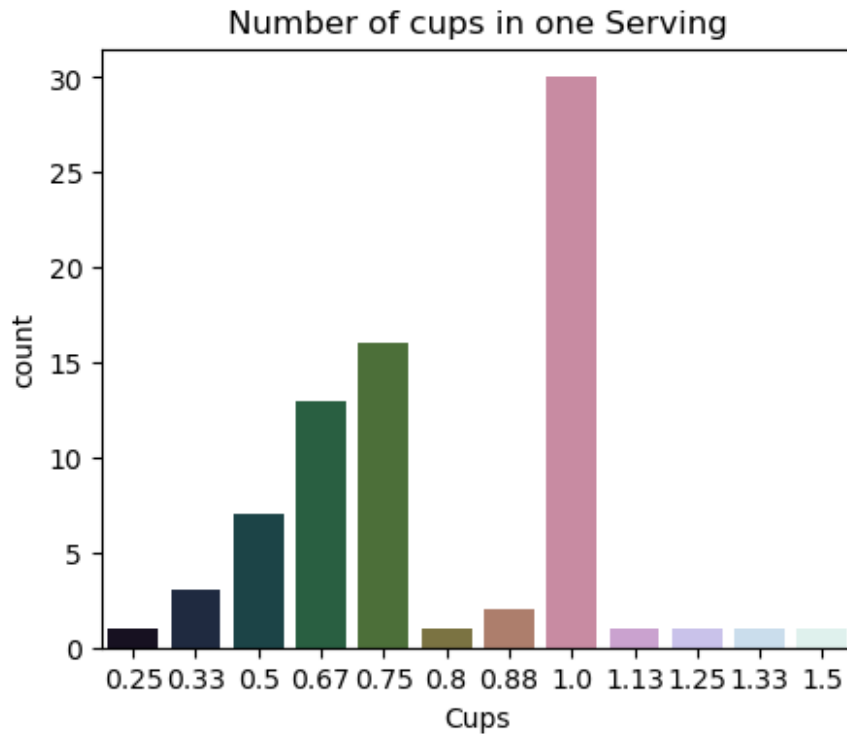
--> Most type of cereals are shown on the top shelf,ie, Shelf 3

6. Number of cups in one Serving

```
plt.figure(figsize =(5,4))

sns.countplot(brk_cr, x='cups', palette = 'cubehelix')
plt.title ("Number of cups in one Serving")
plt.xlabel ("Cups")

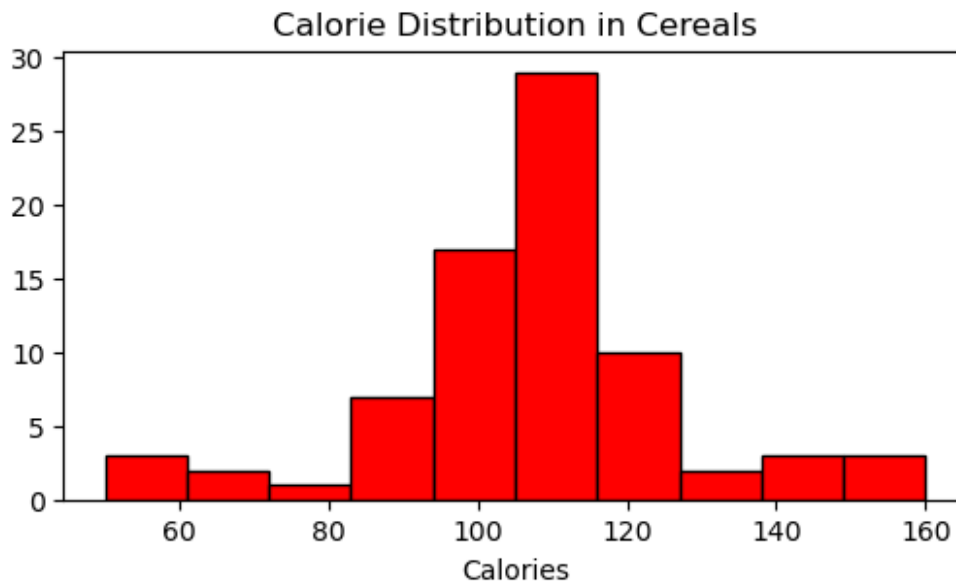
plt.savefig('4.png', bbox_inches = 'tight')
```



--> cereals are available in different packages. Packets and Containers are few of them. In this analysis, The quantity of 30 varieties of cereals are enough to be served in 1 cup each.

7. Calorie distribution in Cereals

```
plt.figure(figsize=(6,3))  
plt.hist(brk_cr['calories'], bins=10, color='red', edgecolor='black')  
plt.xlabel('Calories')  
plt.title('Calorie Distribution in Cereals')  
  
plt.savefig("5.png", bbox_inches = 'tight')  
plt.show()
```



--> There is no skewness or it's Zero Skewness in the distribution of Calories in cereals

8. Sodium content in Cereals

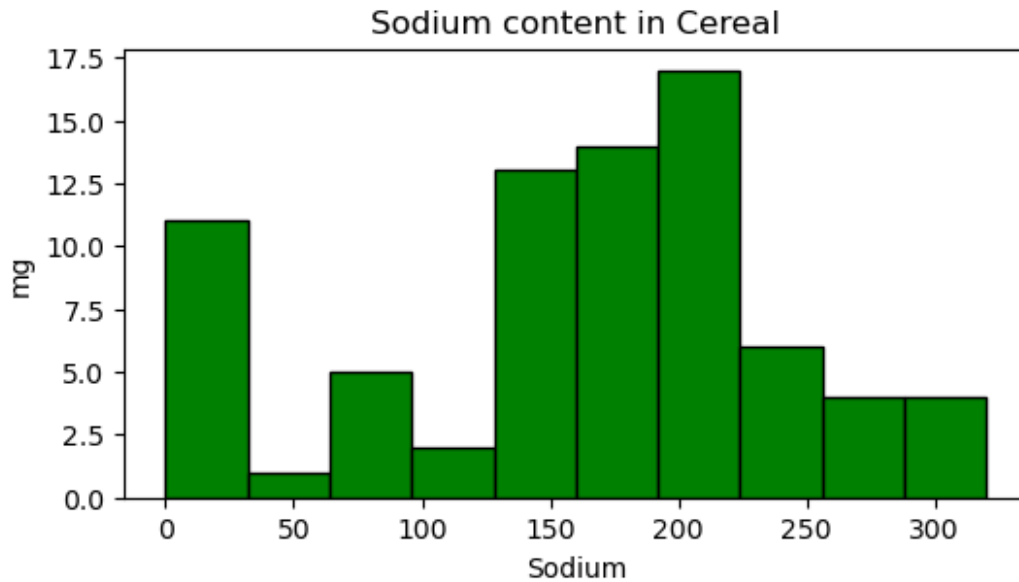
```
plt.figure(figsize=(6,3))

plt.hist (brk_cr['sodium'], bins= 10, color =
'green',edgecolor='black' )

plt.xlabel('Sodium')
plt.ylabel('mg')
plt.title('Sodium content in Cereal')

plt.savefig ("6.png", bbox_inches = 'tight')

plt.show()
```

--> Right skweness

-->In the distribution of sodium in cereals, there is right skweness, which means the negative skweness.

9. Sugar in Cereals

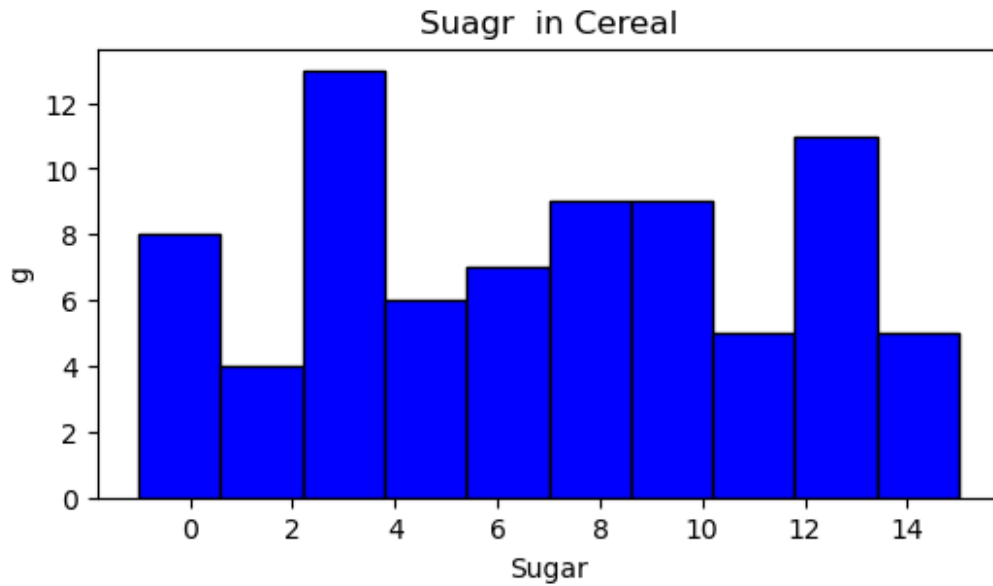
```
plt.figure(figsize=(6,3))

plt.hist (brk_cr['sugars'], bins= 10, color = 'blue',edgecolor='black'
)

plt.xlabel('Sugar')
plt.ylabel('g')
plt.title('Suagr in Cereal')

plt.savefig ("7.png", bbox_inches = 'tight')

plt.show()
```



--> Zero skweness

10.Potassium content in cereals

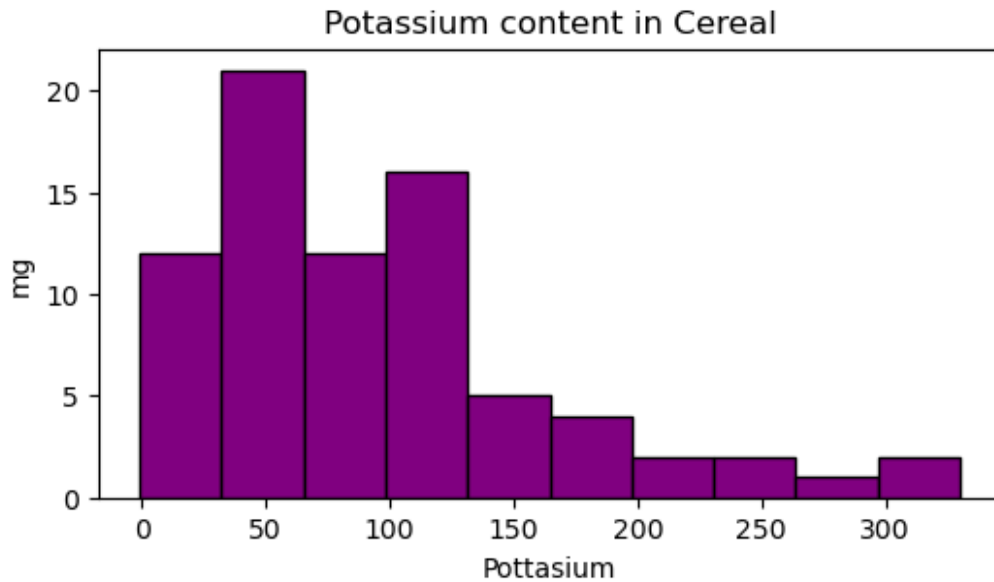
```
plt.figure(figsize=(6,3))

plt.hist (brk_cr['potass'], bins= 10, color =
'purple',edgecolor='black' )

plt.xlabel('Pottasium')
plt.ylabel('mg')
plt.title('Potassium content in Cereal')

plt.savefig ("8.png", bbox_inches = 'tight')

plt.show()
```



--> Left skweness

-->In the distribution of potassium in cereals, there is left skweness, which means the positive skweness.

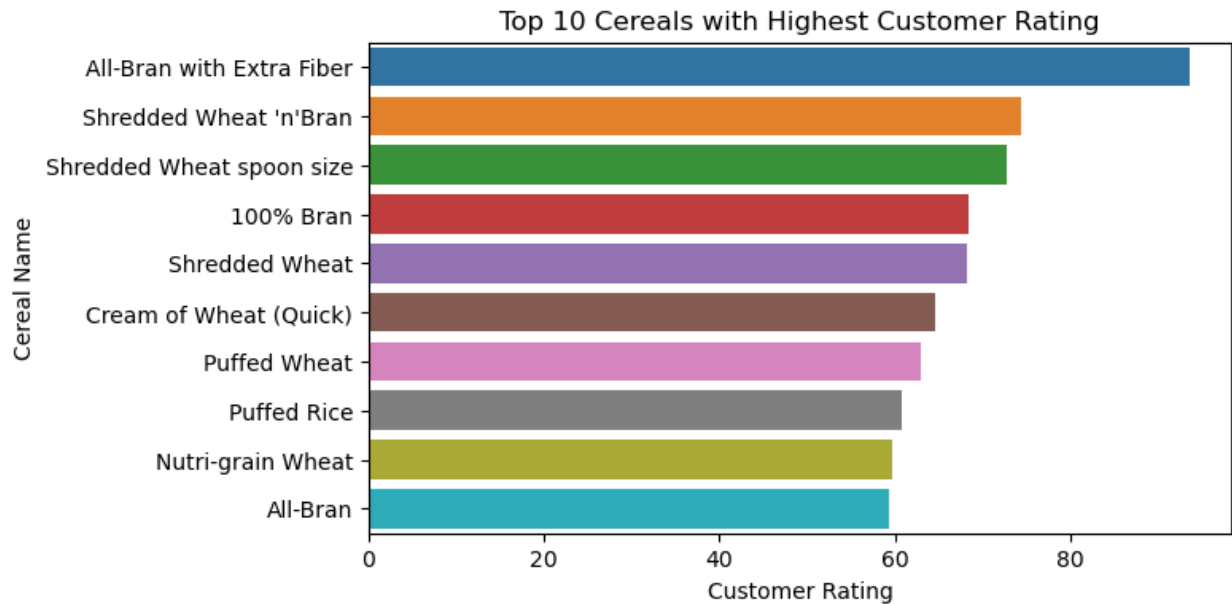
11. Top 10 Cereals with Highest Rating

To find the Top 10 Cereals inrespect of their Ratings

```
tab = brk_cr.nlargest(10,'rating')
```

#Horizontal barplot of the finding

```
plt.figure(figsize=(7,4))
d= sns.barplot ( x='rating',
                 y="name",
                 data=tab,
                 orientation = 'horizontal')
d.set(xlabel = 'Customer Rating', ylabel = 'Cereal Name', title = 'Top
10 Cereals with Highest Customer Rating')
d.figure.savefig ('9.png', bbox_inches = 'tight')
```



12. Top 10 Cereals with Lowest Rating

To find the Top 10 Cereals in respect of their Ratings

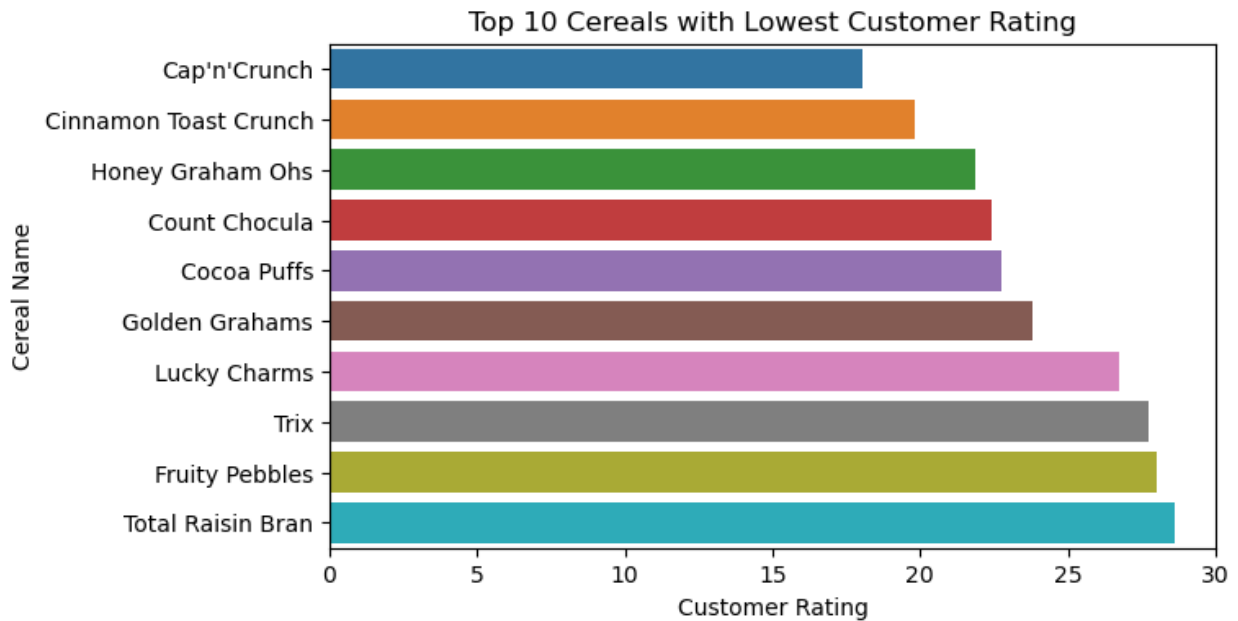
```
tab = brk_cr.nsmallest(10,'rating')
```

#Horizontal barplot of the finding

```
plt.figure(figsize=(7,4))
```

```
e = sns.barplot ( x='rating',  
                  y="name",  
                  data=tab,  
                  orientation = 'horizontal')  
e.set(xlabel = 'Customer Rating', ylabel = 'Cereal Name', title = 'Top  
10 Cereals with Lowest Customer Rating')
```

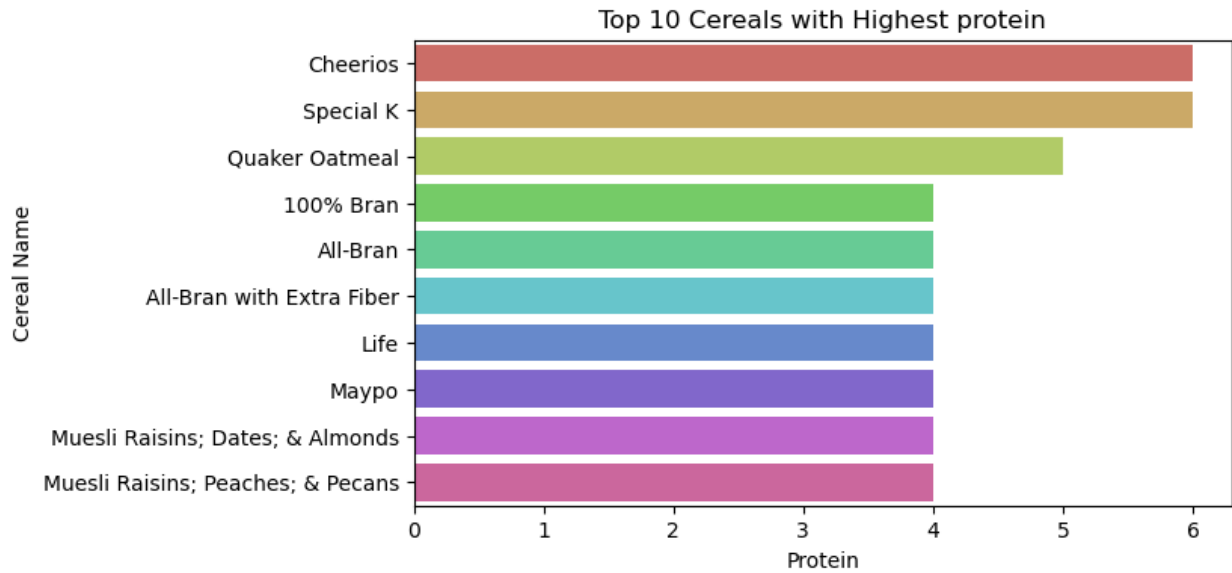
```
e.figure.savefig ('10.png', bbox_inches = 'tight')
```



13. Top 10 Cereals with Highest protein

```
tab = brk_cr.nlargest (10, 'protein')

plt.figure (figsize=(7,4))
f = sns.barplot (
    x = 'protein',
    y = 'name',
    data = tab,
    orientation = 'horizontal',
    palette = 'hls')
f.set(xlabel = 'Protein', ylabel = 'Cereal Name', title = 'Top 10
Cereals with Highest protein')
f.figure.savefig('11.png', bbox_inches = 'tight')
```

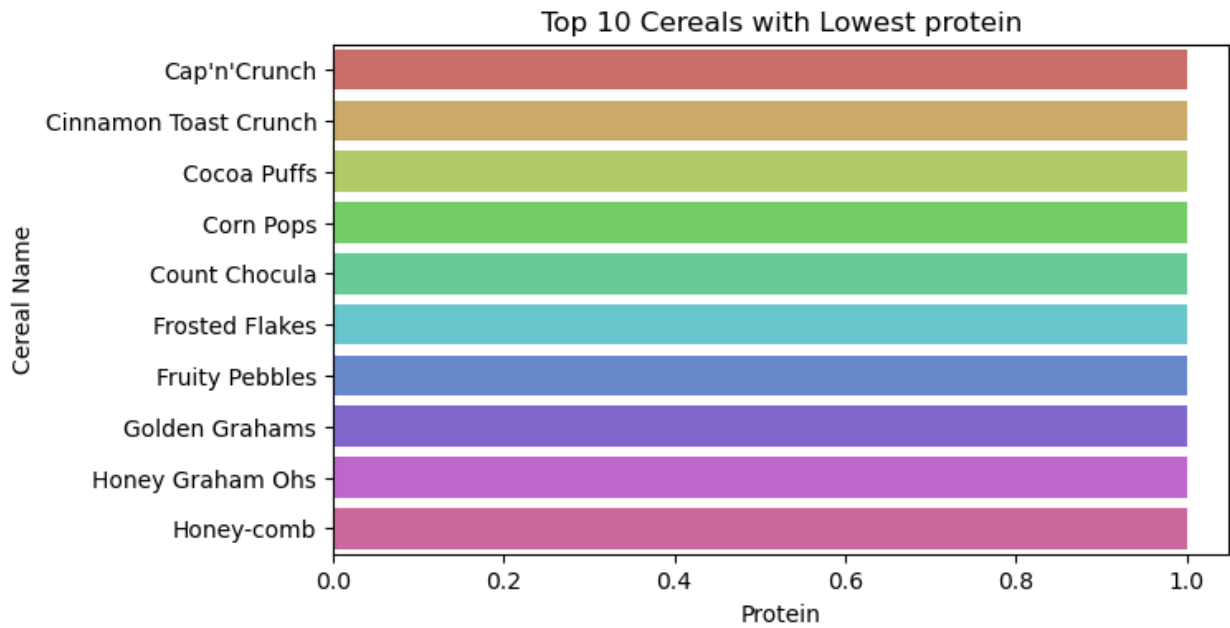


14. Top 10 Cereals with Lowest Protein

```
tab = brk_cr.nsmallest (10, 'protein')

plt.figure (figsize=(7,4))
f = sns.barplot (
    x = 'protein',
    y = 'name',
    data = tab,
    orientation = 'horizontal',
    palette = 'hls')
f.set(xlabel = 'Protein', ylabel = 'Cereal Name', title = 'Top 10
Cereals with Lowest protein')

f.figure.savefig('12.png', bbox_inches = 'tight')
```



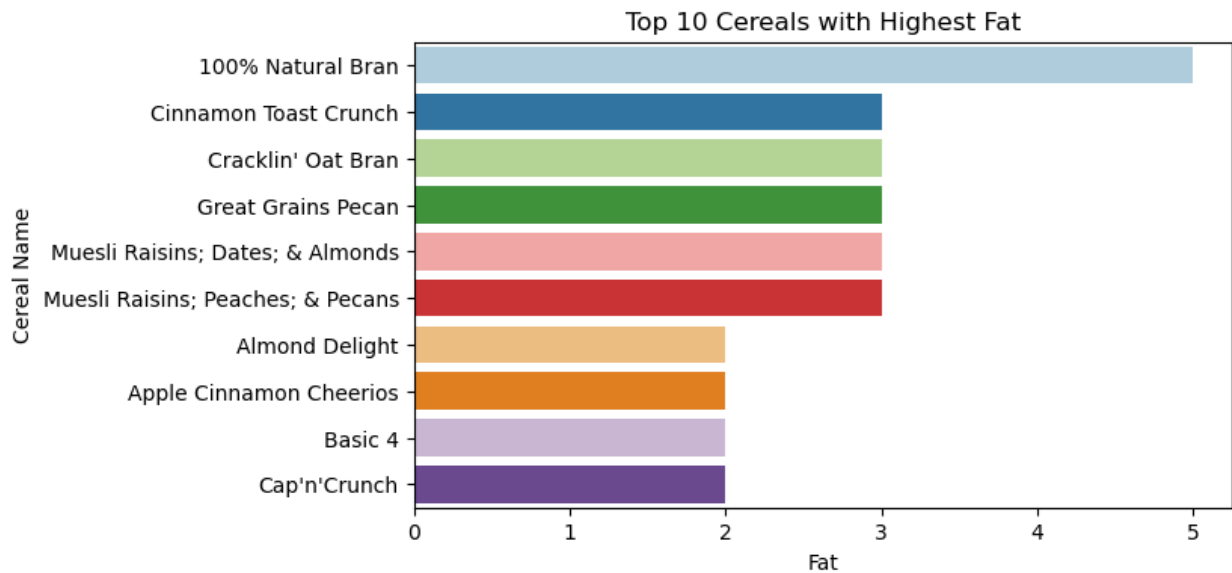
15. Top 10 Cereals with Highest Fat

```
tab = brk_cr.nlargest (10, 'fat')

plt.figure (figsize=(7,4))
a = sns.barplot (
    x = 'fat',
    y = 'name',
    data = tab,
    orientation = 'horizontal',
    palette = 'Paired')

a.set(xlabel = 'Fat' , ylabel = 'Cereal Name', title = 'Top 10 Cereals
with Highest Fat')

a.figure.savefig ('13.png', bbox_inches = 'tight')
```



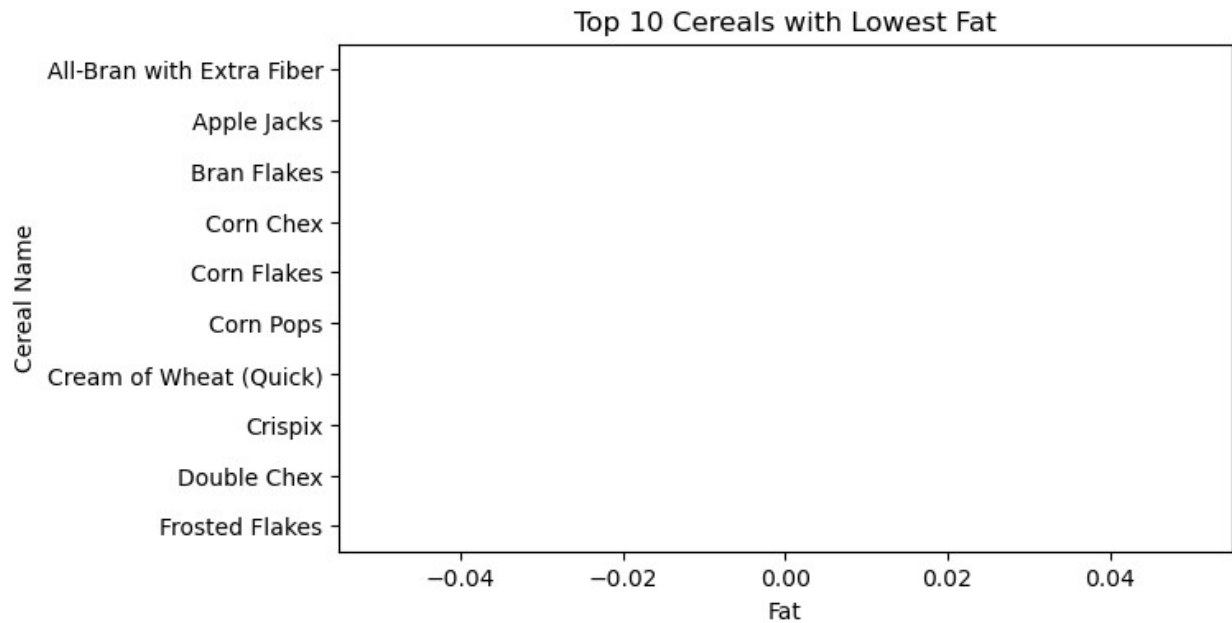
16. Top 10 Cereals with Lowest Fat

```
tab = brk_cr.nsmallest (10, 'fat')

plt.figure (figsize=(7,4))
b = sns.barplot (
    x = 'fat',
    y = 'name',
    data = tab,
    orientation = 'horizontal',
    palette = 'Paired')

b.set(xlabel = 'Fat' , ylabel = 'Cereal Name', title = 'Top 10 Cereals
with Lowest Fat')

b.figure.savefig ('14.png', bbox_inches = 'tight')
```

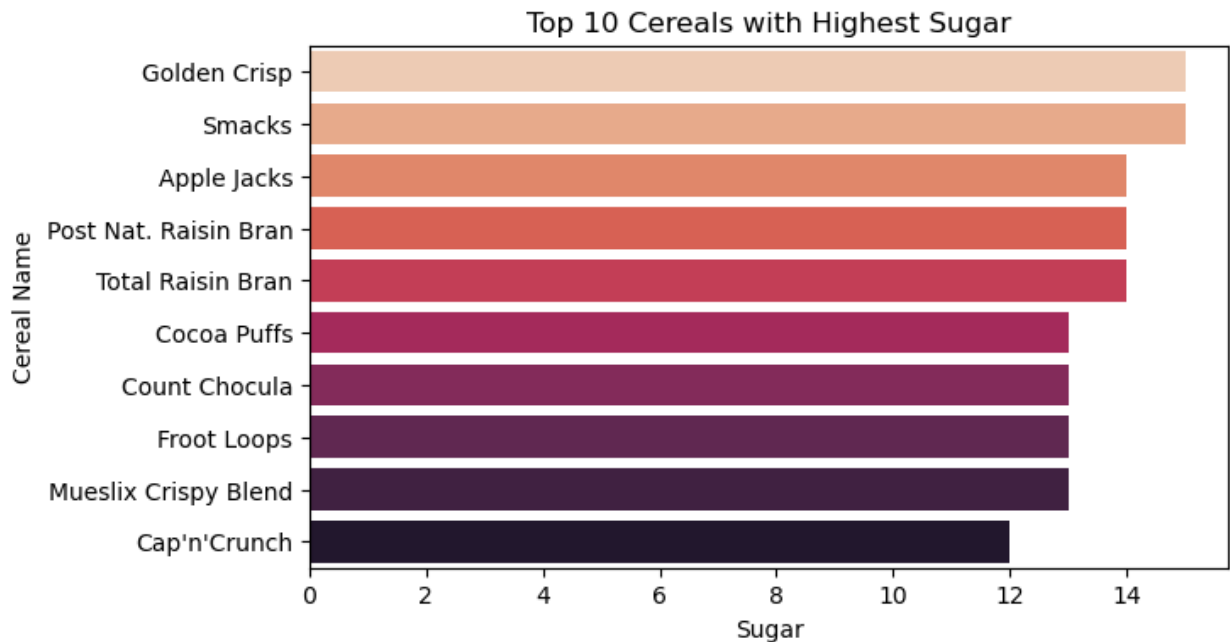
17. Top 10 Cereals with Highest Sugar

```
tab = brk_cr.nlargest (10, 'sugars')

plt.figure (figsize=(7,4))
c = sns.barplot (
    x = 'sugars',
    y = 'name',
    data = tab,
    orientation = 'horizontal',
    palette = 'rocket_r')

c.set(xlabel = 'Sugar' , ylabel = 'Cereal Name', title = 'Top 10
Cereals with Highest Sugar')

c.figure.savefig ('15.png', bbox_inches = 'tight')
```



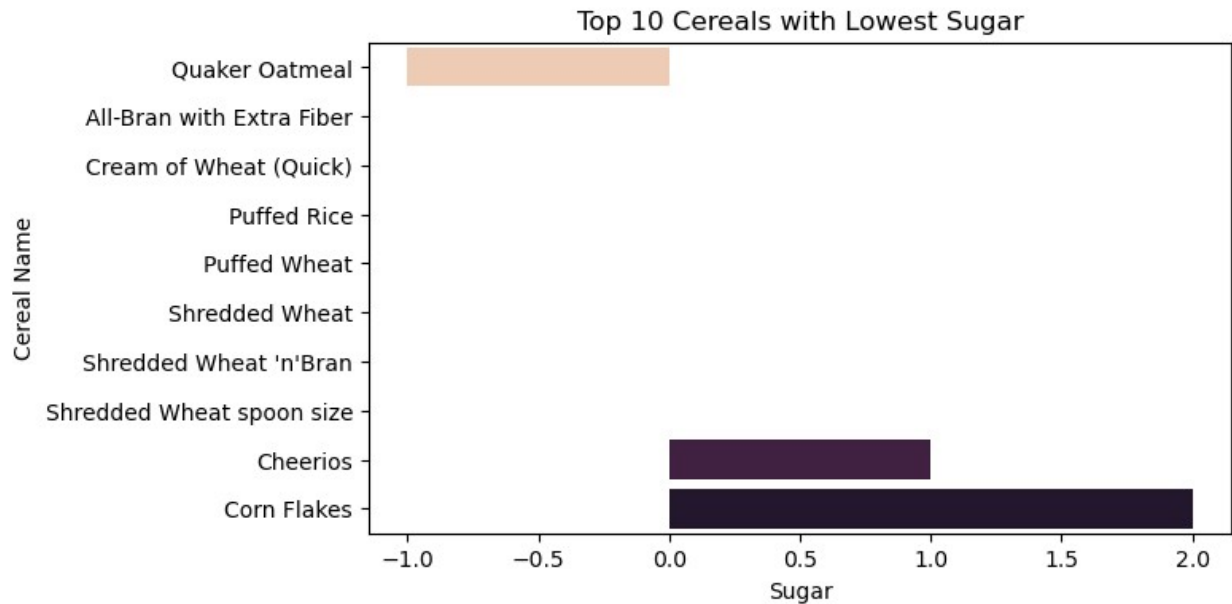
18. Top 10 Cereals with Lowest Sugar

```
tab = brk_cr.nsmallest (10, 'sugars')

plt.figure (figsize=(7,4))
s = sns.barplot (
    x = 'sugars',
    y = 'name',
    data = tab,
    orientation = 'horizontal',
    palette = 'rocket_r')

s.set(xlabel = 'Sugar' , ylabel = 'Cereal Name', title = 'Top 10
Cereals with Lowest Sugar')

s.figure.savefig ('16.png', bbox_inches = 'tight')
```



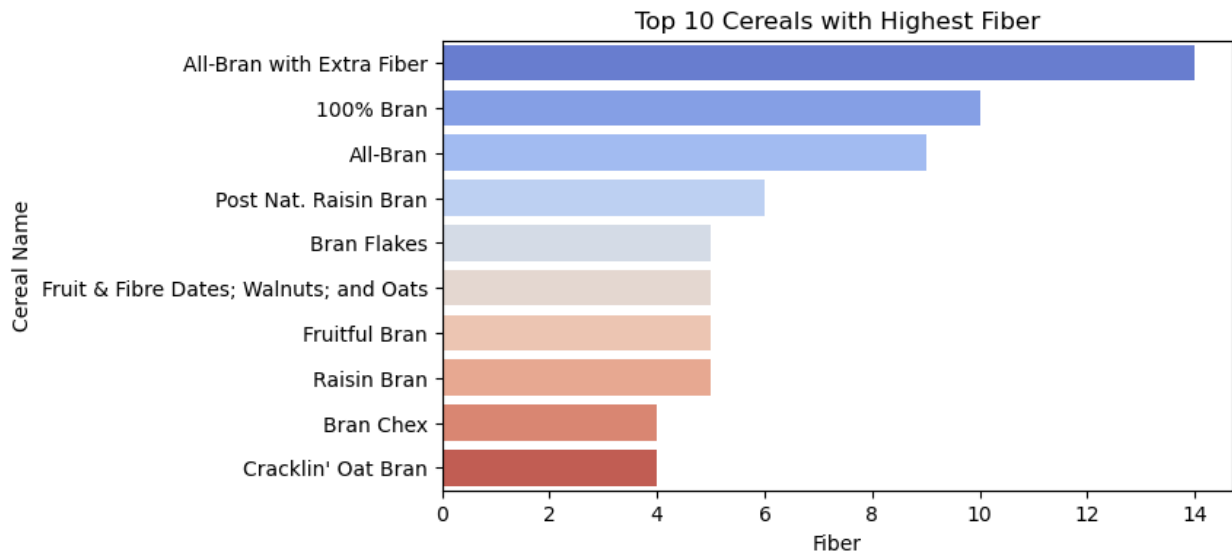
19. Top 10 Cereals with Highest Fiber

```
tab = brk_cr.nlargest (10, 'fiber')

plt.figure (figsize=(7,4))
n = sns.barplot (
    x = 'fiber',
    y = 'name',
    data = tab,
    orientation = 'horizontal',
    palette = 'coolwarm')

n.set(xlabel = 'Fiber' , ylabel = 'Cereal Name', title = 'Top 10
Cereals with Highest Fiber')

n.figure.savefig ('17.png', bbox_inches = 'tight')
```



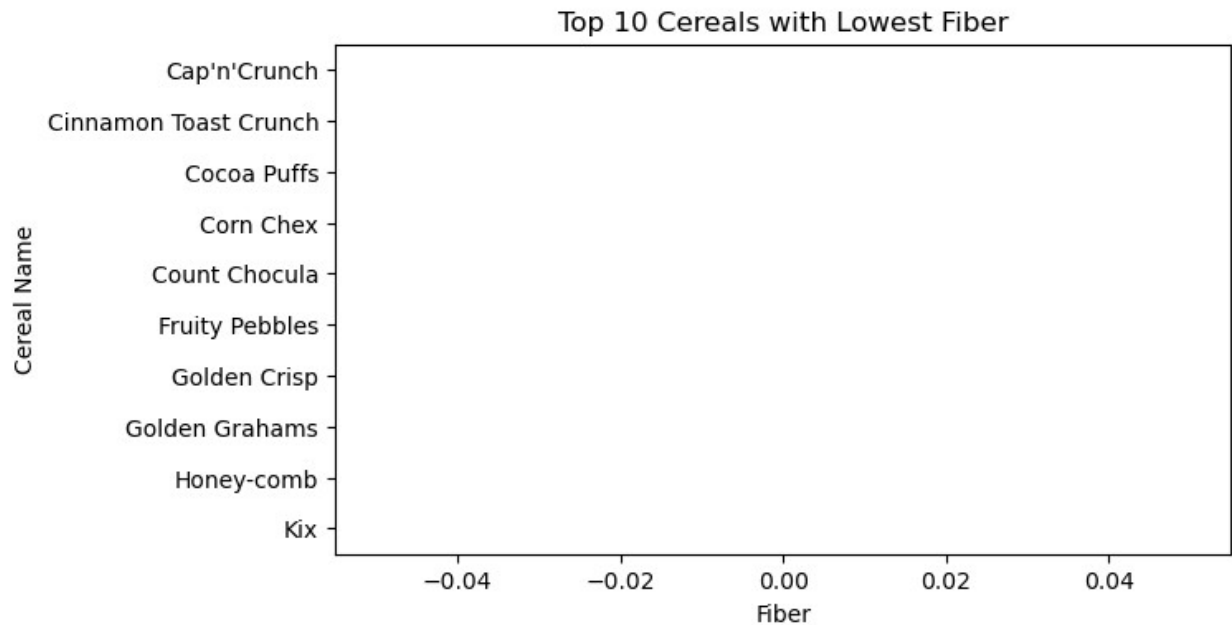
20. Top 10 Cereals with Lowest Rating

```
tab = brk_cr.nsmallest (10, 'fiber')

plt.figure (figsize=(7,4))
m = sns.barplot (
    x = 'fiber',
    y = 'name',
    data = tab,
    orientation = 'horizontal',
    palette = 'coolwarm')

m.set(xlabel = 'Fiber' , ylabel = 'Cereal Name', title = 'Top 10
Cereals with Lowest Fiber')

m.figure.savefig ('18.png', bbox_inches = 'tight')
```



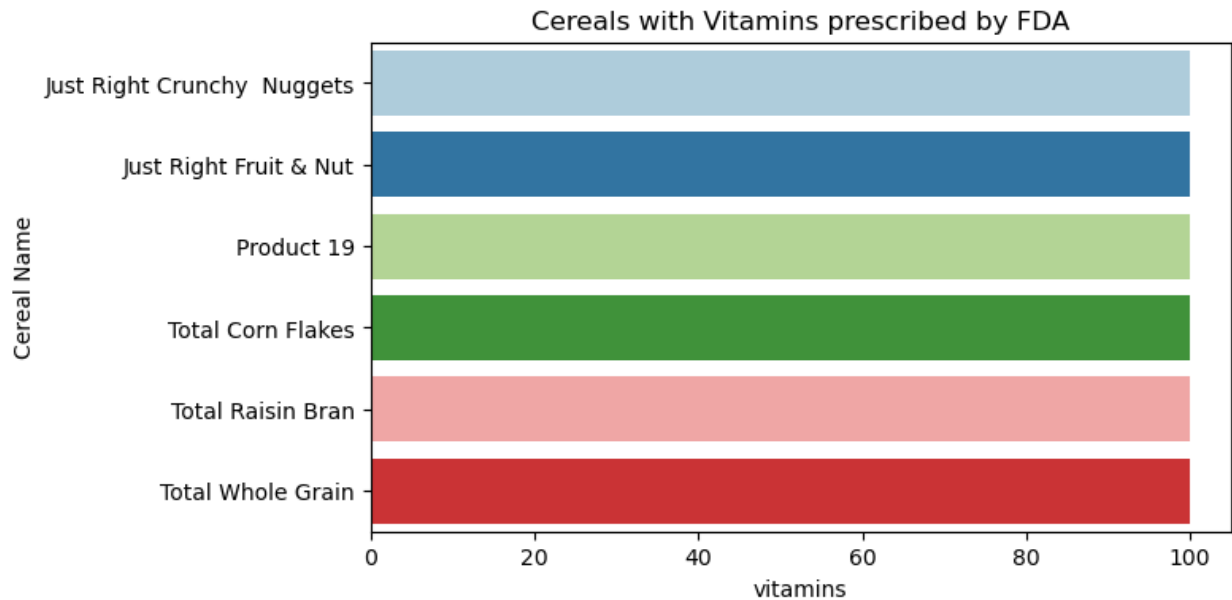
21. Which cereal has the highest Vitamins & Minerals prescribed by FDA

```
tab = brk_cr[brk_cr['vitamins'] == 100]
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(7,4))
m = sns.barplot(
    x = 'vitamins',
    y = 'name',
    data = tab.head(10),
    orientation = 'horizontal',
    palette = 'Paired')

m.set(xlabel = 'vitamins', ylabel = 'Cereal Name', title = 'Cereals
with Vitamins prescribed by FDA')

m.figure.savefig('19.png', bbox_inches = 'tight')
```



22. Number of cereals in each fiber Category

```
b = brk_cr.groupby (by = 'fiber_source')['fiber'].count()
b

fiber_source
Average      21
Excellent     8
Good         48
Name: fiber, dtype: int64

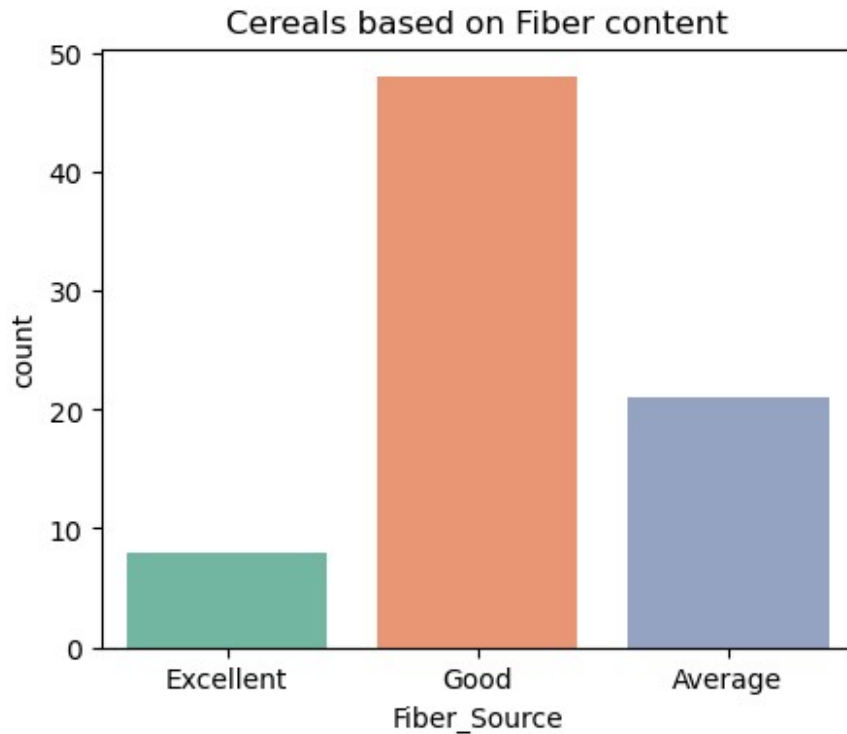
# Countplot representation of fiber content in cereals

plt.figure(figsize=(5,4))

q = sns.countplot (x = 'fiber_source', data = brk_cr, palette =
"Set2")
q.set(xlabel = "Fiber_Source",title = "Cereals based on Fiber
content")

q.figure.savefig("20.png", bbox_inches='tight')

plt.show()
```



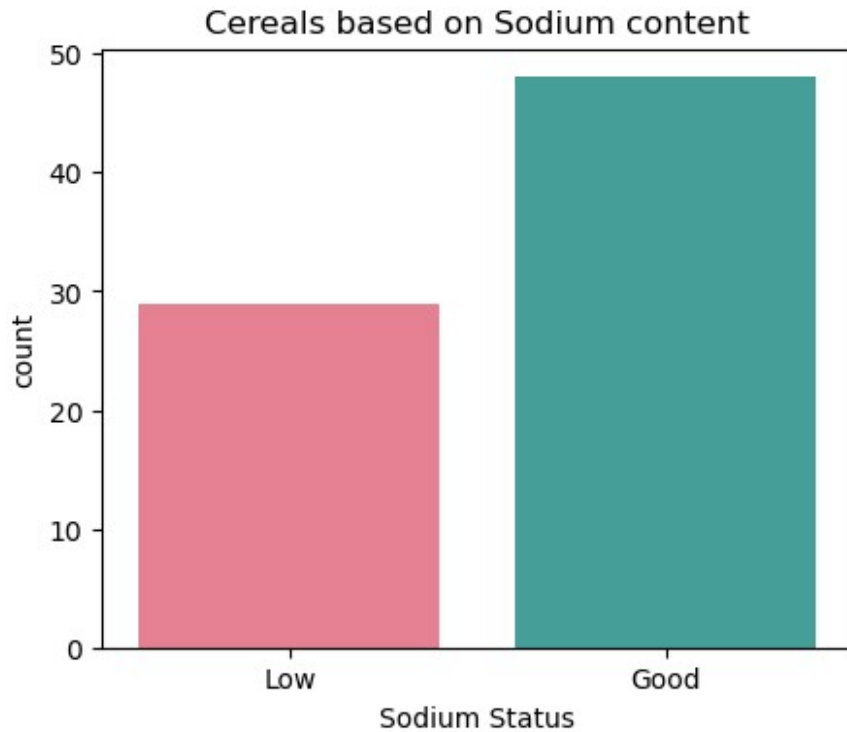
23. Number of cereals falling under different Sodium Category

```
sod = brk_cr['sodium_status'].value_counts()
sod

Good      48
Low       29
Name: sodium_status, dtype: int64

plt.figure(figsize =(5,4))
sns.countplot(brk_cr, x='sodium_status', palette = 'husl')
plt.title ("Cereals based on Sodium content")
plt.xlabel ("Sodium Status")

plt.savefig('21.png', bbox_inches = 'tight')
```



24. How many products have a safe level of Potassium content

```
a = brk_cr['Potass_status'].value_counts()
```

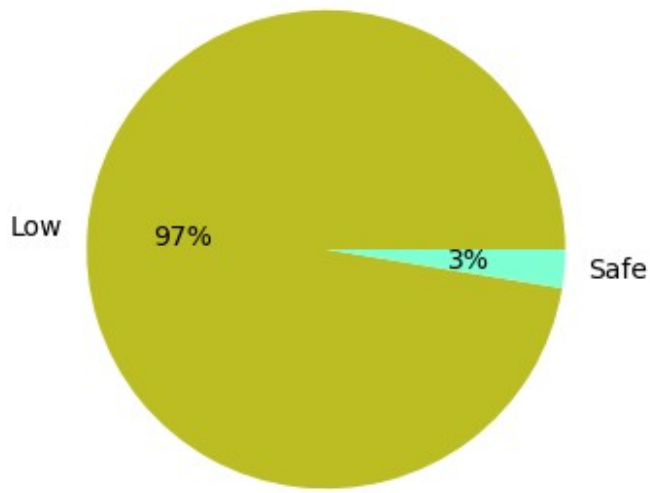
```
plt.figure(figsize=(5,4))
```

```
plt.pie(a, labels=['Low','Safe'], autopct = '%0.0f%%',  
colors=['tab:olive','aquamarine'])
```

```
plt.title ("Potassium Level in Cereals %")
```

```
plt.savefig("22.png", bbox_inches='tight')
```


Potassium Level in Cereals %



#How many products have a safe level of Potassium content

```
print(brk_cr[brk_cr['Potass_status']=='Safe']['name'].count())
```

#What are they?

```
brk_cr[brk_cr['Potass_status']=='Safe']
```

2

	name	mfr	type	calories	protein	fat
sodium \						
2	All-Bran	Kelloggs	Cold	70	4	1
260						
3	All-Bran with Extra Fiber	Kelloggs	Cold	50	4	0
140						

	fiber	carbo	sugars	potass	vitamins	shelf	weight	cups
rating \								
2	9.0	7.0	5	320	25	3	1.0	0.33
59.425505								
3	14.0	8.0	0	330	25	3	1.0	0.50
93.704912								

	perc_fat_in_calorie	sodium_status	fiber_source	Potass_status
2	1.43	Good	Excellent	Safe
3	0.00	Low	Excellent	Safe

25. How many products are following the health guidelines in terms of sodium, potassium and fiber content?

```
brk_cr[(brk_cr['Potass_status'] == 'Safe') & (brk_cr['sodium_status'] == 'Good') & (brk_cr['fiber_source'] == 'Excellent')]
```

	name	mfr	type	calories	protein	fat	sodium	fiber
carbo \								
2	All-Bran	Kelloggs	Cold	70	4	1	260	9.0
7.0								

	sugars	potass	vitamins	shelf	weight	cups	rating
2	5	320	25	3	1.0	0.33	59.425505

	perc_fat_in_calorie	sodium_status	fiber_source	Potass_status
2	1.43	Good	Excellent	Safe

26. How many products are lacking in terms of sodium, potassium and fiber content?

```
count = brk_cr[(brk_cr['Potass_status'] == 'Less') & (brk_cr['sodium_status'] == 'Low') & (brk_cr['fiber_source'] == 'Average')]['name'].count()
```

```
print('A total of', count, "Cereals doesn't meet the standards")
```

```
brk_cr[(brk_cr['Potass_status'] == 'Low') & (brk_cr['sodium_status'] == 'Low') & (brk_cr['fiber_source'] == 'Average')]['name']
```

A total of 0 Cereals doesn't meet the standards

```
19          Cracklin' Oat Bran
26          Frosted Mini-Wheats
32          Grape Nuts Flakes
34          Great Grains Pecan
44  Muesli Raisins; Dates; & Almonds
57          Quaker Oatmeal
59          Raisin Nut Bran
63          Shredded Wheat
64          Shredded Wheat 'n' Bran
65          Shredded Wheat spoon size
68          Strawberry Fruit Wheats
Name: name, dtype: object
```

27. Is there any cereals with no sugar

```
brk_cr[brk_cr['sugars'] <= 0]
```

	name	mfr	type	calories	protein
fat \					
3	All-Bran with Extra Fiber	Kelloggs	Cold	50	4
0					
20	Cream of Wheat (Quick)	Nabisco	Hot	100	3

0								
54		Puffed Rice	Quaker Oats	Cold	50	1		
0								
55		Puffed Wheat	Quaker Oats	Cold	50	2		
0								
57		Quaker Oatmeal	Quaker Oats	Hot	100	5		
2								
63		Shredded Wheat	Nabisco	Cold	80	2		
0								
64		Shredded Wheat 'n'Bran	Nabisco	Cold	90	3		
0								
65		Shredded Wheat spoon size	Nabisco	Cold	90	3		
0								

	sodium	fiber	carbo	sugars	potass	vitamins	shelf	weight
cups \								
3	140	14.0	8.0	0	330	25	3	1.00
0.50								
20	80	1.0	21.0	0	-1	0	2	1.00
1.00								
54	0	0.0	13.0	0	15	0	3	0.50
1.00								
55	0	1.0	10.0	0	50	0	3	0.50
1.00								
57	0	2.7	-1.0	-1	110	0	1	1.00
0.67								
63	0	3.0	16.0	0	95	0	1	0.83
1.00								
64	0	4.0	19.0	0	140	0	1	1.00
0.67								
65	0	3.0	20.0	0	120	0	1	1.00
0.67								

	rating	perc_fat_in_calorie	sodium_status	fiber_source
Potass_status				
3	93.704912	0.0	Low	Excellent
Safe				
20	64.533816	0.0	Low	Good
Low				
54	60.756112	0.0	Low	Good
Low				
55	63.005645	0.0	Low	Good
Low				
57	50.828392	2.0	Low	Average
Low				
63	68.235885	0.0	Low	Average
Low				
64	74.472949	0.0	Low	Average
Low				

65	72.801787	0.0	Low	Average
----	-----------	-----	-----	---------

28. Is there any cereals with no Sodium

```
brk_cr[brk_cr['sodium'] <= 0]
```

	calories	name	mfr	type
26	100	Frosted Mini-Wheats	Kelloggs	Cold
43	100	Maypo	American Home Food Products	Hot
54	50	Puffed Rice	Quaker Oats	Cold
55	50	Puffed Wheat	Quaker Oats	Cold
57	100	Quaker Oatmeal	Quaker Oats	Hot
60	90	Raisin Squares	Kelloggs	Cold
63	80	Shredded Wheat	Nabisco	Cold
64	90	Shredded Wheat 'n'Bran	Nabisco	Cold
65	90	Shredded Wheat spoon size	Nabisco	Cold

	protein	fat	sodium	fiber	carbo	sugars	potass	vitamins
26	3	0	0	3.0	14.0	7	100	25
43	4	1	0	0.0	16.0	3	95	25
54	1	0	0	0.0	13.0	0	15	0
55	2	0	0	1.0	10.0	0	50	0
57	5	2	0	2.7	-1.0	-1	110	0
60	2	0	0	2.0	15.0	6	110	25
63	2	0	0	3.0	16.0	0	95	0
64	3	0	0	4.0	19.0	0	140	0
65	3	0	0	3.0	20.0	0	120	0

weight	cups	rating	perc_fat_in_calorie	sodium_status
--------	------	--------	---------------------	---------------

fiber_source \					
26	1.00	0.80	58.345141	0.0	Low
Average					
43	1.00	1.00	54.850917	1.0	Low
Good					
54	0.50	1.00	60.756112	0.0	Low
Good					
55	0.50	1.00	63.005645	0.0	Low
Good					
57	1.00	0.67	50.828392	2.0	Low
Average					
60	1.00	0.50	55.333142	0.0	Low
Good					
63	0.83	1.00	68.235885	0.0	Low
Average					
64	1.00	0.67	74.472949	0.0	Low
Average					
65	1.00	0.67	72.801787	0.0	Low
Average					

	Potass_status
26	Low
43	Low
54	Low
55	Low
57	Low
60	Low
63	Low
64	Low
65	Low

>Statistical Analysis and Visualisation of Data

29. Average amount of sugar in one serving

```
brk_cr['sugars'].mean()
```

6.922077922077922

30. Average amount of sodium in one serving

```
brk_cr['sodium'].mean()
```

159.67532467532467

31. Average amount of calorie in one serving

```
brk_cr['calories'].mean()
```

106.88311688311688

32. Average amount of fiber in one serving

```
brk_cr['fiber'].mean()
```

2.1519480519480516

33. Average amount of fat in one serving

```
brk_cr['fat'].mean()
```

1.0129870129870129

34. Correlation between Calories and Sugar

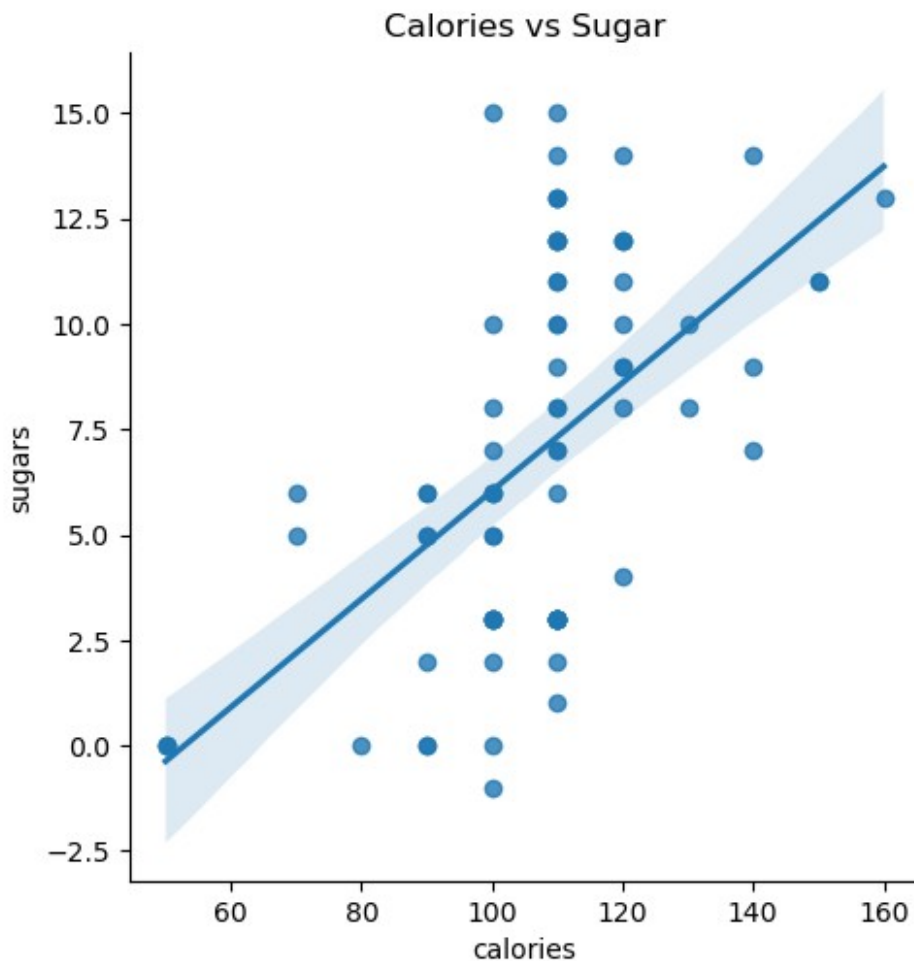
```
print('The corr : ',brk_cr['calories'].corr(brk_cr['sugars']))
```

```
sns.lmplot(x="calories", y="sugars", data=brk_cr)
```

```
plt.title("Calories vs Sugar")
```

```
plt.savefig("23.png", bbox_inches='tight')
```

The corr : 0.5623402898034883



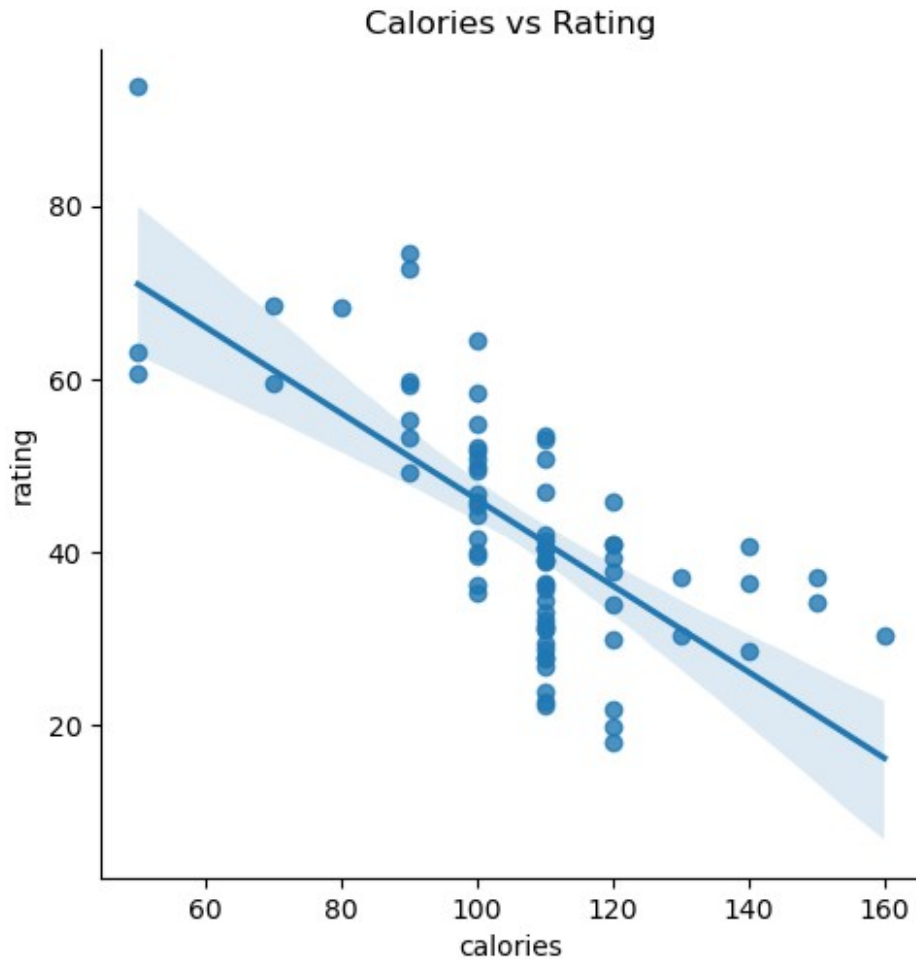
35. Correlation between Calories and Rating

```
print('The corr : ',brk_cr['calories'].corr(brk_cr['rating']))

sns.lmplot(x="calories", y="rating", data=brk_cr)
plt.title("Calories vs Rating")

plt.savefig("24.png", bbox_inches='tight')

The corr : -0.6893760311652586
```



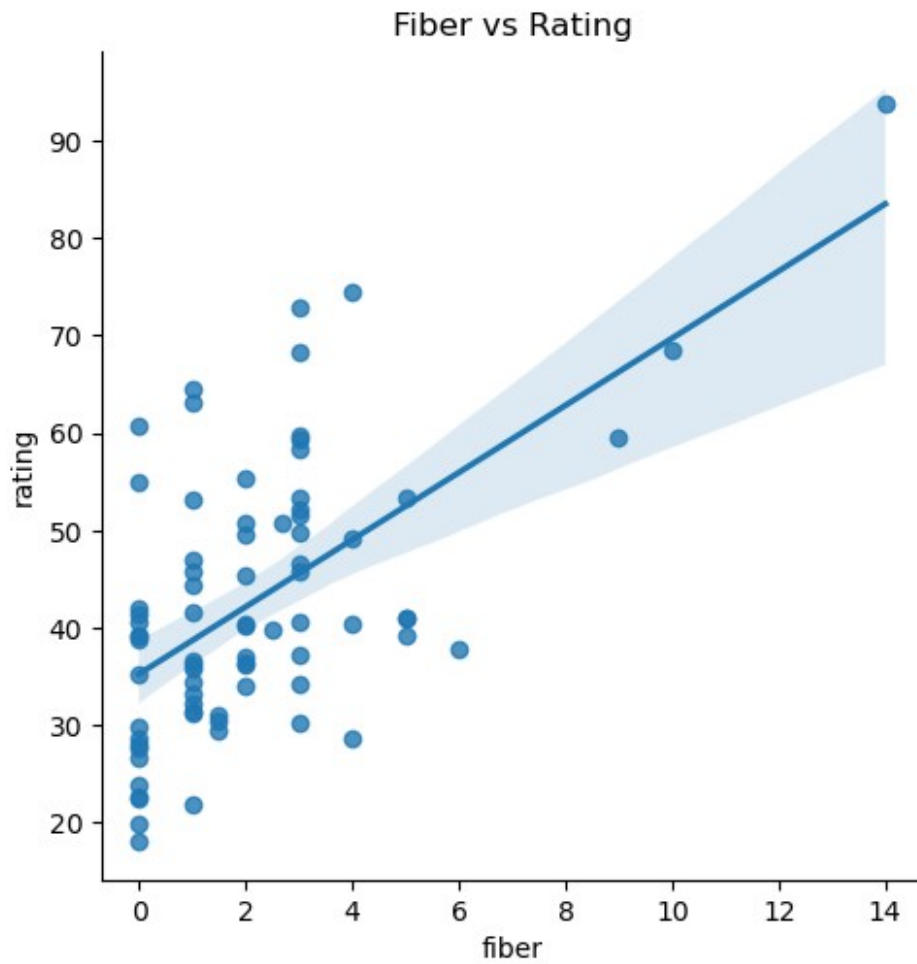
36. Correlation between Brand Fiber and Rating

```
print('The corr : ',brk_cr['fiber'].corr(brk_cr['rating']))

sns.lmplot(x="fiber", y="rating", data=brk_cr)
plt.title("Fiber vs Rating")

plt.savefig("25.png", bbox_inches='tight')

The corr : 0.5841604199515837
```

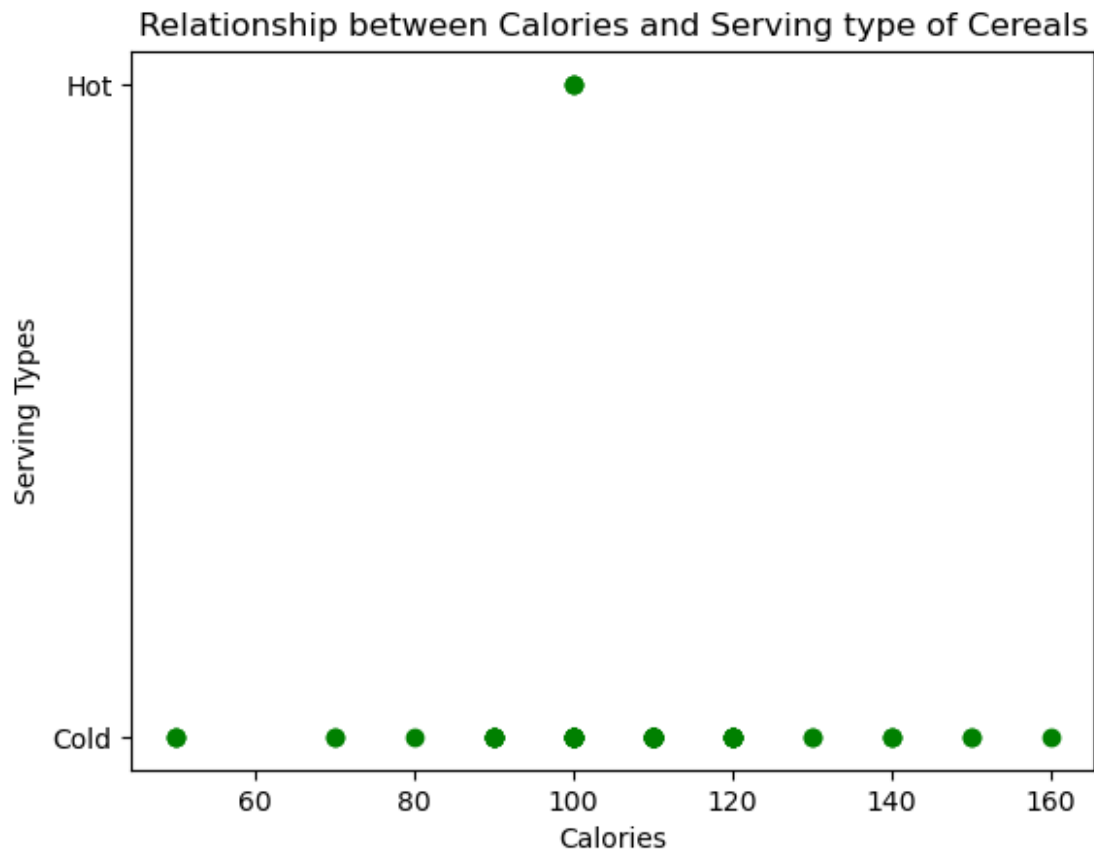


37. Relationship between Calories and Serving type of Cereals

```
plt.scatter(x = 'calories', y = 'type', data = brk_cr, c='green')

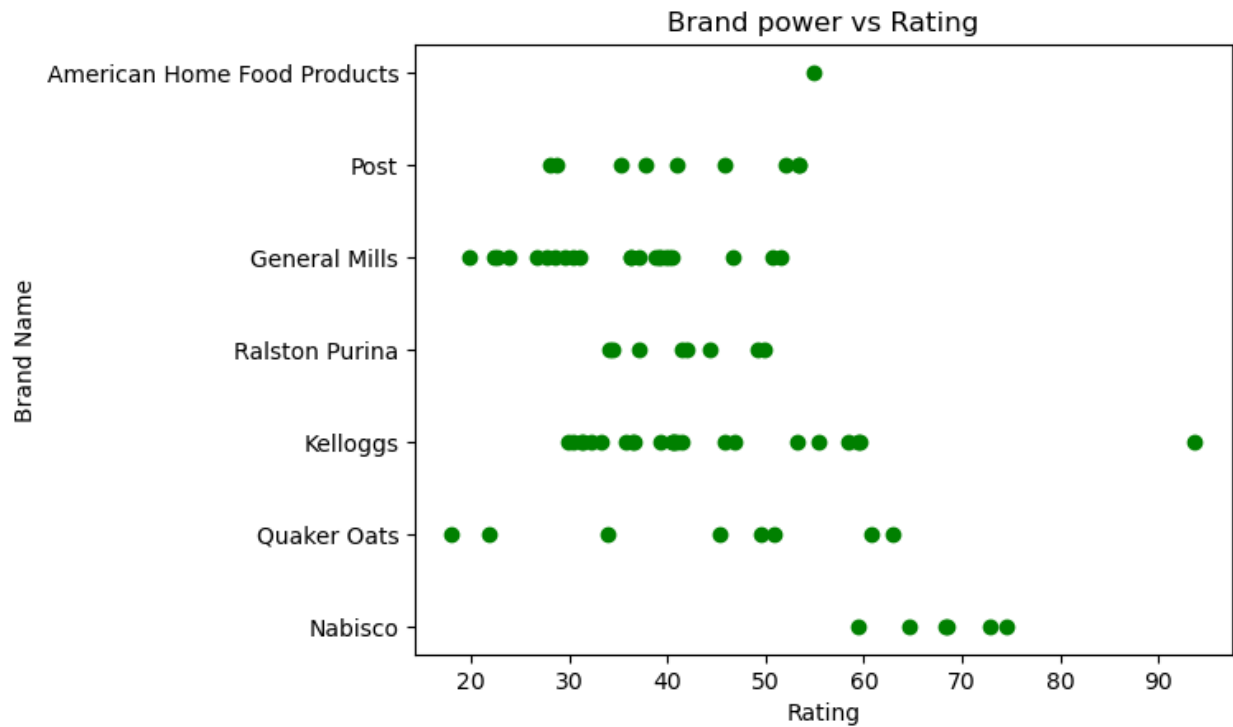
plt.xlabel('Calories')
plt.ylabel('Serving Types')
plt.title('Relationship between Calories and Serving type of Cereals')

plt.savefig("26.png", bbox_inches='tight')
```

38. Correlation between Brand Name and Rating

```
plt.scatter(x = 'rating', y = 'mfr', data = brk_cr, c='green')  
  
plt.xlabel('Rating')  
plt.ylabel('Brand Name')  
plt.title('Brand power vs Rating')  
  
plt.savefig("27.png", bbox_inches='tight')
```

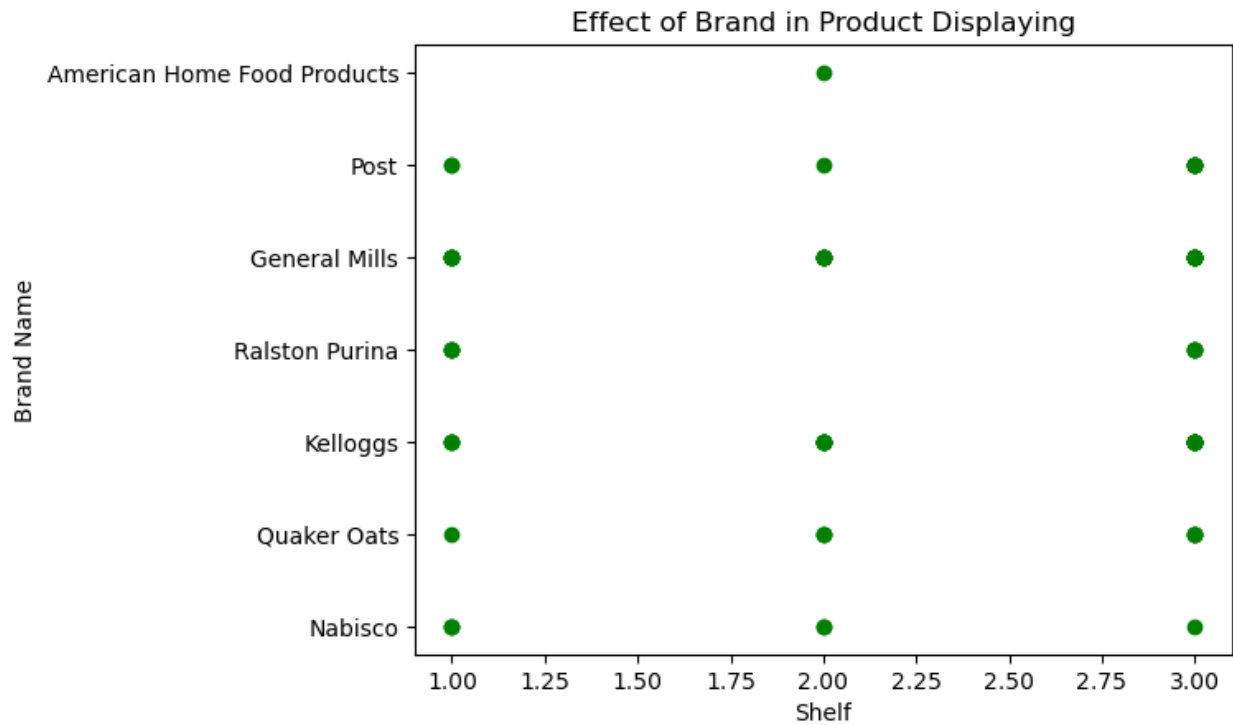


39. Correlation between Brand Name and Display

```
plt.scatter(x = 'shelf', y = 'mfr', data = brk_cr, c='green')

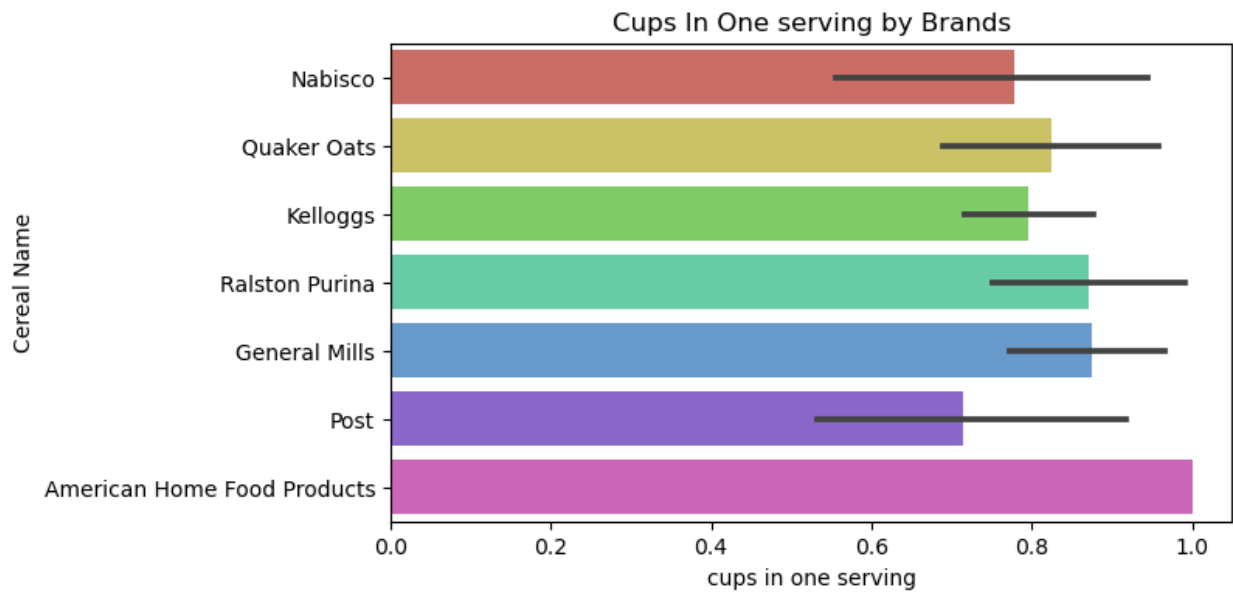
plt.xlabel('Shelf')
plt.ylabel('Brand Name')
plt.title('Effect of Brand in Product Displaying')

plt.savefig("28.png", bbox_inches='tight')
```



40. Cups In One serving by Brands

```
plt.figure(figsize=(7,4))
f = sns.barplot (
    x = 'cups',
    y = 'mfr',
    data = brk_cr,
    palette = 'hls')
f.set(xlabel = 'cups in one serving', ylabel = 'Cereal Name', title =
'Cups In One serving by Brands')
f.figure.savefig('29.png', bbox_inches = 'tight')
```



41. Correlation matrix of Numerical features

subset containing the the numerical columns

```
brk_cr1 = brk_cr.select_dtypes(include = np.number)
```

correlation metrix of Numerical features

```
brk_cr.corr
```

```
<bound method DataFrame.corr of
mfr type calories protein fat \
0          100% Bran      Nabisco  Cold      70      4
1
1          100% Natural Bran  Quaker Oats  Cold     120     3
5
2          All-Bran      Kelloggs  Cold      70      4
1
3  All-Bran with Extra Fiber      Kelloggs  Cold      50      4
0
4          Almond Delight  Ralston Purina  Cold     110     2
2
..          ...          ...          ...          ...
...
72          Triples      General Mills  Cold     110     2
1
73          Trix      General Mills  Cold     110     1
1
74          Wheat Chex  Ralston Purina  Cold     100     3
1
75          Wheaties      General Mills  Cold     100     3
1
```

76	Wheaties	Honey Gold	General Mills	Cold	110	2		
1								
	sodium	fiber	carbo	sugars	potass	vitamins	shelf	weight
cups \								
0	130	10.0	5.0	6	280	25	3	1.0
0.33								
1	15	2.0	8.0	8	135	0	3	1.0
1.00								
2	260	9.0	7.0	5	320	25	3	1.0
0.33								
3	140	14.0	8.0	0	330	25	3	1.0
0.50								
4	200	1.0	14.0	8	-1	25	3	1.0
0.75								
..
.								
72	250	0.0	21.0	3	60	25	3	1.0
0.75								
73	140	0.0	13.0	12	25	25	2	1.0
1.00								
74	230	3.0	17.0	3	115	25	1	1.0
0.67								
75	200	3.0	17.0	3	110	25	1	1.0
1.00								
76	200	1.0	16.0	8	60	25	1	1.0
0.75								
	rating	perc_fat_in_calorie	sodium_status	fiber_source				
Potass_status								
0	68.402973		1.43	Low	Excellent			
Low								
1	33.983679		4.17	Low	Good			
Low								
2	59.425505		1.43	Good	Excellent			
Safe								
3	93.704912		0.00	Low	Excellent			
Safe								
4	34.384843		1.82	Good	Good			
Low								
..			
...								
72	39.106174		0.91	Good	Good			
Low								
73	27.753301		0.91	Low	Good			
Low								
74	49.787445		1.00	Good	Average			
Low								
75	51.592193		1.00	Good	Average			

```
Low
76 36.187559          0.91          Good          Good
Low
```

```
[77 rows x 20 columns]>
```

```
# Visualisation of correlation matrix using Heatmap
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
a= sns.heatmap(brk_crl.corr(), annot = True, fmt = '.1f', linewidth =
1).set_title("Correlation Matrix")
```

```
a.figure.savefig ("30.png", bbox_inches = "tight")
```

