

Data Science Project

Healthcare – Persistency of a Drug

Week 9 works

Team member's details:

| | |
|------------------|--|
| Group Name: | DS_SS |
| Name: | SONIYA SUNNY |
| Email: | soniyasunny1210@gmail.com |
| Country: | Canada |
| College/Company: | Data Glacier |
| Specialization: | Data Science |

Problem Description

To identify the persistency of a drug, a pharmaceutical company approached to develop a model based on data analysis. Factors that affect the persistence of drugs should be identified, along with data insights with predictive analytics, to help the company for their smooth and efficient functioning, with the help of dataset provided by the company.

Github Repo Link

[Final Project DS SS/week 9 at master · Soniyasunny1/Final Project DS SS \(github.com\)](https://github.com/Soniyasunny1/Final_Project_DS_SS)

Data Cleaning

- There are no null or nan values in the dataset. But there are some values like 'Unknown' or 'Others', which should be considered for transformation.
- In the 'Ntm_Speciality' column, the values 'OBSTETRICS & OBSTETRICS & GYNECOLOGY & OBSTETRICS & GYNECOLOGY' and 'OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY' are changed to 'OBSTETRICS & GYNECOLOGY'. This helps to reduce the duplicates and to display charts properly when plotting count plot.
- Low frequency values were replaced with 'Other'. In 'Ntm_Speciality' column, all values with value counts one or two were replaced with 'Other', to reduce the unique values in that column.

```
# Replace the values with only one or two counts with the value 'Other'
df["Ntm_Speciality"] = replace_low_freq(df, "Ntm_Speciality", 2, "Other")
df["Ntm_Speciality"].value_counts()
```

[329] ✓ 0.6s

| | | |
|-----|------------------------------------|------|
| ... | GENERAL PRACTITIONER | 1535 |
| | RHEUMATOLOGY | 604 |
| | ENDOCRINOLOGY | 458 |
| | Unknown | 310 |
| | ONCOLOGY | 225 |
| | OBSTETRICS & GYNECOLOGY | 91 |
| | UROLOGY | 33 |
| | ORTHOPEDIC SURGERY | 30 |
| | CARDIOLOGY | 22 |
| | Other | 22 |
| | PATHOLOGY | 16 |
| | HEMATOLOGY & ONCOLOGY | 14 |
| | OTOLARYNGOLOGY | 14 |
| | PEDIATRICS | 13 |
| | PHYSICAL MEDICINE & REHABILITATION | 11 |
| | SURGERY AND SURGICAL SPECIALTIES | 8 |
| | PULMONARY MEDICINE | 8 |
| | PSYCHIATRY AND NEUROLOGY | 4 |
| | NEPHROLOGY | 3 |
| | ORTHOPEDICS | 3 |

Name: Ntm_Speciality, dtype: int64

- The column 'PtId' is dropped, as it is not useful for our analysis.
- Columns were classified into numerical and categorical based on dtypes.

```
categorical = [col for col in df.columns if df[col].dtypes=='O']
numerical = [col for col in df.columns if df[col].dtypes!='O']
```

[352] ✓ 0.3s

- Histogram distribution of numerical variables were plotted.

```
# Histogram distribution of numerical variables
```

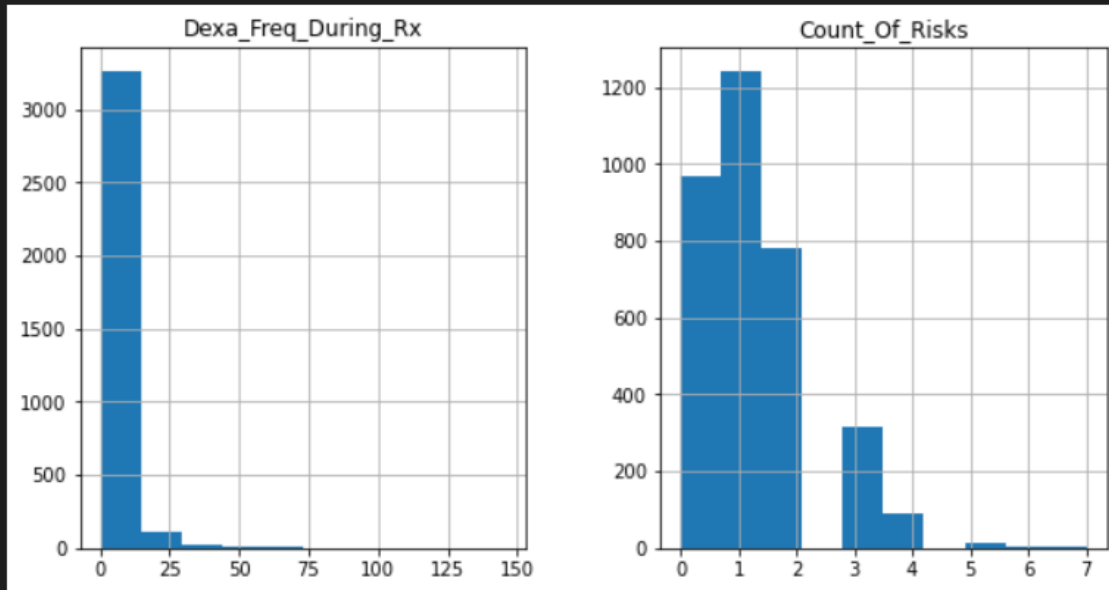
```
df.hist(figsize=(10,5))
```

```
plt.show()
```

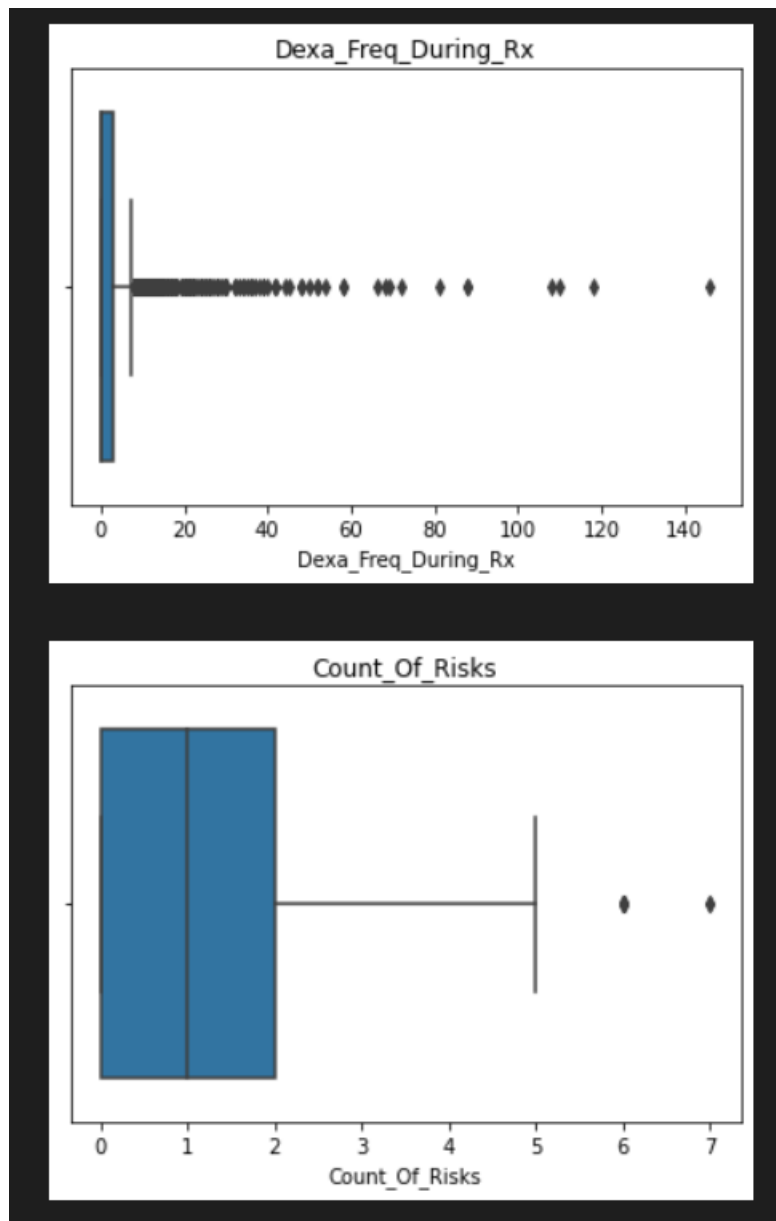
[335]

✓ 0.3s

...



- Box plot of numerical variables



- Skew and kurtosis were calculated

```

Dexa_Freq_During_Rx
                skew    kurtosis
Dexa_Freq_During_Rx  6.80873  74.758378
Count_Of_Risks
                skew    kurtosis
Count_Of_Risks    0.879791  0.900486

```

Outlier Removal

- Outliers were dropped based on inter-quartile range

```
Dexa_Freq_During_Rx
0.0
3.0
3.0
-4.5 7.5
Count_Of_Risks
0.0
2.0
2.0
-3.0 5.0
```

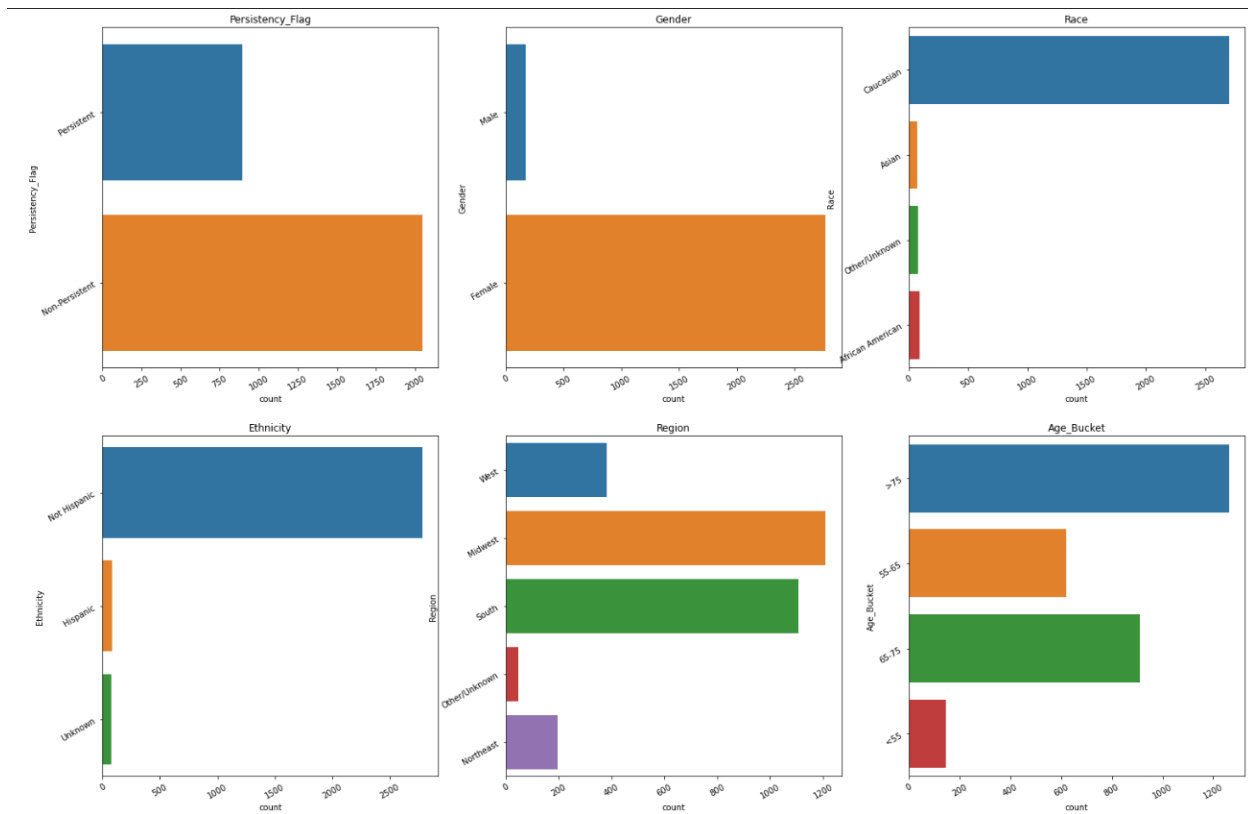
- After outlier removal, there is difference in skew and kurtosis.

```
Dexa_Freq_During_Rx
                                skew  kurtosis
Dexa_Freq_During_Rx  2.249892  3.486526
Count_Of_Risks
                                skew  kurtosis
Count_Of_Risks  0.651706 -0.194379
```

- Minimum maximum normalization is also tried.

```
min_max_Dexa_Freq_During_Rx
                                skew  kurtosis
min_max_Dexa_Freq_During_Rx  2.249892  3.486526
```

- Count plots of categorical features were also plotted in subplots.



Mode based approach

- Replace 'Unknown' values with mode.

```

templist=[]
# Replace unknown values with mode if it is less than 40% of total values
# Drop if it is greater than 40%
for l in unknown:
    val = tempdf[l].value_counts().Unknown
    if val>len(tempdf)*0.4:
        tempdf.drop(l , axis=1 , inplace=True)
        templist.append(l)
    else:
        tempdf[l].replace(to_replace='Unknown', value=tempdf[l].mode()[0], inplace=True)
tempdf['Race'].replace(to_replace='Other/Unknown', value=tempdf['Race'].mode()[0], inplace=True)
357] ✓ 0.1s

```

Data Intake Report

Name: Data Science Final Project – ‘Healthcare – Persistency of a Drug’

Report date: July 30, 2022

Internship Batch: LISUM10: 30

Version:<1.0>

Data intake by: Soniya Sunny

Data intake reviewer:<intern who reviewed the report>

Data storage location: [Healthcare dataset.xlsx - Google Drive](#)

Tabular data details:

| | |
|------------------------------|--------|
| Total number of observations | 3425 |
| Total number of files | 1 |
| Total number of features | 69 |
| Base format of the file | .xlsx |
| Size of the data | 899 KB |