Minor project (Single cutting Tool model)

The shape and angle of tool face & cutting edge is known as Tool geometry.

Tool Geometry of single point cutting tool:
The rement which define the shape of a

single point cutting tool are as follows:
The shape of a

(i) Flank
(ii) Heel 4th sem Mechanical Engineering

W Nose

will side & Back sake angle

(ix) side & end cutting edge angle.

(xi) Lip ox cutting angle

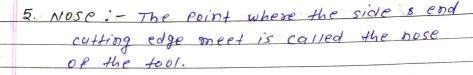
1. shank: - shank is that postion of the tool bit which is not grind to form any cutting odge & is rectangular in cross-section.

2. Face: - Face of the cutting tool is that syrface against which the chip slides upward.

3. Flank: - Flank of a cytting tool is that systace which face the work piece.

4. Heel: It is the lowest postion of the bottom

of the tool where the base & flank meet.

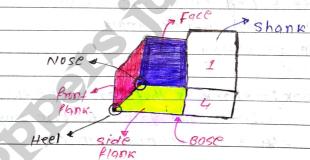


6. Base: - The Base of the fool is the under side of the shank.

0% The under side syrface of the fool is Known as base.

7. Roke: - It is the slope of the top towards
the shapk.

8. Rake angle: - It is the angle formed between
the face of the tool & a plane parallel
to the its base.



then it is known as back or top rake angle.

If its inclination is towards the side of the tool is measured then it is called side take gare gagle.



BOCK/TOP TOKE angle.



side rake angle



Roke angle guide the chip away from the cutting edge & reduce this pressure on the face of the tool & increase the sharpness of tool so that less power is required for cutting.

- Increase in the side rake gogle reduces the chip thickness in turning.

Types of rake.

positive (+ve) rake

negative (-ve) rake (ii) ZERO ROKE THE ST. TO MENTER STATE

m

1) positive rake: - It inverse tool sharpness. e) It make tool weak.

-) It is suitable for puctile material.

Note: - Positive rake angle surface & stril 12 8 3नीर बनीशा/

1) Negative sake: - .) It make tool stronger.

- ·) It direct the chip towards the workpiece.
 - of 74 is suitable for Brittle material (C. I) show

Note: - Negative rake angle surface of EDETT 342 की अगेर वनेगा।

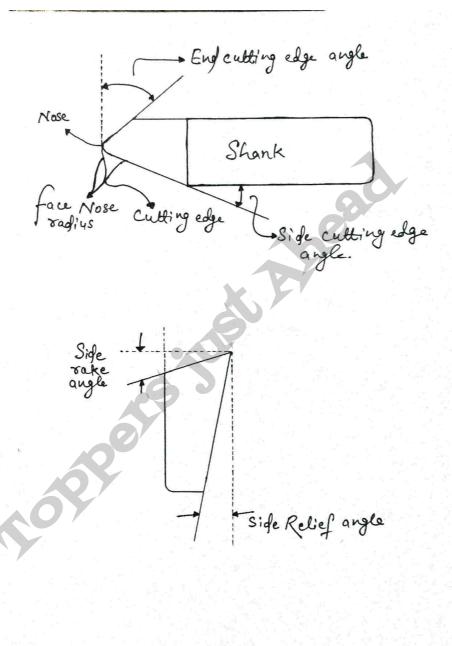
---- s-ve

cutting egge Base nojor cutting edge Back Rake angle Jig: fig. showing angle of 9 cutting tool. Base End Relief clarance

Side and End pelief langle :- side relief angle is the angle between the postion of the side flank Just Just below the side cutting edge 8 a line drawn through this cutting edge perpendicular to the base . It is measure in Plane Perpendicular to side flank. End relief gnale: - End relief angle is the angle between the postion of the end flank immediately below the end cutting edge & 9 line drawn through this cutting edge perpendicular to the base. It is measured in a plane perpendicular to the end flank. side relief I End relief dougle side & and cutting edge angle: - side cutting edge angle is the angle between the cutting edge & the line extending the shank. It is measured in a pigne parquel to base. It prevent interferonce

Manish Kumar

as the fool enters into the work material



TOPPERS JUST AHEAD

* End cutting edge angle: - End cutting edge angle is the angle between the end cutting edge & the line passing through the chip perpendicular to the fool 9xis. It is measured in 9 Plane parallel to base A recensor Tool pesignation (ANSI by ASA) of single point cutting tool :-Back pake side rake Embrelief side relief end cotting side cutting Nose
angle angle angle angle edge angle edge angle edge angle. Radius. Ex = 10 - 7 - 8 - 9 - 14° - 15 - 6 Here in = end cutting edge gorste 6 => Nose Radius. 9° + side relief angle. rememen Trick -) Rake - Relief - cutting. Rake Rake Relief Relief cutting catting. BOCK side end side end side.

