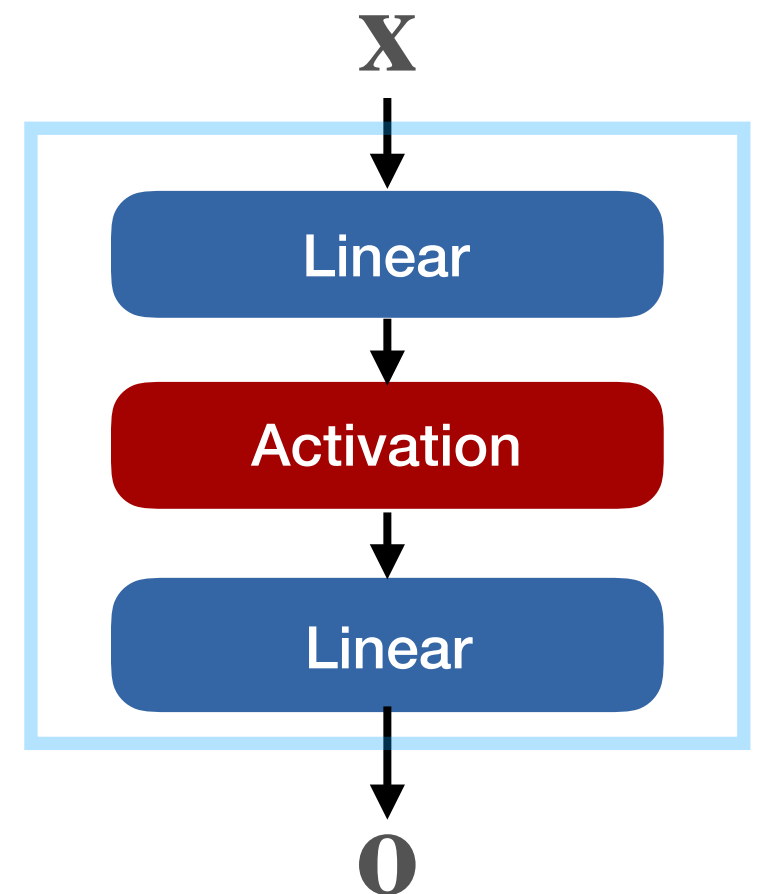


Activation functions

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Non-linearities

- Allow a deep network to model arbitrary differentiable functions



Zoo of activation functions

ReLU

Leaky ReLU

PReLU

ELU

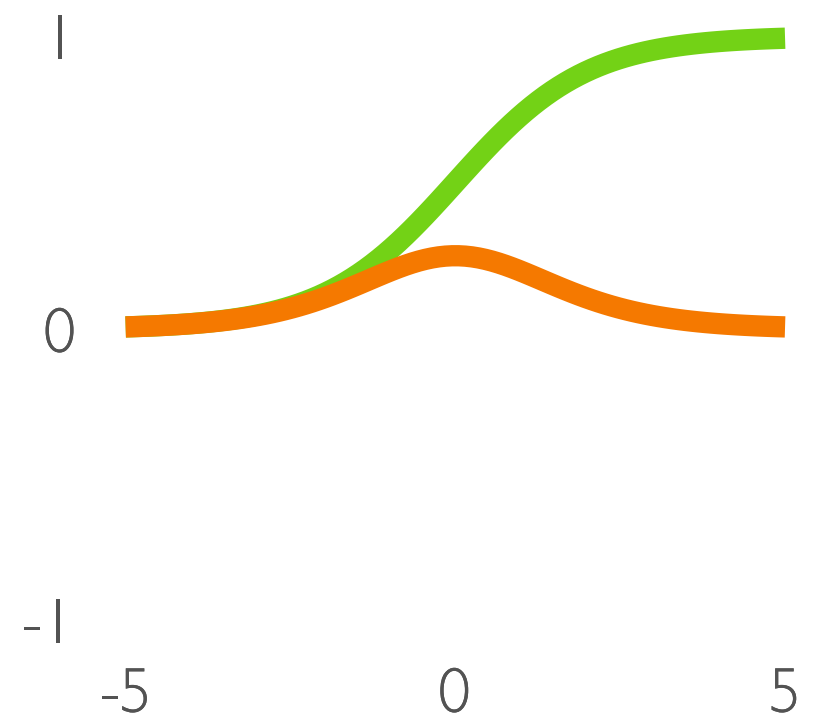
tanh



Sigmoid

Maxout

Sigmoid

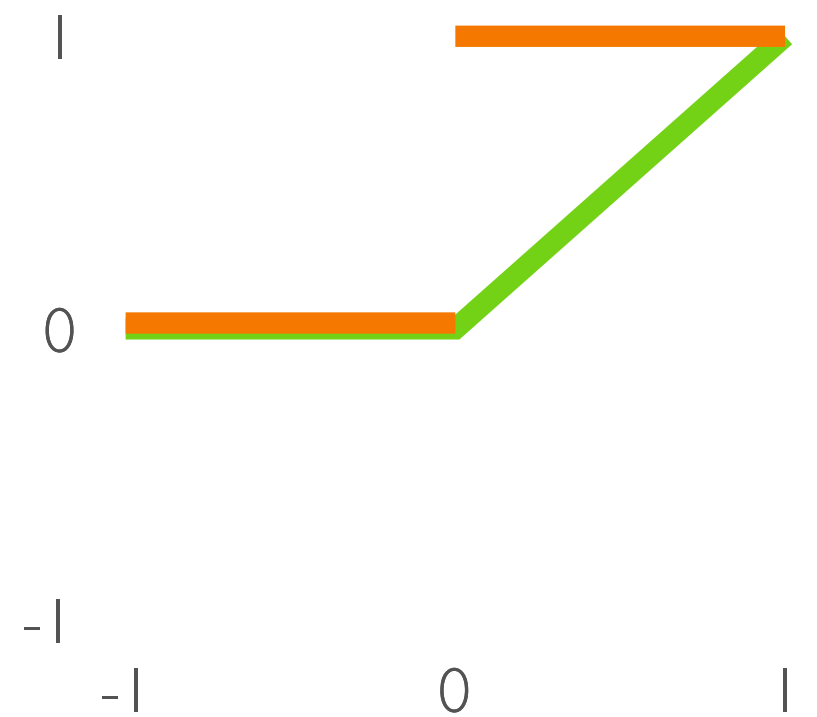
- $\frac{1}{1 + e^{-x}}$
- Same as tanh
- Do not use





| | |
|--------------------|---|
| $f(x)$ |  |
| $\frac{df(x)}{dx}$ |  |

ReLU

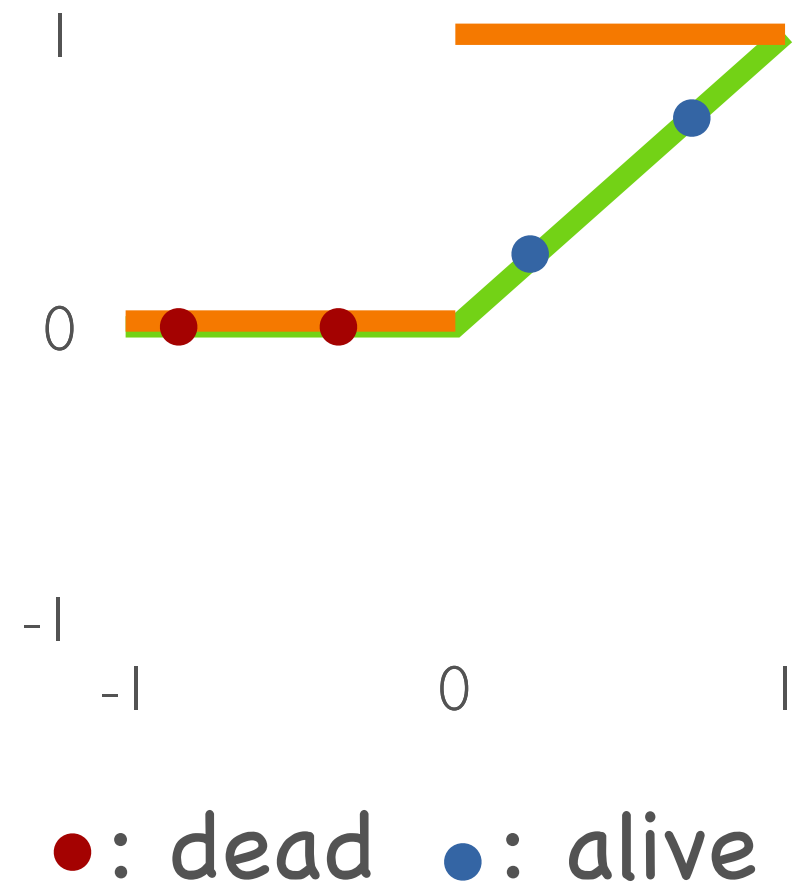
- $\max(x, 0)$



| | |
|--------------------|---|
| $f(x)$ |  |
| $\frac{df(x)}{dx}$ |  |

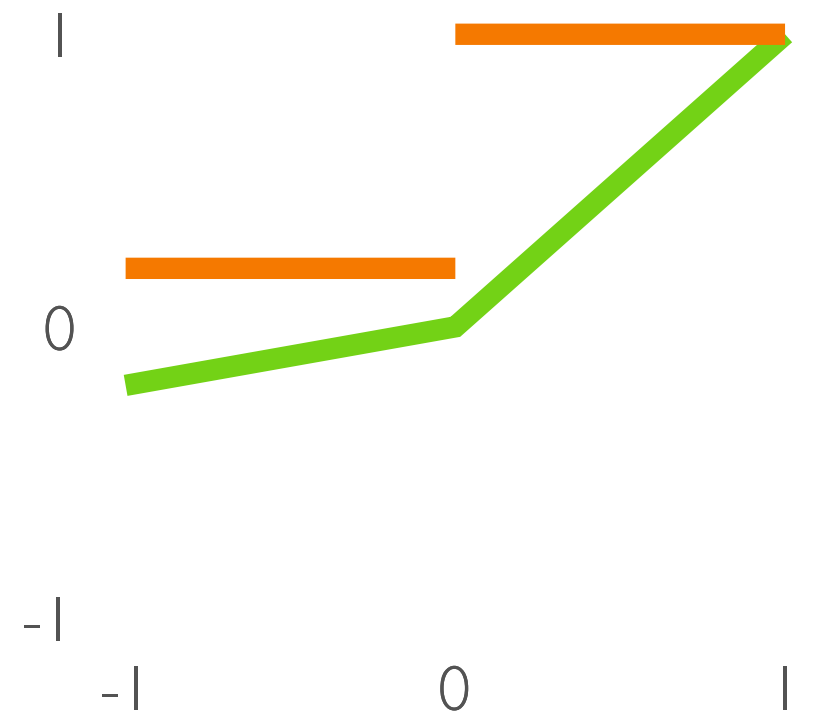
Dead ReLUs



- Prevent dead ReLUs:
- Initialize Network carefully
- Decrease the learning rate



Leaky ReLU

- $\max(x, \alpha x)$
- For $0 < \alpha < 1$
- Called PReLU if α is learned

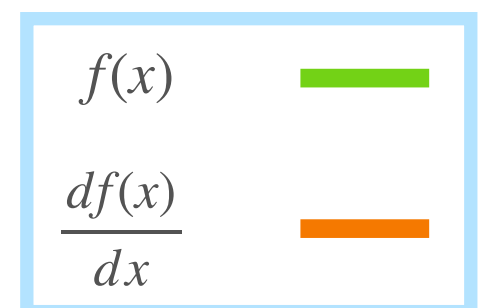
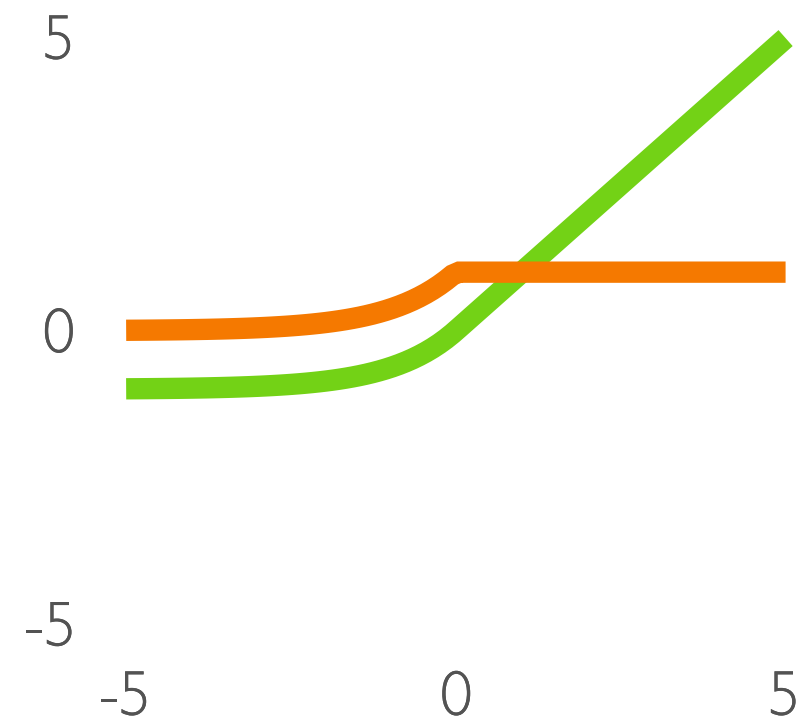


| | |
|--------------------|---|
| $f(x)$ |  |
| $\frac{df(x)}{dx}$ |  |

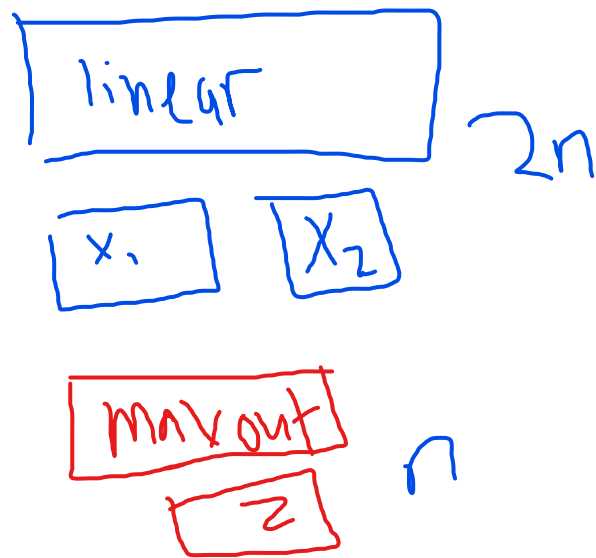
ELU

ELU more expensive to compute

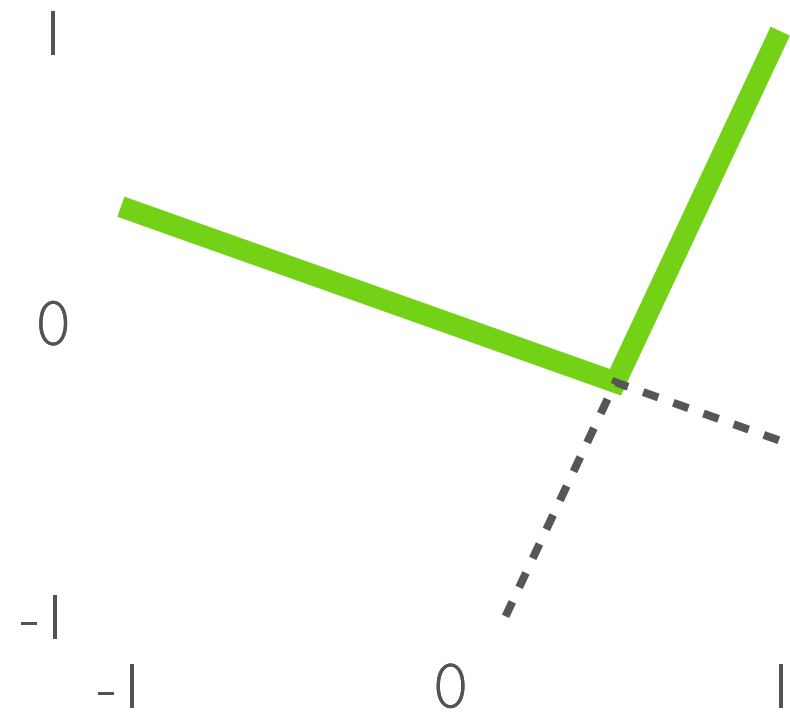
- $$\begin{cases} x & \text{for } x \geq 0 \\ \alpha(e^x - 1) & \text{for } x < 0 \end{cases}$$



Maxout



- $\max(x_1, x_2)$



Which activation to choose?

- ReLU
 - Carefully initialize
 - Small enough learning rate
- If ReLU fails, try:
 - Leaky ReLU / PReLU
- Avoid sigmoid and tanh