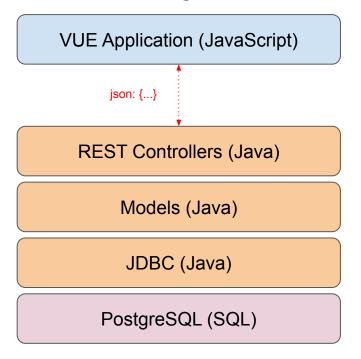
Consuming API's in VUE

Module 3 vs Module 4 (Comparing Stacks)

Views (JSP) Controllers (Java) Models (Java) JDBC (Java) PostgreSQL (SQL) VUE Application (JavaScript) json: {...} REST Controllers (Java) Models (Java) JDBC (Java) PostgreSQL (SQL)

Module 3 Module 4

Consuming API's with VUE



We will use all the techniques we've learned so far in VUE to construct an application capable of consuming a REST API.

The key technique from vanilla JS we will use is fetch.

Module 4

Requests to a REST Endpoint

Recall that a REST controller can be configured to handle various types of requests. Let's review them:

- GET: Ideally suited to retrieve all the records from a REST endpoint.
- GET (with path variable): We can configure path variables (i.e. puppy/1) to retrieve a single record of data.
- POST: Ideally suited for inserting new data into the data source.
- PUT: Ideally suited for updating an existing record within a data source.
- **DELETE**: Ideally suited for removing an existing record from the data source.

Response Status Codes from a REST Endpoint

Once a request is made, the REST server can respond with specific status codes:

- 200: All's well, the request was successful.
- 4XX: The client (you or your application) has not structured the request correctly.
 Common examples of these are 400 Bad Request and 401 Unauthorized Request.
- 5XX: The server has encountered some kind of error. The most common of these is the 500 Internal Server Error message.

Calling fetch within a VUE application

```
createReview() {
  fetch(this.apiURL,{
    method: 'POST',
    headers: {
      "Content-Type": "application/json"
    },
    body: JSON.stringify(this.review)
  })
  .then((response) => {
    if(response.ok) {
      // do something if no errors
  })
  .catch((err) => console.error(err));
},
```

- The fetch should be invoked within a VUE method.
- In addition to the url, we might need to provide header or body data.
- In this particular example, everything is wrapped inside a VUE method called createReview()

Let's consume a REST endpoint

In this example, we will use MockAPI.