Unidad II: Procesadores de Audio Parte 3

Diseño e Instalación de Sistemas de Sonido AUM-711

Prof. Ing. Andrés Barrera A.

1.- Ecualizadores

1.1.- Funciones principales

- Corregir las deficiencias acústicas de la sala y de la cadena electroacústica (lograr un espectro plano).
- EQ por bandas de 1/3 oct.

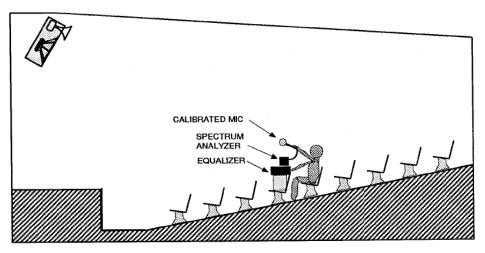
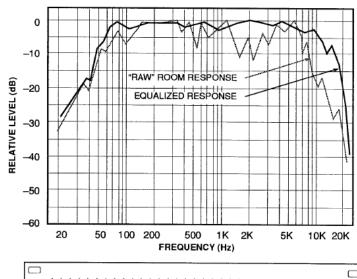


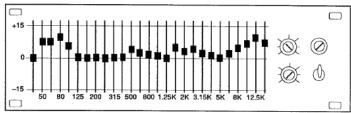
Figure 9-1. Simplified illustration of loudspeaker system being fine-tuned to the environment

1.- Ecualizadores

1.1.- Funciones principales

- Eliminar peaks molestos por causa de la sala.
- Compensar el efecto del exceso de absorción en agudos.
- Lograr buena inteligibilidad de la palabra.

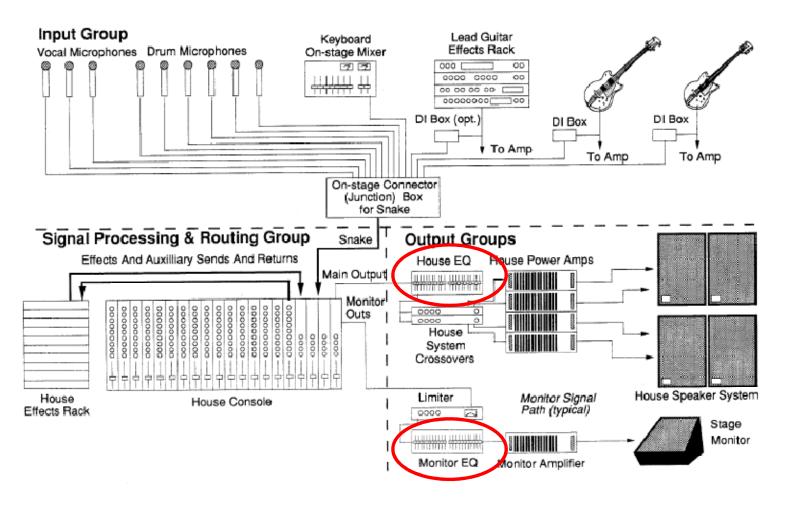




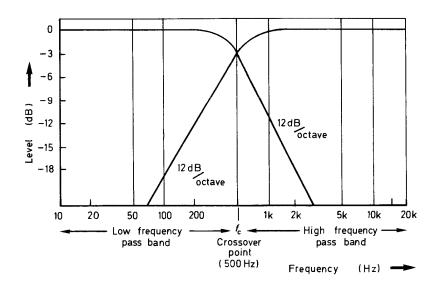
1/3 OCTAVE GRAPHIC EQUALIZER

Figure 9-2. Comparison of uncorrected and corrected spectrum analysis for a sound system, along with graphic EQ settings needed to achieve the corrections.

1.- Ecualizadores



2.- Filtros de cruce (Crossovers)

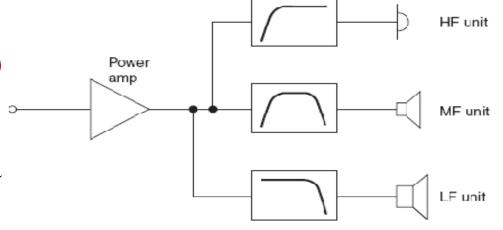


• Dispositivo eléctrico/electrónico encargado de dividir la señal (basándose en la frecuencia) para ser reproducida en 2 o más altavoces.

3.- Tipos de Xovers

3.1 Xover pasivo (o de alto nivel)

- Ocupan poco espacio.
- Son más baratos.
- Se diseñan tomando en cuenta la Z_{NOM} de carga (4 Ω , 8 Ω).
- Utilizan componentes pasivos (bobinas y condensadores) de alta potencia.

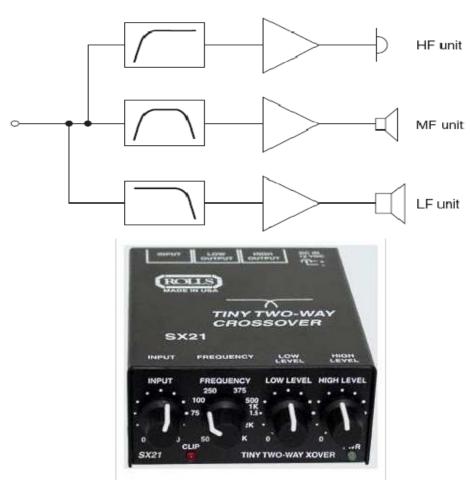




3.- Tipos de Xovers

3.2. Xover Activo (o de bajo nivel)

- Más fácil diseño, ya que el xover está cargado con el amplificador cuya Z es constante con la frecuencia.
- Son más caros.
- Reducida distorsión = THD de la unidad de graves no afecta a la unidad de agudos.
- Mejor aprovechamiento de la potencia disponible.

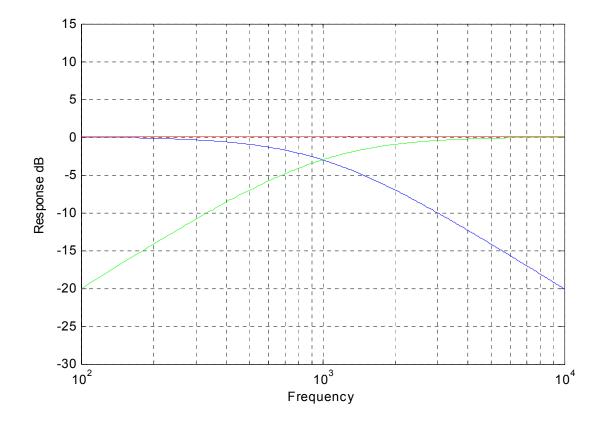




4.- Tipos de Filtros

4.1.- Filtro Butterworth

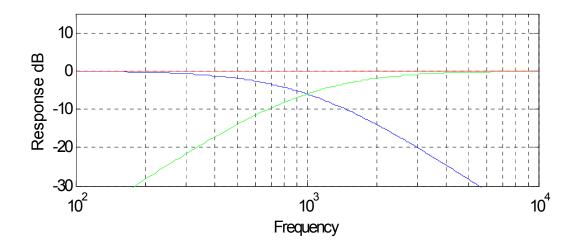
- Orden impar.
- -3dB en fc.
- 90° desfase en fc.
- Respuesta total plana.



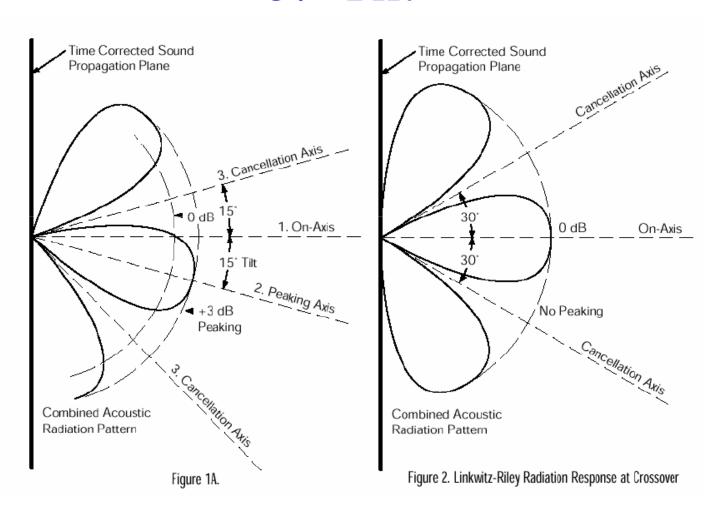
4.- Tipos de Filtros

4.2.- Filtro Linkwitz-Riley

- Orden par.
- -6dB en fc.
- 0° desfase en fc.
- Respuesta total plana.



5.- Tilt



5.- Tilt

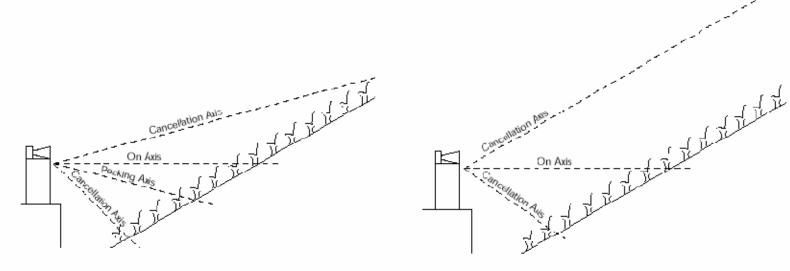


Figure 3. Butterworth All-Pass Crossover Stage-Audience Relationship Crossovers-4

Figure 4. Linkwitz-Riley Crossover Stage Audience Relationship

5.- Tilt

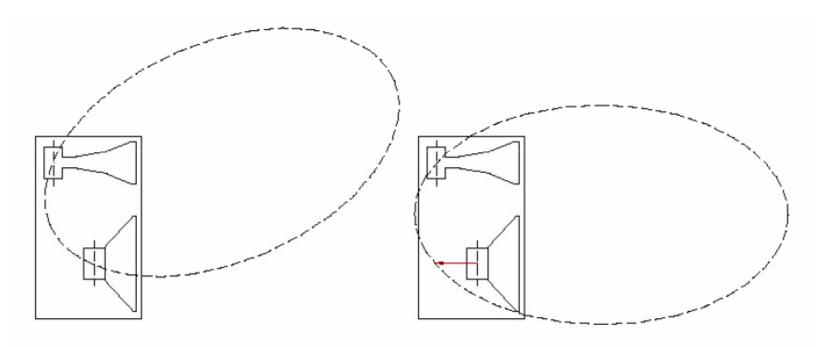


Figure 7. Adding Delay to the Forward Driver Time-Aligns the Phase of Both Drivers, Reducing Lobing Error.

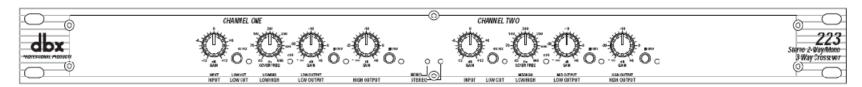
Figure 7a Without Time Alignment.

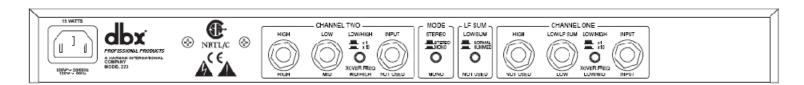
Figure 7b. With Time Alignment.

6.- Ejemplo: Xover dbx 223

223

STEREO 2-WAY / MONO 3-WAY CROSSOVER





6.- Ejemplo: Xover dbx 223

223 STEREO 2-WAY / MONO 3-WAY CROSSOVER



CROSSOVER FREQUENCIES:

Stereo Mode:

Low/High: 45 to 960 Hz or 450 Hz to 9.6 kHz (x10

setting)

Mono Mode:

Low/Mid: 45 to 960 Hz or 450 Hz to 9.6 kHz (x10

setting)

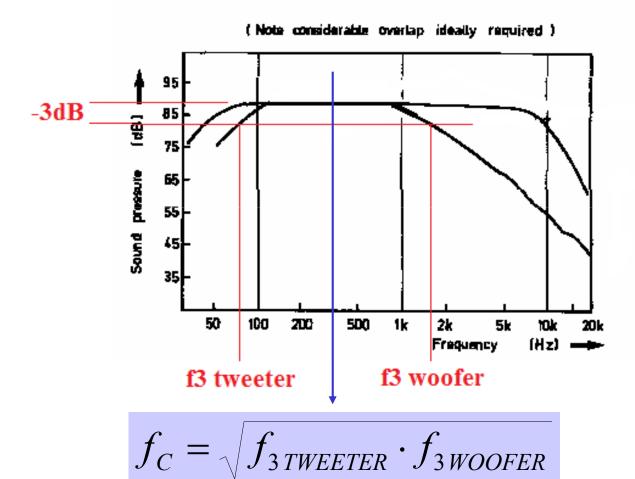
Mid/High: 45 to 960 Hz or 450 Hz to 9.6 kHz (x10

setting)

Filter Type: Linkwitz-Riley, 24 dB/octave, state-vari-

able

7.- Selección de la frecuencia de cruce



SRX728S Dual 18" High Power Subwoofer



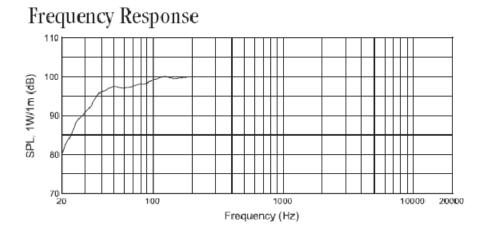
Specifications:

Frequency Range (-10 dB):	27 Hz – 220 Hz
Frequency Response (±3 dB):	33 Hz – 220 Hz
Input Connection Modes:	Switchable, +1/-1 or +2/-2 Internally selectable, Parallel or Discrete
Recommended Crossover Frequencies:	80 Hz, 24 dB / octave HPF 80 Hz, 24 dB / octave LPF
Power Rating	
(Continuous¹ / Program / Peak):	Parallel: 1600 W / 3200 W / 6400 W
Maximum SPL ² :	136 dB SPL peak
Sensitivity (1w @ 1m):	98 dB SPL
LF Driver:	2 x JBL 2268H 457 mm (18 in) Differential Drive woofer with neodymium-magnet and dual voice-coils
Nominal Impedance:	Parallel: 4 ohms Discrete: 8 ohms x 2

► SRX728S Dual 18" High Power Subwoofer

Block Diagram | Serial No. | SPECIAL Model Price Edicional National Price | Serial No. | Serial

SRX700



22/SRX722F Dual 12" High-Power Two-Way Speaker

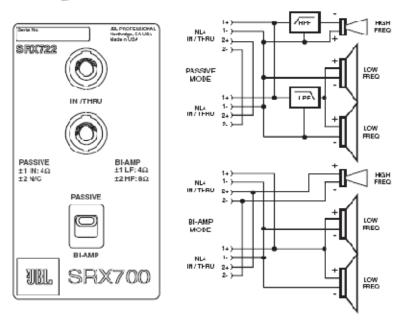
Specifications:

System Type:	Dual 12", two-way, bass-reflex
Frequency Range (-10 dB):	72 Hz – 20 kHz
Frequency Response (±3 dB):	81 Hz – 20 kHz
Coverage Pattern:	75° x 50° nominal
Crossover Modes:	Bi-amp / passive, externally switchable
Crossover Frequency:	1.2 kHz
	Passive: 1200 W / 2400 W / 4800 W
(Continuous¹ / Program / Peak):	Bi-amp LF: 1200 W / 2400 W / 4800 W
	Bi-amp HF: 75 W / 150 W / 300 W
Maximum SPL ² :	135 dB SPL peak
System Sensitivity (1w @ 1m):	97 dB SPL (passive mode)
LF Driver:	2 x JBL 2262H 305 mm (12 in) Differential Drive
	woofer
HF Driver:	1 x JBL 2451H 102 mm (4 in) voice-coil, neodymium
	compression driver
Nominal Impedance:	Passive: 4 ohms
•	Bi-amp LF: 4 ohms

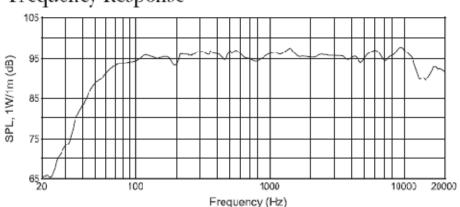
Bi-amp HF: 8 ohms

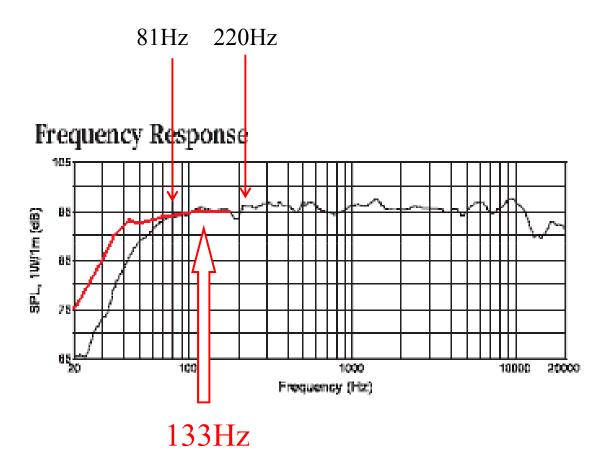
► SRX722/SRX722F Dual 12" High-Power, Two-Way Speaker

Block Diagram



Frequency Response





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