A

Project Report

On

DESKTOP AI

Submitted in the partial fulfilment of the requirement for the degree of

BACHELOR OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

(Session: 2024-2025)



GOVERNMENT COLLEGE HANSI

Under the Supervision of:

Mr.Anil Kumar

(Assistant Professor of Computer Science)

Submitted by:

Name: Sonu

Roll No:223122220010

Class: B.C.A.(6thsem)

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE GOVERNMENT COLLEGE, HANSI

Affiliated to

GURU JAMBHESHWAR UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY, HISAR

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GOVERNMENT COLLEGE, HANSI

CERTIFICATE

This is to certified that Miss Sonu,Roll Number: 223122220010 a bonafide student of Bachelor of Computer Applications program being run by GOVERNMENT COLLEGE, HANSI of batch 2022-2025 has complete the project entitled "DESKTOP AI" under my supervision and my guidance. It is further certified that the work done in this project is a result of candidate's own efforts. I wish her all success in her life.

Dr. Banta Singh Jangra

Supervisor:

(Head of department computer science)

Mr.Anil Kumar

Assistant Professor Govt. college ,Hansi **DECLARATIONS**

I hereby certify that the work which is being presented in the Project Report entitled "DESKTOP

AI" by "Sonu" in partial fulfillment of requirement for the award of degree of BCA submitted in

the department of computer science and applications, GOVERNMENT COLLEGE, HANSI

under "GURU JAMBHESHWAR UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY, Hisar"

is an authentic record of my own work carried out during a period of 2022-2025 under the

supervision of Mr. Anil Kumar the matter presented in this project has not been submitted in any

other university/institute for the award of BCA degree.

Sonu

This is to certified that the above statement made by the candidate is correct to best of our

knowledge.

Under Supervision of:

Mr. Anil Kumar

Assistant Professor

Govt. College ,Hansi

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The satisfaction that accompanies that the successful completion of any task would be incomplete without the mention of people whose corporation made it possible, whose constant guidance and encouragement crown all efforts with success. Every possible effort is dedicated to **Dr. Banta Singh Jangra** and my internal supervisor **Mr. Anil Kumar(Assistant Professor of Computer Science)**, for giving significance to our endowment regarding this project. I am highly indebted for the gesture, invaluable suggestion and boosting confidence to make this successful.

I am thankful to my entire respected faculty members who were a great source of information and knowledge for me. For the guidance, inspiration and constructive suggestion that helped me in the preparation of this project.

I dedicated my whole effort in this project to my parents and friends, who assisted me with all kind of moral as well as monetary support throughout my project work. I also extend my apologies for all errors or omissions. Which is solely my responsibility.

Sonu

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1. ABSTRACT

"DESKTOP AI" is an advanced, AI-powered project designed to assist users with a wide range of tasks through natural language processing. This versatile system integrates various Python libraries to deliver functionalities such as voice recognition, text-to-speech synthesis, web browsing, and task management. By incorporating technologies like speech recognition, web scraping, multimedia handling, and real-time internet speed testing, DESKTOP AI aims to streamline productivity and provide users with a seamless, interactive experience. With its intuitive interface and multi-functional capabilities, it offers an efficient, hands-free solution for both personal and professional use.

2. INTRODUCTION

The Kanha Virtual Assistant is designed to facilitate everyday tasks through voice commands, aiming to streamline user interactions with their computing environment. It is built using Python, with integration of multiple libraries and technologies to ensure robust performance. The assistant can recognize user commands, process them, and provide relevant responses or perform actions accordingly.

Features of the project

- 1. <u>Voice Recognition & Response</u>: Utilizes speech recognition to convert speech to text. Uses pyttsx3 for text-to-speech conversion to provide vocal responses.
- 2. <u>Task Management:</u> Can schedule and show daily tasks. Capable of clearing old tasks and adding new ones to a text file.
- 3. <u>Multimedia Control</u>: Plays music from a specified directory. Controls system volume through keyboard automation. Plays videos and controls playback (pause, play, mute).
- 4. <u>Web Interaction</u>: Searches for information on Google and Wikipedia. Searches for videos on YouTube and opens specific URLs. Generates and saves QR codes.
- 5. <u>System and Network Utilities:</u> Checks and reports internet speed. Displays the current location based on IP address and shut down the system upon command.
- 6. Entertainment: Plays a game of Rock-Paper-Scissors. Sends a pre-defined WhatsApp message.
- 7. <u>Text Translation:</u> Translates input text to Hindi using googletrans and gtts for voice playback.
- 8. Notifications: Sends desktop notifications for schedule reminders and other updates

3. Technical Implementation

Libraries and Modules:

speech recognition: For recognizing user speech.

pywhatkit: For searching on YouTube and WhatsApp messages.

googletrans: For translating text.

requests and BeautifulSoup: For web and fetching news.

qrcode: For generating QR codes.

plyer: For desktop notifications.pygame: For playing sound files.

pyautogui: For automating GUI interactions.

pyttsx3: For converting text to speech.

System Architecture:

<u>Voice Command Processing:</u> Receives and interprets user commands through microphone input.

<u>Action Execution</u>: Executes commands based on predefined functions such as playing music, opening applications, or fetching data from the web.

<u>Feedback & Notifications</u>: After executing the action, the assistant provides real-time feedback through vocal responses using text-to-speech synthesis, on-screen notifications, and terminal output for status updates.

Error Handling & Recovery: The assistant includes robust error-handling mechanisms, detecting invalid commands, managing system errors gracefully, and offering retry options or alternative suggestions.

<u>Command Classification & Routing:</u> Once processed, the commands are categorized into specific action types such as media control, information retrieval, system operations, or task management, and then routed to the corresponding function module.

<u>Action Execution Layer:</u> The assistant maps the interpreted commands to predefined functions, executing actions such as media playback, web interaction, system control, and real-time information retrieval.

4. <u>User Interaction Flow</u>

Initialization:

The user must enter a password and say a specific phrase to activate the assistant.

Voice Commands:

The assistant listens for commands and processes them using speech recognition. Commands are categorized and directed to the appropriate function (e.g., "play music", "search YouTube", "check internet speed").

Response and Actions:

Based on the command, the assistant provides vocal responses or performs actions (e.g., playing a song, generating a QR code). Feedback is given through speech and notifications as needed.

Error Handling:

The assistant includes error handling for invalid commands or failed operations, ensuring a smooth user experience.

Graceful Exit:

The assistant offers a **smooth shutdown** process when the user says commands like "go to sleep" or "finally sleep", ensuring all processes terminate properly.

Multi-tasking Capabilities:

The assistant can handle multiple operations in succession, allowing users to give continuous commands without needing to re-activate it.

Visual Feedback:

The assistant displays relevant information in the terminal or opens web pages when requested (e.g., YouTube search results or a news website).

5.REQUIREMENT SPECIFICATION

INTRODUCTION:

To be used efficiently, all computer software needs certain hardware components or the other software resources to be present on a computer. These prerequisites are known as(computer) system requirements and are often used as a guideline as opposed to an absolute rule. Most software defines two sets of system requirements: minimum and recommended. With increasing demand for higher processing power and resources in newer versions of software, system requirements tend to increase over time. Industry analysts suggest that this trend plays a bigger part in driving upgrades to existing computer systems than technological advancements.

HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS:

The most common set of requirements defined by any operating system application is the physical computer resources, also known as hardware. A hardware requirement list is often accompanied by a hardware compatibility list (HCL), especially in case of operating systems. An HCL lists tested, compatibility and sometimes incompatible hardware devices for a particular operating system or application. The following subsection discuss the various aspects of hardware requirements.

HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS FOR PRESENT PROJECT: The hardware minimum and maximum recommended requirements are listed below:

Hardware	Minimum requirement	Maximum requiurement
CPU	Intel core i3	i3 beyond
RAM	4gb	8gb or more
STORAGE	500 mb	1gb free disk space
SOUND CARD	Basic sound card	High quality sound card

☐ Disk Drives: Each client computer must have sufficient disk space to store the client portion
of the software along with any necessary local data files. It is recommended to provide a local
disk drive for each client computer to ensure optimal performance. However, in Client/Server
environments, the system can operate using "diskless workstations", where all disk access is
handled by the network file server. For the database server, the minimum recommended hard
disk capacity is 4.1 GB, but for better performance and future scalability, a capacity of 8.2 GB
or higher is preferred. Regular disk maintenance and cleanup are advised to ensure efficient storage utilization.
☐ Mouse: A functional mouse is essential for smooth navigation and interaction with the client
software, especially when running under Windows OS or similar GUI-based environments. For
precision and accuracy, an optical or laser mouse is recommended. In cases where the assistant
needs gesture-based controls, a multi-touch trackpad or external pointing device may also be beneficial.
☐ Keyboard: Each client system must be equipped with a 104-key extended keyboard to
support full functionality, including navigation keys, function keys, and a numeric keypad. For
improved efficiency, a mechanical or ergonomic keyboard is recommended, especially for
users handling frequent data input or prolonged usage.
☐ Processor & RAM: The client computers should have a multi-core processor (e.g., Intel
i5/i7 or AMD equivalent) to handle speech processing and command execution efficiently. A
minimum of 8 GB of RAM is recommended, with 16 GB or higher preferred for smooth
multitasking and optimal performance.
□ Network Requirements: For network-based operations, a stable and fast internet
connection is essential. A wired Ethernet connection is preferred for database servers, while
clients can use Wi-Fi with at least 100 Mbps speed to ensure smooth communication and minimal
latency.
☐ Display: The client computers should have a minimum resolution of 1366x768 pixels,
although 1920x1080 (Full HD) or higher is recommended for better visibility and user
experience. For multitasking, dual-monitor setups are also beneficial.

Audio Input & Output: To support voice command processing, the system requires a high-
quality microphone for clear input and speakers or headphones for vocal responses. For
improved accuracy, a noise-canceling microphone is recommended.
□ Power Supply & Backup: To ensure uninterrupted operations, client systems and servers
should be connected to a stable power supply with UPS (Uninterruptible Power Supply)
backup to prevent data loss or corruption during power outages.
□ Operating System Compatibility: The Kanha Virtual Assistant is compatible with Windows 10/11, Linux, and macOS. It is recommended to use the latest OS version with regular updates
for enhanced security and compatibility.
☐ Software Dependencies: The system requires Python 3.x, along with necessary libraries and
modules such as SpeechRecognition, Pyttsx3, requests, and OpenAI APIs. It is advisable to
keep these libraries updated to ensure compatibility with the latest features.

SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS:-

Software Requirements deals with defining software resource requirements and prerequisites that need to be installed on a computer to provide optimal functioning of an application. These requirements or pre-requisites are generally not included in the software installation package and need to be installed separately before the software is installed

	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM
	REQUIREMENT	REQUIREMENT
OPERATING SYSTEM	Windows 10 or newer	Windows 10 or newer
IDEAL USED	Python 3.7 or newer	Python 3.9 or newer

6.Coding

from openai import OpenAI # chatbot like interaction

import pyaudio # for input and output of audio

from geopy.geocoders import Nominatim # converting address in latitude

import asyncio # use for asynchronous sleep

import subprocess # use for open notepad

import webbrowser # use for open google

import pyttsx3 # use for converting text to speech

import qrcode # use for generate qr code and saving it

import datetime # for current time

import speech_recognition as sr #create a recognizer (no speech recognisation permised in one

line)

import requests # to interact with websites and apis

from bs4 import BeautifulSoup # for html or xml document joined with request

import os # use for interact with system

import psutil # system performance monitoring like process ending starting

import pyautogui #moves the mouse to a position

import wikipedia # searching for something "like python" import pywhatkit # sending whatsapp messages instantly

import random #generate random number

from plyer import notification #desktop notification displaying

from pygame import mixer # initialize sound mixer

import speedtest # for internet speed

from pynput.keyboard import Key,Controller# for keyboard keys controller

from time import sleep # pause execution for some time

from googletrans import Translator # translating something

from gtts import gTTS #convert speech and saving somewhere in file

import googletrans # for translating something

import geocoder # get ip location

from playsound import playsound #plays generated speech

```
import time
                                  #work related with time
import json
                                 #writes a sample dictionary from apis
from tkinter import *
                                #opens a gui window
from PIL import Image, ImageTk, ImageSequence # manipulating images
keyboard = Controller()
mixer.init()
for i in range(3):
  a = input("Enter Password to get help from kanha :- ")
  pw_file = open("password.txt","r")
  pw = pw file.read()
  pw file.close()
  if (a==pw):
     print("WELCOME! PLZ SPEAK [radhe radhe] TO LOAD ME UP")
     break
  elif (i==2 and a!=pw):
     exit()
  elif (a!=pw):
     print("Try Again")
root = Tk()
root.geometry("1000x500")
# function for playing a glf in starting to give a graphical interactive interface
def play_gif():
  root.lift()
  root.attributes("-topmost",True)
  global img
  img = Image.open("nova.gif")
  lbl = Label(root)
  lbl.place(x=0,y=0)
  i=0
  mixer.music.load("Startup2.mp3")
  mixer.music.play()
  for img in ImageSequence.Iterator(img):
    img = img.resize((1000,500))
```

```
img = ImageTk.PhotoImage(img)
     lbl.config(image=img)
     root.update()
     time.sleep(0.02)
  root.destroy()
play gif()
root.mainloop()
engine = pyttsx3.init("sapi5")
voices = engine.getProperty("voices")
engine.setProperty("voice", voices[0].id)
rate = engine.setProperty("rate",170)
#function for speaking something by the engine
def speak(audio):
  engine.say(audio)
  engine.runAndWait()
#function for taking voice command
def takeCommand():
  r = sr.Recognizer()
  r.energy threshold = 100 # Ignores background noise/music
  r.dynamic_energy_threshold = True # Auto-adjust to environment
  with sr.Microphone() as source:
     print("Listening your command ...")
     r.adjust for ambient noise(source, duration=1) # Noise adaptation
     try:
       audio = r.listen(source, timeout=5, phrase time limit=5) # Capture voice
     except sr.WaitTimeoutError:
       print("No speech detected. Try again.")
       return "None"
  try:
     print("Processing speech...")
     query = r.recognize google(audio, language='en-in') # Recognize speech
     print(f"You said: {query}\n")
```

```
return query.lower() # Convert to lowercase for easy comparison
  except sr.UnknownValueError:
    print("Couldn't understand the command. Please repeat.")
    return "None"
  except sr.RequestError:
    print("Network error. Check your internet connection.")
    return "None"
#function for greeting in starting
def greetMe():
  hour = int(datetime.datetime.now().hour)
  if hour>=0 and hour<=12:
     speak("radhe radhe ,goodmorning")
  elif hour >12 and hour <= 18:
    speak("radhe radhe, Good Afternoon ")
  else:
     speak("radhe radhe Good Evening")
  speak("Please tell me, How can I help you?")
#function for playing the music from existing music folder from the system system
def play music():
  music folder = "C:\\Users\\mehta\\Music"
  songs = os.listdir(music folder)
  song = random.choice(songs)
  song path = os.path.join(music folder, song)
  os.startfile(song path)
#function for closing file
def close file():
  speak("Please specify the file or application name you want to close.")
  file_name = takeCommand().strip().lower() # Take voice input
  if not file name or file name in ["cancel", "exit", "stop"]:
    speak("Okay, cancelling the request.")
    return
  found = False # Flag to check if the file is found
  # Loop through all running processes
```

```
for process in psutil.process iter(['pid', 'name']):
    try:
       process name = process.info['name'].lower()
       if file name in process name: # Check if filename matches
          os.system(f'taskkill /F /PID {process.info['pid']}") # Force kill
          speak(f"Closing {process name}")
          found = True
         return
    except (psutil.NoSuchProcess, psutil.AccessDenied, psutil.ZombieProcess):
       continue # Skip any processes that can't be accessed if not found:
     speak("File or application not found. Please check the name and try again.")
#function for file opening
def open file():
  speak("Please specify the file name or full path.")
  file name = takeCommand().strip().lower() # Take voice input
  if not file name or file name in ["cancel", "exit", "stop"]:
    speak("Okay, cancelling the request.")
    return
  # If the user provides a full file path
  if os.path.isfile(file name): # Check if file exists
    os.startfile(file name)
    speak(f"Opening {file name}")
    return
  # Get the current user's home directory
  user home = os.path.expanduser("~") # Fetches C:\Users\YourUsername
  # Common directories to search
  common dirs = [
    os.path.join(user_home, "Documents"),
    os.path.join(user home, "Downloads"),
    os.path.join(user home, "Desktop")
  1
  found = False # Flag to check if the file is found
  for directory in common dirs:
```

```
for root, , files in os.walk(directory): # Walk through folders
       for file in files:
          if file name in file.lower(): # Check if filename matches
            file path = os.path.join(root, file)
            os.startfile(file path)
            speak(f"Opening {file}")
            found = True
            return
  if not found:
     speak("File not found. Please try again with the correct name or full path.")
# function for search song on the youtube
def search on youtube(song name):
  try:
# Construct the YouTube search URL
search url=f"https://www.youtube.com/results?search query={song name.replace('', '+')}"
     # Open the web browser and search for the song on YouTube
     webbrowser.open(search url)
  except Exception as e:
     print("An error occurred:", str(e))
     print("Sorry, I couldn't perform the search.")
# function for checking the internet speed
def check internet speed():
  st = speedtest()
  st.get best server()
  download speed = st.download() / (1024 * 1024) # Convert bytes to megabits
  upload speed = st.upload() / (1024 * 1024) # Convert bytes to megabits
  ping = st.results.ping
  print(f"Download Speed: {download speed:.2f} Mbps")
  print(f"Upload Speed: {upload speed:.2f} Mbps")
  print(f"Ping: {ping} ms")
  speak(f"Download Speed is {download speed:.2f} Mbps")
  speak(f"Upload Speed is {upload speed:.2f} Mbps")
  speak(f"Ping is {ping} milliseconds")
```

```
#function for checking current location
def get_current_location():
  try:
     # Get the current location based on IP address
     location = geocoder.ip('me')
     if location:
       return location.address
     else:
       return "Location not found."
  except Exception as e:
     print(f"Error occurred while getting location: {str(e)}")
     return "Location not found."
# for generating qr code which u want to make like for instagram, whatsapp, phonepay etc
def generate qr code(text or url, filename="qr code.png"):
  try:
     # Create QR code instance
     qr = qrcode.QRCode(
       version=1,
       error correction=qrcode.constants.ERROR CORRECT L,
       box_size=10,
       border=4,
     )
    # Add data to the QR code
     qr.add data(text or url)
     qr.make(fit=True)
     # Create an image from the QR code instance
     img = qr.make image(fill color="black", back color="white")
     # Save the image to a file
     img.save(filename)
     print(f'QR code generated successfully as {filename}")
  except Exception as e:
     print(f"Error occurred while generating QR code: {str(e)}")
# a small game for refreshing mind doing work
```

```
def game play():
  print("LETS PLAYYYYYYYYYYYY")
  speak("Lets Play ROCK PAPER SCISSORS !!")
  i = 0
  Me score = 0
  Com score = 0
  while(i<5):
    choose = ("rock", "paper", "scissors") #Tuple
    com_choose = random.choice(choose)
    query = takeCommand().lower()
    if (query == "rock"):
      if (com choose == "rock"):
         speak("ROCK")
         print(f"Score:- ME :- {Me score} : COM :- {Com score}")
      elif (com choose == "paper"):
         speak("paper")
         Com score += 1
         print(f"Score:- ME :- {Me_score} : COM :- {Com_score}")
      else:
         speak("Scissors")
         Me score += 1
         print(f"Score:- ME :- {Me_score} : COM :- {Com_score}")
    elif (query == "paper"):
      if (com choose == "rock"):
         speak("ROCK")
         Me score += 1
         print(f"Score:- ME :- {Me score+1} : COM :- {Com score}")
      elif (com_choose == "paper"):
         speak("paper")
         print(f"Score:- ME :- {Me_score} : COM :- {Com_score}")
      else:
         speak("Scissors")
         Com score += 1
```

```
print(f"Score:- ME :- {Me score} : COM :- {Com score}")
    elif (query == "scissors" or query == "scissor"):
       if (com choose == "rock"):
         speak("ROCK")
         Com score += 1
         print(f"Score:- ME :- {Me score} : COM :- {Com score}")
       elif (com choose == "paper"):
         speak("paper")
         Me_score += 1
         print(f"Score:- ME :- {Me score} : COM :- {Com score}")
       else:
         speak("Scissors")
         print(f"Score:- ME :- {Me score} : COM :- {Com score}")
    i += 1
  print(f"FINAL SCORE :- ME :- {Me score} : COM :- {Com score}")
# for volume inreasing function
def volumeup():
  for i in range(5):
    keyboard.press(Key.media volume up)
    keyboard.release(Key.media volume up)
    sleep(0.1)
# volume fecreasing function
def volumedown():
  for i in range(5):
    keyboard.press(Key.media volume down)
    keyboard.release(Key.media volume down)
    sleep(0.1)
# for searching something on google function
def searchGoogle(query):
    if "google" in query:
     import wikipedia as googleScrap
    query = query.replace("nova","")
    query = query.replace("google search","")
```

```
query = query.replace("google","")
     speak("This is what i found on google")
    try:
       pywhatkit.search(query)
       result = googleScrap.summary(query,1)
       speak(result)
     except:
       speak("No speakable output available")
# searching something on you tube
def searchYoutube(query):
  if "youtube" in query:
     speak("This is what i found for your search!")
     query = query.replace("youtube search","")
     query = query.replace("youtube","")
     query = query.replace("nova","")
     web = "https://www.youtube.com/results?search query=" + query
     webbrowser.open(web)
     pywhatkit.playonyt(query)
     speak("Done, Mam")
# searching something from wikipedia
def searchWikipedia(query):
  if "wikipedia" in query:
     speak("Searching from wikipedia....")
     query = query.replace("wikipedia","")
     query = query.replace("search wikipedia","")
     query = query.replace("nova","")
     Results = wikipedia.summary(query,sentences = 2)
     speak("According to wikipedia..")
     print(Results)
     speak(Results)
#for translating something
async def translategl(query):
  speak("Sure mam")
```

```
print(googletrans.LANGUAGES)
  translator = Translator()
  # Await the translation
  text to translate = await translator.translate(query, src="auto", dest="hi")
  # Get the translated text
  text = text to translate.text
  print(f"Translated text: {text}")
  try:
     # Convert text to speech and save the file
     speakgl = gTTS(text=text, lang="hi", slow=False)
     speakgl.save("voice.mp3")
     playsound("voice.mp3")
     time.sleep(5)
     os.remove("voice.mp3")
  except Exception as e:
     print("Unable to translate")
     print(e)
# translating a text as a example function
def main():
  query = "translate"
  if "translate" in query:
     query = "hello" # Example input to translate
     # Run the asynchronous translation function
     asyncio.run(translategl(query)
# after translation something translation text with voice
def speak(text):
  """Function to speak a given text using gTTS."""
  tts = gTTS(text=text, lang='en', slow=False)
  tts.save("voice.mp3")
  playsound("voice.mp3")
  time.sleep(1)
  os.remove("voice.mp3")
# function for news in which u want
```

```
def latestnews():
  api dict = {
    "business":
                                                                  "https://newsapi.org/v2/top-
headlines?country=us&category=business&apiKey=464ecfbf36c349da888af8b33cb033f2",
    "entertainment":
                                                                  "https://newsapi.org/v2/top-
headlines?country=us&category=entertainment&apiKey=464ecfbf36c349da888af8b33cb033f2
    "health":
                                                                  "https://newsapi.org/v2/top-
headlines?country=us&category=health&apiKey=464ecfbf36c349da888af8b33cb033f2",
    "science":
                                                                  "https://newsapi.org/v2/top-
headlines?country=us&category=science&apiKey=464ecfbf36c349da888af8b33cb033f2",
    "sports":
                                                                  "https://newsapi.org/v2/top-
headlines?country=us&category=sports&apiKey=464ecfbf36c349da888af8b33cb033f2",
    "technology":
                                                                  "https://newsapi.org/v2/top-
headlines?country=us&category=technology&apiKey=464ecfbf36c349da888af8b33cb033f2"
  }
  recognizer = sr.Recognizer()
  mic = sr.Microphone()
  # Start listening for the field the user wants
  speak("Please tell me which field of news you want: business, entertainment, health, science,
sports, or technology.")
  with mic as source:
    print("Listening...")
    recognizer.adjust for ambient noise(source)
    audio = recognizer.listen(source)
  try:
    field = recognizer.recognize google(audio).lower()
    print(f"Recognized command: {field}")
  except sr.UnknownValueError:
    speak("Sorry, I didn't catch that. Please try again.")
    return
  except sr.RequestError:
    speak("Sorry, I'm having trouble connecting to the service. Please try again later.")
```

```
return
url = None
for key, value in api dict.items():
  if key in field:
     url = value
     speak(f"Found news category: {key}")
    print(f"URL: {url}")
     break
if not url:
  speak("Sorry, I could not find the news category. Please try again.")
response = requests.get(url)
news = response.json()
if news.get("status") == "ok":
  speak("Here is the first news.")
  arts = news["articles"]
  for articles in arts:
     article = articles["title"]
     speak(f"News headline: {article}")
    print(article)
     print(f"For more info, visit: {articles['url']}")
    # Ask whether to continue or stop based on voice command
     speak("Press one to continue or press two to stop.")
     with mic as source:
       print("Listening for continue or stop command...")
       recognizer.adjust for ambient noise(source)
       audio = recognizer.listen(source)
     try:
       command = recognizer.recognize google(audio).lower()
       print(f"Command recognized: {command}")
     except sr.UnknownValueError:
       speak("Sorry, I didn't catch that. Stopping the news feed.")
       break
```

```
except sr.RequestError:
          speak("Sorry, I'm having trouble connecting to the service. Stopping the news feed.")
         break
       if command == "2":
          speak("Stopping the news feed.")
         break
       elif command != "1":
          speak("I didn't understand that. Stopping the news feed.")
         break
  else:
     speak(f"Error fetching news: {news.get('message')}")
# a list of some apps which are in system
dictapp = {
  "commandprompt": "cmd",
  "paint": "mspaint",
  "word": "winword",
  "excel": "excel",
  "chrome": "chrome",
  "vscode": "code",
  "powerpoint": "powerpnt"
}
# temprory voice file making and after use it is remove it self
def speak(text):
  """Function to speak a given text using gTTS."""
  tts = gTTS(text=text, lang='en', slow=False)
  tts.save("voice.mp3")
  playsound("voice.mp3")
  time.sleep(1)
  os.remove("voice.mp3")
#for opening app function
def openappweb(query):
  speak("Launching, mam")
  # Check if the query contains a website URL
```

```
if ".com" in query or ".co.in" in query or ".org" in query:
     query = query.replace("open", "")
     query = query.replace("kanha", "")
     query = query.replace("launch", "")
     query = query.replace(" ", "")
     webbrowser.open(f"https://www.{query}")
     speak(f"Opening {query}.")
  else:
    # Check if the query contains an app name from dictapp
     keys = list(dictapp.keys())
     for app in keys:
       if app in query:
          os.system(f"start {dictapp[app]}.exe")
          speak(f"{app} opened successfully.")
          return
     speak("App not found in the list.")
#for closing app function
def close_app(query):
  speak("Closing app, mam")
   # Full path to taskkill command
  taskkill path = r"C:\Windows\System 32\taskkill.exe"
  # Check if the query contains an app name from dictapp
  keys = list(dictapp.keys())
  for app in keys:
     if app in query:
       os.system(f"{taskkill path} /f /im {dictapp[app]}.exe")
       speak(f"{app} closed successfully.")
       return
  speak("App not found to close.")
# for listening what we want to do close a app or open or exit
def listen for command():
  recognizer = sr.Recognizer()
  mic = sr.Microphone()
```

```
speak("Please tell me the application or website you want to open or close.")
  with mic as source:
     print("Listening...")
     recognizer.adjust for ambient noise(source)
     audio = recognizer.listen(source)
  try:
     command = recognizer.recognize google(audio).lower()
     print(f"Command recognized: {command}")
     # Open or close app based on the command
     if "open" in command or "launch" in command:
       openappweb(command)
     elif "close" in command:
       close app(command)
     else:
       speak("Sorry, I didn't recognize the command.")
  except sr.UnknownValueError:
     speak("Sorry, I didn't catch that. Please try again.")
  except sr.RequestError:
     speak("Sorry, I'm having trouble connecting to the service. Please try again later.")
# basic calculation function
def add(x, y):
    return x + y
def subtract(x, y):
  return x - y
def multiply(x, y):
  return x * y
def divide(x, y):
  if y == 0:
     return "Error! Division by zero."
  else:
     return x / y
def calculator():
  print("Select operation:")
```

```
print("1. Add")
  print("2. Subtract")
  print("3. Multiply")
  print("4. Divide")
  while True:
     choice = input("Enter choice(1/2/3/4): ")
     if choice in ('1', '2', '3', '4'):
       num1 = float(input("Enter first number: "))
       num2 = float(input("Enter second number: "))
       if choice == '1':
          print(f''\{num1\} + \{num2\} = \{add(num1, num2)\}'')
       elif choice == '2':
          print(f''\{num1\} - \{num2\} = \{subtract(num1, num2)\}'')
       elif choice == '3':
          print(f"{num1} * {num2} = {multiply(num1, num2)}")
       elif choice == '4':
          print(f''\{num1\} / \{num2\} = \{divide(num1, num2)\}'')
     else:
       print("Invalid input")
     next calculation = input("Do you want to perform another calculation? (yes/no): ")
     if next calculation.lower() != 'yes':
       break
# function for clearing old tasks
def clear old tasks():
  speak("Do you want to clear old tasks? Please say YES or NO")
  query = takeCommand().lower()
  if "yes" in query:
     with open("tasks.txt", "w") as file:
       file.write("")
     return True
  elif "no" in query:
     return False
  else:
```

```
speak("Invalid response. Assuming NO.")
     return False
#function for entering new tasks
def enter tasks():
  tasks = []
  no tasks = int(input("Enter the number of tasks: "))
  for i in range(no tasks):
     task = input(f"Enter task {i+1}:")
     tasks.append(task)
     with open("tasks.txt", "a") as file:
       file.write(f''\{i+1\}. \{task\}\n'')
  return tasks
# function for scheduling day
def schedule day():
  tasks = []
  clear old = clear old tasks()
  no tasks = int(input("Enter the number of tasks: "))
  for i in range(no_tasks):
     task = input(f''Enter task {i+1}: ")
     tasks.append(task)
     with open("tasks.txt", "a") as file:
       file.write(f''\{i+1\}. \{task\}\n'')
# api key for chatbot like interaction
API KEY="ddc-p7QmKYeLkG8FXMV8rSpedbSmhQ4xJ8fPWrL0KCig8d1ALrCTxW"
BASE URL = "https://api.sree.shop/v1"
client = OpenAI(
  api key=API KEY,
  base_url=BASE_URL
)
# Initialize text-to-speech
engine = pyttsx3.init()
engine.setProperty('rate', 170) # Set speaking rate
engine.setProperty('volume', 0.9) # Set volume
```

```
# Speak function
def speak(text):
  Convert text to speech.
  engine.say(text)
  engine.runAndWait()
# Voice input function
def listen():
  ,,,,,,
  Listen to user input via microphone and convert it to text.
  recognizer = sr.Recognizer()
  with sr.Microphone() as source:
     print("Listening...")
     recognizer.adjust for ambient noise(source) # Adjust for background noise
     try:
       audio = recognizer.listen(source, timeout=5, phrase_time_limit=10)
       print("Recognizing...")
       query = recognizer.recognize google(audio, language='en-US')
       print(f"You said: {query}")
       return query.lower()
     except sr.UnknownValueError:
       speak("Sorry, I didn't catch that. Please try again.")
       return None
     except sr.RequestError:
       speak("There was an issue with the speech recognition service.")
       return None
# function for chat
def chat_completion(user_input):
  ,,,,,,
  Generate a normal chat completion response using the OpenAI API.
```

```
try:
     completion = client.chat.completions.create(
       model="gpt-40",
       messages=[
          {"role": "system", "content": "You are a helpful assistant."},
          {"role": "user", "content": user input}
       ],
       temperature=0.7,
       max tokens=1000
     )
     # Extracting the response content directly
     response message = completion.choices[0].message.content
     return response message
  except Exception as e:
     return f"An error occurred: {e}"
# function for entering in chatbot interactiona nd doing work
def meen():
  speak("Welcome! I am your voice assistant. How can I help you?")
  while True:
     speak("You can say 'Chat', or 'Exit' to interact with me.")
     query = listen() # Listen for a voice command
     if query is None:
       continue # Skip if no valid input is received
     elif "chat" in query:
       speak("What is your question?")
       user input = listen()
       if user input:
          response = chat completion(user input)
          print("\nChat Response:")
          print(response)
          speak("Here is my answer.")
          speak(response)
```

```
elif "exit" in query or "quit" in query:
       speak("Goodbye! Have a great day!")
       break
    else:
       speak("I didn't understand that. Please try again.")
# function for showing schedule
def show schedule():
  file = open("tasks.txt","r")
  content = file.read()
  file.close()
  mixer.init()
  mixer.music.load("notification.mp3")
  mixer.music.play()
  notification.notify(
    title = "My schedule :-",
    message = content,
    timeout = 15
  )
# function for sending messages via whatsapp
def sendMessage():
  phone number = "+91 8607565765 "#replace ph.no. as per demand
  message = "RADHE RADHE "#replace the message as per demand
  # Send message
  try:
    pywhatkit.sendwhatmsg(phone number, message, time hour=14, time min=10) # Adjust
time hour and time min as per your requirement
    print("Message sent successfully!")
  except Exception as e:
    print(f"An error occurred: {str(e)}")
 # start now functioning with commands.....
if name == " main ":
  while True:
    query = takeCommand().lower()
```

```
if "radhe radhe" in query:
       greetMe()
       while True:
         query = takeCommand().lower()
         if "go to sleep" in query:
           speak("Ok, You can call me anytime")
           break
         elif "change password" in query:
           speak("What's the new password")
           new pw = input("Enter the new password\n")
           new password = open("password.txt","w")
           new password.write(new pw)
           new password.close()
           speak("Done mam")
           speak(f"Your new password is{new pw}")
         elif "professor details" in query:
           print("Hello, THIS project is assist by ASSISTANT PROFFESSOR Mr. Anil Kumar
Professor HEAD OF DEPATMENT DOCTOR BANTA SINGH JANGRA . It's a pleasure to
meet you.")
           print("Hello, Professor HEAD OF DEPATMENT DOCTOR BANTA SINGH
JANGRA . It's a pleasure to meet you.")
           speak("How may I assist you today? You can ask me questions, get information, or
give me commands.")
           while True:
              teacher query = takeCommand()
              if teacher query == "":
                continue
              if teacher query.lower() == "exit":
                speak("Goodbye, Professor. Have a great day!")
                break
              elif "how are you" in teacher query.lower():
                speak("I'm just a program, Professor, but thank you for asking.")
              elif "tell me a joke" in teacher query.lower():
                                                                                     35
```

```
speak("Why don't scientists trust atoms? Because they make up everything!")
               elif "what's the weather like" in teacher query.lower():
                 speak("I'm sorry, Professor, I cannot provide real-time weather information.")
               elif "set a reminder" in teacher query.lower():
                 speak("Sure, what would you like to be reminded of?")
                 reminder = takeCommand()
                 if reminder != "":
                    speak(f"Reminder set for {reminder}.")
                 else:
                    speak("I'm sorry, Professor. I'm still learning and may not be able to assist
with that yet.")
          elif "developer details" in query:
            speak("My developer is sonu. she created me to assist with various tasks and make
life easier.")
            speak("If you have any questions or need further assistance, feel free to ask!")
          elif "schedule my day" in query:
          schedule day()
          elif "show my schedule" in query:
          show schedule()
          elif "play music" in query:
            play music()
          elif"ask gpt" in query:
            meen()
          elif "translate" in query:
            main()
          elif "open file" in query:
            open file()
          elif "open" in query:
            query = query.replace("open","")
            query = query.replace("kanha","")
            pyautogui.press("super")
            pyautogui.typewrite(query)
            pyautogui.press("enter")
```

```
game play()
         elif "screenshot" in query:
            import pyautogui #pip install pyautogui
            im = pyautogui.screenshot()
            im.save("ss.jpg")
         elif "click my photo" in query:
             pyautogui.press("super") # Open start/search menu (Windows)
             time.sleep(1)
             pyautogui.typewrite("Camera")
             time.sleep(1)
             pyautogui.press("enter") # Open Camera app
             time.sleep(5) # Wait for Camera app to open
             pyautogui.press("enter") # Take picture
             speak("SMILE")
             speak("Photo clicked successfully")
         elif "hello" in query:
            speak("Hello mam, how are you?")
         elif "i am fine" in query:
            speak("that's great, mam")
         elif "how are you" in query:
            speak("Perfect, mam")
         elif "thank you" in query:
            speak("you are welcome, mam")
         elif "tired" in query:
          speak("Playing your favourite songs, ma'am")
          # List of URLs to choose from (Example: you can replace or add more URLs)
          urls = [
          "https://youtu.be/30YNd5fEGMo?si=Bbs3Bown5NSc","https://youtu.be/f18cpg-
mTrY?si=ZQFhG EJuzque9eD","https://youtu.be/6ZwwapPikyQ?si=IySOi0gck0kGtwjP"
"https://youtu.be/Yppzo6dTpzY?si=6Uw AZ4I9ZAJPuKG","https://youtu.be/lxKFe 1QVRA?s
i=n9YB6ej4TjhYLyrt"
                                                                                       37
```

elif "play a game" in query:

```
# Add more URLs here if needed
  1
  # Choose a URL at random
selected_url = random.choice(urls)
webbrowser.open(selected url)
elif "pause" in query:
  pyautogui.press("k")
  speak("video paused")
elif "play" in query:
  pyautogui.press("k")
  speak("video played")
elif "mute" in query:
  pyautogui.press("m")
  speak("video muted")
elif "volume up" in query:
  speak("Turning volume up")
  volumeup()
elif "volume down" in query:
  speak("Turning volume down")
  volumedown()
elif "app" in query:
  # from Dictapp import closeappweb
  listen for command()
elif "google" in query:
  searchGoogle(query)
elif "youtube" in query:
  searchYoutube(query)
elif "wikipedia" in query:
  searchWikipedia(query)
elif "news" in query:
  latestnews()
elif "calculate" in query:
  calculator()
```

```
elif "message" in query:
  sendMessage()
if "close file" in query or "close application" in query:
      close file()
elif "temperature" in query:
  search = "temperature in hansi"
  url = f"https://www.google.com/search?q={search}"
  r = requests.get(url)
  data = BeautifulSoup(r.text,"html.parser")
  temp = data.find("div", class = "BNeawe").text
  speak(f"current{search} is {temp}")
  elif "the time" in query:
  strTime = datetime.datetime.now().strftime("%H:%M")
  speak(f'mam, the time is {strTime}")
  print(strTime)
elif "finally sleep" in query:
  speak("Going to sleep,mam")
  exit()
elif "remember that" in query:
  rememberMessage = query.replace("remember that","")
  rememberMessage = query.replace("kanha","")
  speak("You told me to remember that"+rememberMessage)
  remember = open("Remember.txt","a")
  remember.write(rememberMessage)
  remember.close()
elif "what do you remember" in query:
  remember = open("Remember.txt","r")
  speak("You told me to remember that" + remember.read())
  print("You told me to remember that" + remember.read())
elif "search a song" in query:
  speak("Sure, what song would you like to search for on YouTube?")
  song name = takeCommand()
  search on youtube(song name)
```

```
elif "meeting" in query:
  speak("Ok mam opening meeet")
  webbrowser.open("https://meet.google.com/")
elif "check internet speed" in query:
  query = "check internet speed"
  check internet speed()
  speak("Here are the current internet speed metrics.")
  print("Here are the current internet speed metrics.")
elif "show my location" in query:
  current location = get current location()
  print("Your current location is:", current location)
  speak(f"Your current location is {current location}.")
elif "generate qr code" in query:
  speak("Sure, please provide the text or URL for the QR code.")
  text or url = takeCommand().lower()
  text or url=input("enter the text")
  print(f"text or url is { text or url}")
  filename = "qr_code.png"
  generate qr code(text or url, filename)
  speak("QR code generated successfully.")
elif"shutdown system"in query:
  subprocess.call(['shutdown', '/s', '/t', '0'])
```

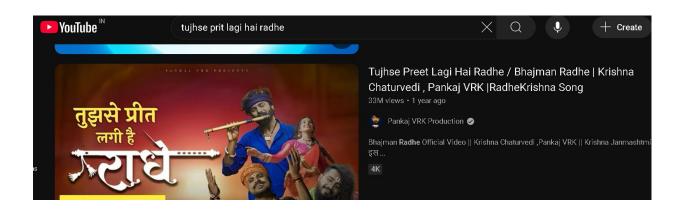
7.SCREENSHOTS

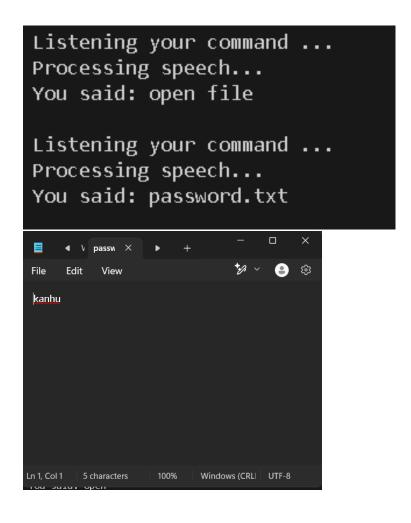


PS C:\Users\mehta\OneDrive\Desktop\projectfolder> & C:/Users/mehta/OneDrive/De ctfolder/Jarvis main.py pygame 2.6.1 (SDL 2.28.4, Python 3.13.1) Hello from the pygame community. https://www.pygame.org/contribute.html Enter Password to get help from kanha :- kanhu WELCOME ! PLZ SPEAK [radhe radhe] TO LOAD ME UP Listening your command ... Processing speech... You said: Radhe Radhe Listening your command ... Processing speech... You said: ask GPT Listening... Recognizing... Listening... Recognizing... You said: what is cryptography Chat Response: Cryptography is the practice and study of techniques for securing zed users. Its primary purpose is to ensure the confidentiality,

Listening your command ...
Processing speech...
You said: search a song

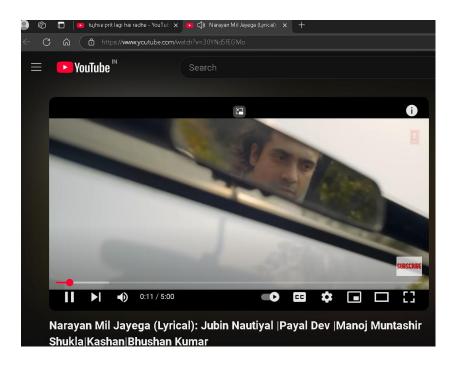
Listening your command ...
Processing speech...
You said: Tujhse Prit Lagi Hai Radhe





Listening your command ...
Processing speech...
You said: close file
Listening your command ...
Processing speech...
You said: password.txt

Listening your command ...
Processing speech...
You said: tired



Listening your command ...
Processing speech...
You said: news

Listening...
Listening your command ...
Processing speech...
You said: news

Listening...
Recognized command: sports
URL: https://newsapi.org/v2/top-headlines?country=us&category=sports&apiKey=464ecfbf36c349da888af8b33cb033f2
Oscar Piastri wins Chinese Grand Prix while Lewis Hamilton and two other drivers disqualified - CNN
For more info, visit: https://www.cnn.com/2025/03/23/sport/oscar-piastri-chinese-grand-prix-mclaren-spt-intl/index.html

```
Listening your command ...

Processing speech...

You said: generate QR code

Listening your command ...

Processing speech...

Couldn't understand the command. Please repeat.

enter the text1paytm.com

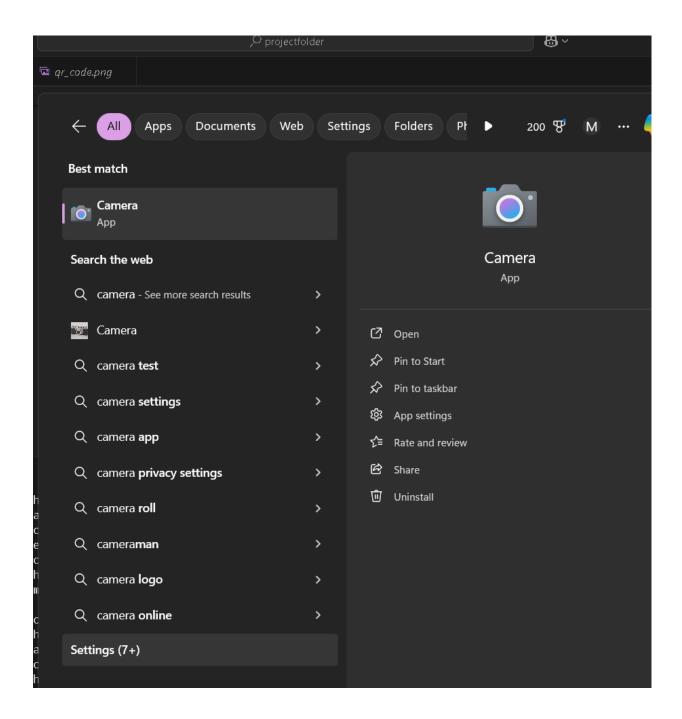
text or url is 1paytm.com

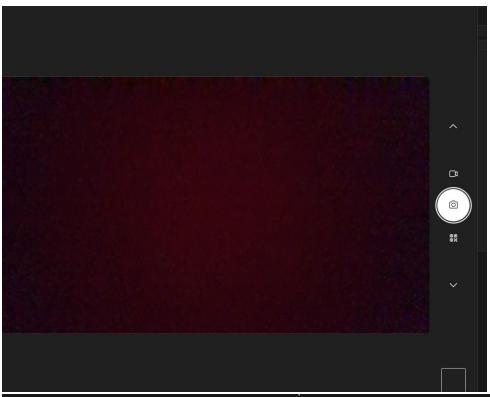
QR code generated successfully as qr_code.png
```





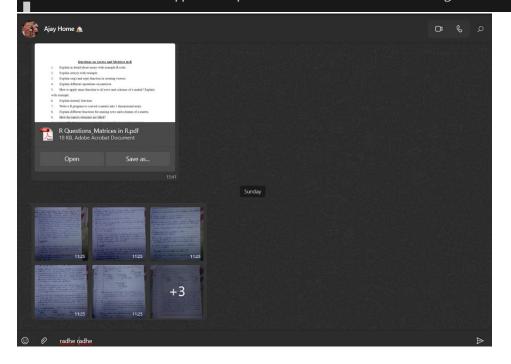
Listening your command ...
Processing speech...
You said: click my photo





Listening your command ... Processing speech... You said: message

<u>I</u>n 8414 Seconds WhatsApp will open and after 15 Seconds Message will be Delivered!



7.Future Work

Enhanced Natural Language Understanding: Improve the assistant's ability to understand and process complex commands.

Expanded Language Support Integrate: additional languages and dialects for broader accessibility.

User Interface Improvements: Develop a more sophisticated graphical user interface for better user interaction.

Advanced Personalization: Implement machine learning to personalize responses and actions based on user preferences.

This report provides a comprehensive overview of the Virtual Assistant project, detailing its features, implementation, and future directions. The assistant exemplifies the application of AI and automation in everyday tasks, showcasing the potential for future advancements in virtual assistant technology.

8. Conclusion

The Kanha Virtual Assistant is a sophisticated and multifunctional AI-powered system designed to significantly enhance user productivity by simplifying everyday computing tasks. Leveraging voice recognition, natural language processing (NLP), and multi-functional automation, it offers a seamless and intuitive user experience. With its ability to interpret and execute a wide range of commands, the assistant serves as a dynamic digital companion capable of handling both simple and complex operations. From web browsing, multimedia control, and task scheduling to system management and real-time information retrieval, Kanha streamlines digital interactions with remarkable efficiency. Its conversational capabilities, coupled with vocal responses and real-time feedback, create a natural and engaging interface, making it easy to use even for non-technical users. Furthermore, with error-handling mechanisms in place, the assistant ensures smooth performance by gracefully managing invalid commands or failed operations. Designed for both personal and professional use, Kanha Virtual Assistant stands out as a reliable, intelligent, and user-centric solution, making daily computing tasks faster, smarter, and more convenient.