

$$(13.5 - 10.5)$$

$$\therefore Q_3 = L + \frac{3N - C.f}{f} \times i$$

$$= 13.5 + \frac{81 - 76}{20} \times 3$$

$$= 14.25$$

Here,

$$Q.D = \frac{Q_3 - Q_1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{14.25 - 9.125}{2}$$

$$= 2.5625$$

Again,

$$\text{Coefficient of } Q.D = \frac{Q_3 - Q_1}{Q_3 + Q_1}$$

$$= \frac{14.25 - 9.125}{14.25 + 9.125}$$

$$= 0.21925$$

Exercise - 11.2

1. Calculate the mean deviation from mean. Also find Coefficient.

a.	class	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50
	Frequency	9	6	4	12	9

Solution:

Class	mid-value(x)	frequency(f)	Fx	$ x - \bar{x} $	$f x - \bar{x} $
0-10	5	5	45	21.5	107.5
10-20	15	6	90	11.5	69
20-30	25	4	100	1.5	6
30-40	35	12	420	8.5	102
40-50	45	9	405	18.5	166.5
		$N = \Sigma f = 40$	$\Sigma Fx = 1060$		$\Sigma f x - \bar{x} = 351$

We know,

$$\text{mean}(\bar{x}) = \frac{\Sigma fx}{N}$$

$$= \frac{1060}{40}$$

$$= 26.5$$

Now,

$$\text{M.D from mean} = \frac{\Sigma f|x - \bar{x}|}{N}$$

$$= \frac{351}{40}$$

$$= 8.775$$

Again,

$$\text{Coefficient of M.D} = \frac{\text{M.D}}{\bar{x}}$$

$$= \frac{8.775}{26.5}$$

$$= 0.331$$

b.	Class	$0 \leq x \leq 10$	$10 \leq x \leq 20$	$20 \leq x \leq 30$	$30 \leq x \leq 40$
	frequency	15	12	7	8

Solution:

Class	x	Frequency (f)	fx	$ x - \bar{x} $	$f x - \bar{x} $
0-10	5	15	75	11.9	178.5
10-20	15	12	180	2.9	22.8
20-30	25	7	175	8.1	56.7
30-40	35	8	280	18.1	144.8
40-50		$N = 42$	$\Sigma fx = 610$		$\Sigma f x - \bar{x} $
			710		$= 402.8$

We know,

$$\text{Mean}(\bar{x}) = \frac{\Sigma fx}{N}$$

$$= \frac{610}{42}$$

$$= 14.5238$$

Here, \bar{x}

$$\text{M.D from mean} = \frac{\Sigma f|x - \bar{x}|}{N}$$

$$= \frac{402.8}{42}$$

$$= 9.59$$

Also,

$$\text{Coefficient of MD} = \frac{\Sigma f|x - \bar{x}|}{\bar{x}}$$

$$= \frac{402.8}{14.5238}$$

$$= 27.73$$

2. Calculate the mean deviation from median. Also calculate its coefficient.

Age in yrs	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70
a. No. of ppl	5	6	7	10	12

Age	x	f	cf	$ x - \text{md} $	$f x - \text{md} $
20-30	25	5	5	18.75	93.75
30-40	35	7	12	8.75	61.25
40-50	45	8	20	2.25	10
50-60	55	6	26	11.25	67.5
60-70	65	4	30	21.25	85
		$N = 30$			$\Sigma f x - \text{md} = 317.5$

Here,

Median lies in $\left(\frac{N}{2}\right)^{\text{th}}$ class

$$= \frac{30}{2}$$

$$= 15$$

c.f greater than 15 is 20. So, median lies in (40-50) class

Now,

$$\text{md} = L + \frac{N - \text{cf}}{2}$$

$$= 40 + \frac{15 - 12}{8} \times 10$$

$$= 43.75$$

Now,

$$\text{M.D from median} = \frac{\Sigma f |x - \text{md}|}{N}$$

$$= \frac{317.5}{30}$$

$$= 10.58$$

Also, Coefficient of M.D = $\frac{\text{M.D}}{\text{md}}$

$$= \frac{10.58}{43.75} = 0.24$$

b.	CI	0-20	20-40	40-60	60-80	80-100
	F	5	6	7	10	12

Solution:

CI	x	f	c.f	$ x - md $	$f x - md $
0-20	10	5	5	54	270
20-40	30	6	11	34	204
40-60	50	7	18	14	98
60-80	70	10	28	6	60
80-100	90	12	40	26	312
		$N = 40$			$\Sigma f x - md = 944$

Here,

median lies in class $\left(\frac{N}{2}\right)$

$$\frac{40}{2} = 20$$

c.f greater than 20 is 28. So, it lies in class (60-80)

Now,

$$md = L + \frac{\frac{N}{2} - cf}{f} \times h$$

$$= 60 + \frac{20 - 18}{10} \times 20$$

$$= 64$$

Here,

$$MD \text{ from median} = \frac{\Sigma f|x - md|}{N}$$

$$= \frac{944}{40} = 23.6$$

Also, Coefficient of MD = $\frac{MD}{md}$

$$= \frac{23.6}{64} = 0.36$$

3. Calculate the mean deviation from median. Also find its coefficient.

a.	CI	0-5	5-10	10-15	15-20	20-25	25-30
	f	8	7	11	14	18	12

Solution.

CI	x	f	c.f	x-md	f x-md
0-5	2.5	8	8	15.7142	125.7136
5-10	7.5	7	15	10.7142	74.9994
10-15	12.5	11	26	5.7142	62.8562
15-20	17.5	14	40	0.7142	9.9988
20-25	22.5	18	58	4.2858	77.1444
25-30	27.5	12	70	9.2858	111.4296
		N = 70			$\Sigma f x-md = 392.142$

Here,

Median lies in $\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) = \frac{70}{2} = 35$

C.f greater than 35 is 40. It lies in class (15-20)

Now,

$$m.d = L + \frac{N - cf}{f} \times h$$

$$= 15 + \frac{35 - 26}{14} \times 5$$

$$= 18.2142$$

Also,

$$M.D \text{ from median} = \frac{\Sigma f|x-md|}{N}$$

$$= \frac{392.142}{70}$$

$$= 5.60$$

Also,

$$\text{Coefficient of MD} = \frac{MD}{md}$$

$$= \frac{5.60}{18.21}$$

$$= 0.30$$

b.	CI	x	f	c.f	x-md	f x-md
	0-4	2	7	7	8	56
	4-8	6	13	20	4	52
	8-12	10	10	30	0	0
	12-16	14	5	35	4	20
	16-20	18	8	43	8	64
	20-24	22	4	47	12	48
	24-28	26	3	50	16	48
			N=50			$\Sigma f x-md $
						= 288

Here,

$$\text{median lies in } \left(\frac{N}{2} \right) = \frac{50}{2} = 25$$

c.f greater than 25 is 30. It lies in class (8-12)

Now

$$M.d = L + \frac{\frac{N}{2} - Cf}{f} \times x_i$$

$$= 8 + \frac{25 - 20}{10} \times 4$$

$$= 10$$

Also,

$$M.D \text{ from median} = \frac{\Sigma f|x-md|}{N}$$

$$\frac{288}{50}$$

$$5.76$$

Also,

$$\text{Coefficient of M.D} = \frac{M.D}{m.d}$$

$$= \frac{5.76}{10}$$

$$= 0.576$$

4. Construct a frequency distribution table taking the class interval of 10 and calculate the mean deviation from mean.

5, 18, 14, 24, 7, 38, 46, 30, 21, 16, 31, 45, 27, 10, 4, 17, 29, 37, 49, 28

Solution:

CI	x	f	fx	$ x - \bar{x} $	$f x - \bar{x} $
0-10	5	3	15	19.5	58.5
10-20	15	5	75	9.5	47.5
20-30	25	5	125	0.5	2.5
30-40	35	4	140	10.5	42.5
40-50	45	3	135	20.5	61.5
		$N = 20$	$\Sigma fx =$		$\Sigma f x - \bar{x} =$
			490		212.5

Now,

$$\text{mean}(\bar{x}) = \frac{\Sigma fx}{N} = \frac{490}{20} = 24.5$$

Also,

$$\text{M.D from mean} = \frac{\Sigma f|x - \bar{x}|}{N}$$

$$= \frac{212.5}{20} = 10.625$$

Also, Coefficient of M.D = $\frac{M.D}{m.d}$

$$= \frac{16.625}{24.5}$$

$$= 0.675$$

Exercise-11.3

2. Find the standard deviation from the following table data. Also its coefficient.

a.	class	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50
	frequency	2	9	10	7	1

Solution:

C.I	x	f	fx	$(x - \bar{x})^2$	$f(x - \bar{x})^2$
0-10	5	2	10	345.96	691.92
10-20	15	9	135	73.96	665.54
20-30	25	10	250	1.96	19.6
30-40	35	7	245	123.96	867.72
40-50	45	1	45	457.96	457.96
		$N = 29$	$\Sigma fx = 685$		$\Sigma f(x - \bar{x})^2 = 2744.74$

Here,

$$\text{mean } (\bar{x}) = \frac{\Sigma fx}{N}$$

$$= \frac{685}{29}$$

$$= 23.6$$

$$S.D (\sigma) = \sqrt{\frac{\sum f(x-\bar{x})^2}{N}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{2744.8}{29}}$$

$$= 9.72$$

Also,

$$\text{Coefficient of S.D} = \frac{S.D}{\text{Mean}}$$

$$= \frac{9.72}{23.6}$$

$$= 0.411$$

$$= 0.411$$

$$= 0.411$$

Short-cut method

C.I	x	f	$d = (x-A)_{A=25}$	fd	fd^2
0-10	5	2	-20	-40	800
10-20	15	9	-10	-90	900
20-30	25	10	0	0	0
30-40	35	7	10	70	700
40-50	45	1	20	20	400
		$N=29$		$\sum fd = -40$	$\sum fd^2 = 2800$

Hence,

$$S.D = \sqrt{\frac{\sum fd^2}{N} - \left(\frac{\sum fd}{N}\right)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{2800}{29} - \left(\frac{-40}{29}\right)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{96.55 - 1.90}$$

$$= \sqrt{94.65}$$

$$= 9.72$$

b	Mark secured	0-20	20-40	40-60	60-80	80-100
	No. of students	2	8	16	10	4

Solution:

C1	x	f	fx	$(x-\bar{x})^2$	$f(x-\bar{x})^2$
0-20	10	2	20	1849	3698
20-40	30	8	240	529	4232
40-60	50	16	800	9	144
60-80	70	10	700	289	2890
80-100	90	4	360	1369	5476
		$N=40$	$\Sigma fx =$		$\Sigma f(x-\bar{x})^2$
			2120		= 16440

Here,

$$\text{Mean}(\bar{x}) = \frac{\Sigma fx}{N}$$

$$= \frac{2120}{40} = 53$$

We know

$$S.D(\sigma) = \sqrt{\frac{\Sigma f(x-\bar{x})^2}{N}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{16440}{40}}$$

$$= \sqrt{411}$$

$$= 20.27$$

$$\text{Coefficient of S.D} = \frac{S.D}{\bar{x}}$$

$$= \frac{20.27}{53}$$

$$= 0.38$$

c.	Height in cm	0-8	8-16	16-24	24-32	32-40
	No. of plants	6	7	16	8	9

Soln:

CI	x	f	$d(x-A)$	fd	fd^2	fx
0-8	4	6	-16	-96	1536	24
8-16	12	7	-8	-56	448	84
16-24	20	16	0	0	0	200
24-32	28	8	8	64	512	224
32-40	36	9	16	144	2304	324
		$N=40$		$\Sigma fd = 56$	$\Sigma fd^2 = 4800$	$\Sigma fx = 856$

Here,

$$S.D = \sqrt{\frac{\Sigma fd^2}{N} - \left(\frac{\Sigma fd}{N}\right)^2}$$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\Sigma fx}{N}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{4800}{40} - \left(\frac{56}{40}\right)^2}$$

$$= \frac{856}{40}$$

$$= \sqrt{120 - 1.96}$$

$$= 21.4$$

$$= 10.86$$

Also,

$$\text{Coefficient of S.D} = \frac{S.D}{\bar{x}}$$

$$= \frac{10.86}{21.4}$$

$$= 0.50$$

2. Calculate the variance and the coefficient of variance from the following data.

a.	x	$0 \leq x \leq 10$	$10 \leq x \leq 20$	$20 \leq x \leq 30$	$30 \leq x \leq 40$	$40 \leq x \leq 50$
	f	7	10	14	12	6

Solution:

C.I	x	f	fx	d(x-A)	fd	fd ²
0-10	5	7	35	-20	-140	2800
10-20	15	10	150	-10	-100	1000
20-30	25	14	350	0	0	0
30-40	35	12	420	10	120	1200
40-50	45	6	270	20	120	2400
		N=49	Σfx		Σfd	Σfd^2
			1225		0	7400

Here,

$$S.D(\sigma) = \sqrt{\frac{\Sigma fd^2}{N} - \left(\frac{\Sigma fd}{N}\right)^2}$$

$$\text{Mean}(\bar{x}) = \frac{\Sigma fx}{N}$$

$$= \frac{1225}{49} = 25$$

Now

$$S.D(\sigma) = \sqrt{\frac{\Sigma fd^2}{N} - \left(\frac{\Sigma fd}{N}\right)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{7400}{49} - \left(\frac{0}{49}\right)^2}$$

$$= 12.28$$

$$C.V = \frac{S.D}{\bar{x}} \times 100$$

Also,

$$\text{Coefficient of S.D} = \frac{\sigma}{\bar{x}}$$

$$= \frac{12.28}{25} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{12.28}{25}$$

$$= 49.12$$

$$= 0.49$$

b.	Mid-value	4	8	12	16	20	24
	frequency	10	15	11	16	14	8

Soln.

x	f	fx	$d(x-a)$	fd	fd^2	fd^2
4	10	40	-8	-80	640	1440
8	15	120	-4	-60	240	960
12	11	132	0	0	0	176
16	16	256	4	64	256	0
20	14	280	8	112	896	224
24	8	192	12	96	1152	512
	$N=74$	$\Sigma fx =$		$\Sigma fd =$	$\Sigma fd^2 =$	$\Sigma fd^2 = 3312$
		768		132	3184	
		1020		-164		

we know,

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\Sigma fx}{N} = \frac{768}{74} = 10.37 \quad \frac{1020}{74} = 13.78$$

Now,

$$S.D = \sqrt{\frac{\Sigma fd^2}{N} - \left(\frac{\Sigma fd}{N}\right)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{3184}{10.37} - \left(\frac{132}{10.37}\right)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{3312}{13.78} - \left(\frac{-164}{13.78}\right)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{307.039 - 162.028} = \sqrt{240.34 - 141.64}$$

$$= 12.04 = \sqrt{43.62} = 6.31$$

Also,

$$\text{Coefficient of S.D} = \frac{S.D}{\bar{x}} = \frac{12.04}{10.37}$$

$$= \frac{6.31}{13.78} = 0.45$$

Also,

$$C.V = \frac{S.D}{\bar{x}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{6.31}{13.78} \times 100 = 45.79$$

c.	x	less than 10	less than 20	less than 30	less than 40	less than 50
	f	12	19	24	33	40

Soln.

	c.i	2	f	d(x-A)	fd	fd ²	fx
	0-10	5	12	-20	-240	4800	60
	10-20	15	19-12=7	-10	-70	700	105
	20-30	25	24-19=5	0	0	0	125
	30-40	35	33-24=9	10	90	900	135
	40-50	45	40-33=7	20	140	2800	135
			N=40		$\Sigma fd = -80$	$\Sigma fd^2 = 9200$	$\Sigma fx = 920$

Here,

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\Sigma fx}{N} = \frac{920}{40} = 23$$

Also,

$$S.D(\sigma) = \sqrt{\frac{\Sigma fd^2}{N} - \left(\frac{\Sigma fd}{N}\right)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{9200}{40} - \left(\frac{-80}{40}\right)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{230 - 4}$$

$$= 15.03$$

Also,

$$\text{Coefficient of S.D} = \frac{\sigma}{\bar{x}} = \frac{15.03}{23}$$

$$= 0.65$$

Again,

$$\text{Coefficient of variation (C.V)} = \frac{S.D}{\bar{x}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{15.03}{23} \times 100$$

$$= 65.34$$

d.	x	above 20	above 40	above 60	above 80	above 100
	f	50	42	30	18	7

Solution:

C1.	x	f	fx	d(x-a)	fd	fd ²
20-40	30	50-42=8	240	-40	-320	12800
40-60	50	42-30=12	600	-20	-240	4800
60-80	70	30-18=12	840	0	0	0
80-100	90	18-7=11	990	20	220	4400
100-120	110	7	770	40	280	11200
		N=50	Σfx		Σfd	Σfd^2
			3440		-60	33200

Here,

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\Sigma fx}{N} = \frac{3440}{50}$$

$$= 68.8$$

Now,

$$S.D (s) = \sqrt{\frac{\Sigma fd^2}{N} - \left(\frac{\Sigma fd}{N}\right)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{33200}{50} - \left(\frac{-60}{50}\right)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{664 - 1.44}$$

$$= 25.74$$

Also,

$$\text{Coefficient of S.D} = \frac{s}{\bar{x}}$$

$$= \frac{25.74}{68.8} = 0.38$$

Again,

$$\text{Coefficient of variation} = \frac{S.D}{\bar{x}} \times 100$$

$$= 38.53$$

3.a. Prepare a frequency distribution taking 0-4 as one of the class intervals and hence find the standard deviation.
 7, 3, 10, 4, 2, 1, 9, 11, 18, 8, 5, 6, 4, 13, 17, 6, 8, 12, 17, 19, 5, 3, 17, 16, 3, 2, 14, 13, 4, 10

Solution:

C.I.	x	f	fx	$d(x-A)$	fd	fd^2
0-4	2	6	12	-8	-48	384
4-8	6	8	48	-4	-32	128
8-12	10	6	60	0	0	0
12-16	14	4	56	4	16	64
16-20	18	6	108	8	48	384
		$N=30$	$\Sigma fx = 284$		$\Sigma fd = -16$	$\Sigma fd^2 = 960$

Hence,

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\Sigma fx}{N} = \frac{284}{30} = 9.46$$

Also,

$$\begin{aligned} S.D &= \sqrt{\frac{\Sigma fd^2}{N} - \left(\frac{\Sigma fd}{N}\right)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{960}{30} - \left(\frac{-16}{30}\right)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{32 - 0.28} \\ &= 5.63 \end{aligned}$$

Also,

$$\text{Coefficient of S.D} = \frac{S.D}{\bar{x}} = \frac{5.63}{9.46} = 0.59$$

Again,

$$\text{Coefficient of Variation (C.V)} = \frac{S.D}{\bar{x}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{5.63}{9.46} \times 100 = 59.51$$