

1. **BMR**

- **Mifflin-St Jeor Equation:** $BMR \text{ (kcal / day)} = 10 * \text{weight (kg)} + 6.25 * \text{height (cm)} - 5 * \text{age (y)} + s \text{ (kcal / day)}$, where s is +5 for males and -161 for females.

2. **Maintenance calories**

BMR * activity_level_const

- Sedentary (little to no exercise) | 1.2
- Light exercise (1-3 days of exercise per week) | 1.35
- Moderate exercise (4-5 days of exercise per week) | 1.5
- Intense exercise (6-7 days of exercise per week) | 1.6
- Hard exercise (marathon or twice daily training sessions) | 1.75

3. **Fat Loss or Muscle Gain (Decide)**

1 lb = 3500 kcal

1 kg = 7700 kcal

For eg: Maint Cal = 2100 kcal/day

Calorie Intake Difference (1kg per week) = 1100 kcal/day

Calorie Intake Difference (1kg per month) = 256.67

Difference = Calorie(7700) * LOSSorGAINweight / days

- Weight Gain / Muscle Gain --> Daily Calorie Intake > Maintenance Calories
- Fat / Weight Loss --> Daily Calorie Intake < Maintenance Calories

Decide how much calories are to be taken

4. **LEAN BODY MASS and BODY FAT PERCENTAGE (USED IN APP)** :

Source : <https://www.calculator.net/lean-body-mass-calculator.html>

The Boer Formula:

For males:

$$eLBM = 0.407W + 0.267H - 19.2$$

For females:

$$eLBM = 0.252W + 0.473H - 48.3$$

Body Fat Formula (per day) (NOT USED)

Source for Body Fat Perc = <https://www.gaiam.com/blogs/discover/how-to-calculate-your-ideal-body-fat-percentage>, <https://www.calculator.net/body-fat-calculator.html>

- i. $BMI = \text{weight (kg)} / [\text{height (m)}]^2$
- ii. Women: $(1.20 \times BMI) + (0.23 \times \text{Age}) - 5.4 = \text{Body Fat Percentage}$
- iii. Men: $(1.20 \times BMI) + (0.23 \times \text{Age}) - 16.2 = \text{Body Fat Percentage}$
- iv. Lean Body Weight = Overall Weight - Fat Percentage

5. **MACROS**

- Proteins

Source (USED): <https://www.verywellfit.com/how-to-calculate-how-much-protein-you-need-3955709> , Confirmation: <https://mennohenselmans.com/the-myth-of-1g-lb-optimal-protein-intake-for-bodybuilders/>

Sedentary (generally physically inactive): multiply by 0.5

Light activity (includes walking or gardening): multiply by 0.6

Moderate (30 minutes of moderate activity, thrice weekly): multiply by 0.7

Active (one hour of exercise, five times weekly): multiply by 0.8

Very active (10 to 20 hours of exercise weekly): multiply by 0.9

Athlete (over 20 hours of exercise weekly): multiply by 1.0

SOURCE: VRFIT Video

- PROTEIN REQUIREMENT: Muscle Building / Lean Body: 1g per pound of lean body weight (minimum)

- no activity : $\text{weight(kgs)} \times 0.8$, moderate activity : $\text{weight(kgs)} \times 0.8$
- Calories: 4cal for 1g of protein
- Fats

SOURCE: VRFIT Video

- REQUIREMENT: 0.4g per pound of lean body weight (minimum)
- 9cal for 1g of fat
- Carbohydrates

SOURCE: VRFIT Video

- REQUIREMENT: Remaining calories from the pre determined calories will be fulfilled by carbohydrates. $(\text{Remaining Calories}/4)\text{g}$ carbohydrates required.
- 4cal for 1g of carbohydrates

ADDITIONAL SOURCE FOR MACRO CALCULATION CONSTANTS :

<https://www.bodybuilding.com/fun/randy46.htm>

ICONS ATTRIBUTES

Fat: Icons made by Freepik from www.flaticon.com