苏州大学 概率论与数理统计(二)期末考试 答题模板

共3页

考试形式 线上闭卷限时考试 2022年6月

院系教学和多常性级 2019级 专业各语为原用处意(其他) 学号1907402030 姓名 飛城 序号

答题要求: 必须用 A4 白纸打印本文档,用黑色签字笔撰写,字迹清楚,无需抄写题目。

Solve. 设企业的研究经验所与比例为X,则X~N(从, 0-) 构造枢轴量 $\chi^2 = \frac{(n-1) \cdot S_{\lambda}^{**}}{2^2} \sim \chi^2(n-1)$ 则名差置信证的为[(n-1)5芬),(n-1)5芬] 其中 れ=10 计算 5 = 6.4 , 2=0.05 $\chi_{0.975}^{2}(9) = 19.023$, $\chi_{0.025}^{2}(9) = 2.700$ 以而名名心直信水平的9次一直信息问为[3.0279,4.333]

Solve (1). 发楼登记在地 ①·松野陵海: Ho: 叶= 5 ~ H: 57 + 55

②在什成之流标,构造系计量下= 500~ F(n-1,n)

③ 给这 d = 0.1, 图 拒绝成为 W = (-∞, F=(n,-1,n-1)] U[F, +n-1,n-1), the Fo.05(8.9) = 0.295. Fo.95(8.9) = 3.230 = W=(-00.0.95]U[324.+0

⊕·计算 f = 26.7 ≈ 1,265 € W, 因此在2011中年, 接受 原版设,可以认为 叮二 时

(2) 桂梅期望水性

① 枪跨门改设: H.: Mx=My → H.: Mx = My

の在Ho成立に称作 紀州星 $T = \frac{\bar{x} - \bar{y}}{S_{\omega} \sqrt{n_1 + n_2}} - t(n_1 + n_2 - z)$

の由P(171ラナトを(17))こみ=0.05 to.975(17)=2.110

拒絕原假沒 即这两个品种有显著差异 (220.05)

院系数学和学学院组 2019级 专业教学与友朋教学(其地)

Solve. 检验顶的 Hor $P(3=k) = \frac{\lambda^k}{k!} e^{-\lambda}$, k=0.1.2.3由于Posom的布着的分的极大似色的计分分二多,故我们用文代替

By Ho = $P(8=k) = \frac{3k}{k!}e^{-3}$, k=0.1.2.3在出版之的教件下,产品一个一个计算得。

 $\hat{P}_{0} = e^{-0.7} = 0.5, \quad \hat{P}_{1} = 0.7 \times e^{-7} = 0.35 \quad \hat{P}_{2} = \frac{0.7^{2}}{3!} \times e^{-0.7} = 0.125, \quad \hat{P}_{3} = \frac{0.7^{3}}{3!} = \frac{0.7^{3}}{3!} = 0.028$ $i + \hat{P}_{0} = 105, \quad n = \hat{P}_{1} = 73.5, \quad n_{2} - \hat{P}_{2} = 23.775 \quad n_{3} - \hat{P}_{2} = 6.006$

发介 n. A. 构大子等于5。

事政治	ni	npi	(n; -n p-)2
0	109	105	0.1524
_[65	73.5	0.9830
2	22	25725	0.5394
3	19	6.006	10.6400

在出的真的条件下 $\chi^2 = \sum_{i=0}^{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{(n_i - n\hat{p}_i)^2}{n\hat{p}_i} \sim \tilde{\chi}(4+1)$ 希定→=0.05, 拒绝成似=[x,(2),+×)

i볔 x=12.3//sfeW 母处打绳巾,即在一岁一家件下 不可以认为事故的版从海松分布.

Salve. 该牙、心肠内容、甲的A、刀为A、两为A、残酸碳率为Yij i=1,2.3, j=1,2.....ti, Li表示Ai的值。 r=3. $t_1=5$. $t_2=6$. $t_3=5$. n=16

- ①. 检验16kg: H.: 从=从=从 → H: 从,从,从,从,在被等
- 在Ho成之时,这取统计会 $F = \frac{SA/(r-1)}{Se/(n-r)} \sim F(r-1, n-r)$
- ③ 给这d=0.05, Fi-3(r-1,1-r)=F-0.95(2,13)=3.816 超级成为 W= [3.806,+10]
- Θ . $S_{T} = \sum_{j=1}^{4} y_{ij}^{2} n_{y}^{2} = (6634.9766 16 \times 32.234^{2} = 10.4845$ $S_{A} = \frac{5}{15} \frac{y_{1}^{2}}{t_{1}} - n\overline{y}^{2} = 4983.3245 + 7541.1745 + 5360.1928 - 16x32.332$ $Se = S_{7} - S_{A} = -1249.7152 \quad J = \frac{S_{A}/(r-1)}{S_{E}/(n-r)} = 6.5545 \in W$ $\frac{1}{5} \frac{1}{5} \frac{1$

强度产生强影响.

五、

$$n=8$$
, $\frac{2}{5}x_{c}=1.08$, $\bar{x}=0.135$
 $\frac{2}{5}y_{i}=369$, $\bar{y}=46.125$
 $\frac{2}{5}x_{c}^{2}=0.15$, $\frac{2}{5}x_{i}y_{i}=50.38$, $\frac{2}{5}y_{i}^{2}=17107$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$
 $1/2$

$$\beta_{i} = \frac{Q \times y}{\ell_{xx}} = 134.524 \quad \hat{\beta}_{0} = \overline{y} - \hat{\beta}_{i} \cdot \overline{\chi} = 27.964$$

- (1). 月天于义的一元残性国门后程模型为发言 β0+β1X1+元, (=1,2-) 各气相互独立且至1,个N(0,0+)
- (2). 孩线性回归统计模型中各多型的最小二元估计为 β1 =134.524. 研: ŷ = 134.524·x + 27.964.
- - ②. 在Ho成之的条件下,构造统计包 $F = \frac{SR/P}{Se/(n-p-1)} \sim F(p,n-p-1)$
 - ③ 徐定 Z = 0.05, 拒绝对为 W= [F₁₋₂(P.n-P-1), +w)

DF Fo.95 (1,8-2) = 5.987 ⇒ W = [5.987, +w)

 $f = \frac{76.006}{10.869/6} = 41.957 \in W$

因此拒绝什。,即在2=0.05时,岁5个线性美冠。