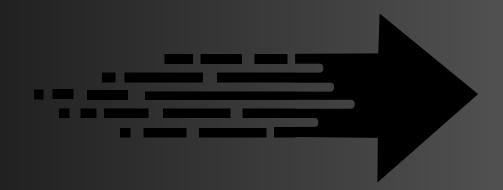




Day 19/50

19. Queries Quality & percentage





## Question

We define query quality as:

The average of the ratio between query rating and its position.

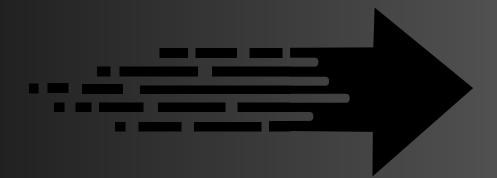
We also define poor query percentage as:

The percentage of all queries with rating less than 3.

Write a solution to find each query\_name, the quality and poor\_query\_percentage.

Both quality and poor\_query\_percentage should be rounded to 2 decimal places.

Return the result table in any order.

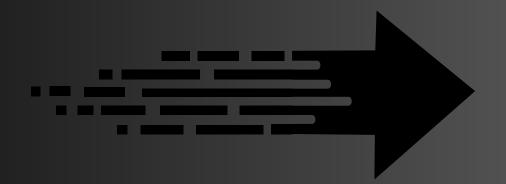


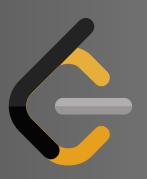




#### Table

<pre>Input: Queries table:</pre>			
query_name	re <b>sult</b>	position	rating
Dog	Golden Retriever	1	5
Dog	German Shepherd	2	5
Dog	Mule	200	1
Cat	Shirazi	5	2
Cat	Siamese	3	3
Cat	Sphynx	7	4
+	+	+	·+

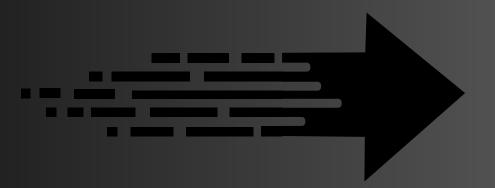






# Approach

The query uses two CTEs: one for total ratings and another for poor ratings per query\_name. It calculates quality as a weighted average of rating by position and poor\_query\_percentage as the percentage of poor ratings, using joins and grouping by query\_name.

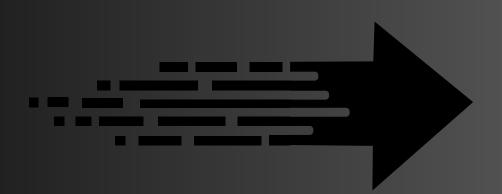






# Query

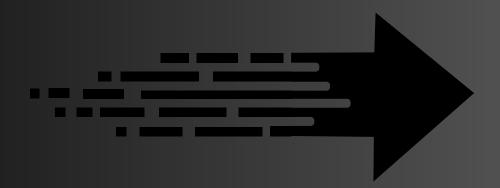
```
MySQL ∨ Auto
      WITH a AS (
          SELECT query_name, COUNT(rating) AS total_ratings
   2
          FROM queries
   3
          GROUP BY query name
   5
      ),
      b AS (
          SELECT query name, COUNT(rating) AS poor ratings
   7
          FROM queries
   9
          WHERE rating < 3
  10
          GROUP BY query_name
  11
  12
      SELECT q.query_name,
  13
          ROUND(SUM(q.rating/q.position)/a.total_ratings, 2) AS quality,
          ROUND(COALESCE(b.poor_ratings, 0)*100/a.total_ratings, 2) AS poor_query_percentage
  14
  15
      FROM queries q INNER JOIN a
  16
          ON q.query_name = a.query_name
      LEFT JOIN b ON q.query_name = b.query_name
  17
  18
      GROUP BY q.query_name;
```







# Output







# Share your thoughts in the comment section

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Thank You:)

