INDICATORS

* AIDS Spending, by financing source;
* National Composite Policy Index;
* Percentage of donated blood units screened for HIV in a quality-assured manner;
* Percentage of adults and children with advanced HIV infection receiving antiretroviral or combination therapy;
* Percentage of HIV-positive pregnant women who received antiretrovirals to reduce the risk of mother-to-child transmission;
* Percentage of estimated HIV-positive incident Tuberculosis cases that received treatment for Tuberculosis and HIV;
* Percentage of women and men aged 15–49 who received an HIV test in the last 12 months and who know their results;
* Percentage of most-at-risk populations who received an HIV test in the last 12 months and who know their results;
* Percentage of most-at-risk populations reached with HIV prevention programmes;
* Percentage of orphaned and vulnerable children whose households received free basic external support in caring for the child;
* Percentage of schools that provided life skills-based HIV education within the last academic year;
* Current school attendance among orphans and non-orphans aged 10–14;
* Percentage of young people aged 15–24 who both correctly identify ways of preventing the sexual transmission of HIV and who reject major misconceptions about HIV transmission;
* Percentage of most-at-risk populations who both correctly identify ways of preventing the sexual transmission of HIV and who reject major misconceptions about HIV transmission;
* Percentage of young women and men aged 15–24 who have had sex before the age of 15;
* Percentage of women and men aged 15–49 who have had more than one sexual partner in the past 12 months who report;
* Use of a condom during their last sexual intercourse;
* Percentage of female and male sex workers reporting the use of a condom with their most recent client;
* Percentage of men reporting the use of a condom the last time they had anal sex with a male partner;
* Percentage of injecting drug users who report using a condom the last time they had sex;
* Percentage of injecting drug users who report using sterile injecting equipment the last time they injected;
* Percentage of young women and men aged 15–24 who are HIV infected;
* Percentage of most-at-risk populations who are HIV infected;
* Percentage of adults and children with HIV known to be on treatment 12 months after initiation of ARV;
* Percentage of infants born to HIV-infected mothers.
* Also try to obtain epidemiological data on the status of other STIs in the country.

The UNFPA Rapid Needs Assessment Tool for Condom Programming was developed in collaboration with the Population Council to design and test a rapid needs assessment and data-gathering tool to improve country level condom programming for HIV prevention of which condom distribution, promotion and use are important elements