

# **Project OJAS – AI Co-Pilot for Rural Healthcare**

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## **1. Problem Statement**

India's healthcare system faces a serious last-mile challenge. While advanced hospitals and doctors are concentrated in cities, over 65% of India's population lives in rural areas, where access to specialists and diagnostic facilities is minimal.

- 80% of specialist posts in rural health centers remain vacant.
- Non-communicable diseases like diabetes, cancer, and heart disease cause 60% of deaths, often due to late detection.
- Families must travel long distances, sometimes 100+ km, for basic checkups—leading to treatment delays, higher costs, and preventable deaths.
- ASHA workers are trusted community health guides but lack diagnostic tools, leaving them unable to provide more than basic awareness.

This crisis hits the poorest, women, children, and elderly the hardest. It is not just a health issue but a national development challenge.

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## **2. Solution – Project OJAS**

Project OJAS is a mobile-first AI assistant designed as a co-pilot for ASHA workers, bridging the rural healthcare gap.

How it works:

1. Voice Input: Patients describe symptoms in local language → converted to text.
2. Image Capture: Worker takes photos of visible signs (skin, eye, wounds).
3. AI Triage System: AI combines voice + image → generates color-coded triage:
  - o  Green = Monitor at home
  - o  Yellow = Refer to nearest clinic
  - o  Red = Urgent referral to hospital
4. Patient Education: Generates pictograms + voice instructions for treatment or prevention guidance.

Why it's Unique:

- Human-in-loop design: Supports ASHA workers, doesn't replace them.
  - Voice-first, multilingual, offline-ready: Built for rural India.
  - Simple, culturally relevant interface: Overcomes literacy barriers.
  - Low bandwidth + scalable: Optimized for real-world rural conditions.
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### 3. Use of OpenAI APIs

Project OJAS leverages OpenAI's latest multimodal AI to power every step of the journey:

- Whisper → Converts patient speech in local dialects into structured medical notes.
- GPT-4o Vision → Analyzes photos of symptoms and combines with text to recommend triage.
- DALL·E 3 → Generates simple, culturally relevant visual guides for patients.
- GPT-4o → Summarizes data into a clear action plan for ASHA workers.
- Text-to-Speech → Reads out instructions in local languages for patients with low literacy.

These APIs allow us to build a true multimodal AI co-pilot that works seamlessly in rural India.

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### 4. Feasibility

#### Why It's Buildable Now:

- **Mobile-first approach:** Runs on entry-level Android smartphones already used by ASHA workers.
- **Offline-first design:** Core features (voice, image capture, triage) can function offline with data syncing later.
- **Proven APIs:** Whisper, GPT-4o, and DALL·E 3 can be rapidly integrated via cloud endpoints for MVP.

#### Constraints & Mitigations:

- **Connectivity Issues:** Rural areas have poor internet → app optimized for low bandwidth + stores data offline until sync.
- **Data Privacy:** Use only anonymized/synthetic patient data in prototypes. Full version will comply with India's **DPDPA** with consent framework and end-to-end encryption.

- **Algorithmic Bias:** AI outputs can vary → our **human-in-loop model** ensures ASHA workers make final calls, not the AI.
- **Training Gap:** ASHA workers may lack digital skills → the app is **voice-first, icon-driven, and language-inclusive** to ensure adoption.

### **Scalability Potential:**

- Integrates with **Ayushman Bharat Digital Mission (ABDM)** for health records.
  - Leverages **existing government health infrastructure** like e-Sanjeevani telemedicine for specialist referrals.
  - Future roadmap includes **edge AI model compression** for local on-device analysis without internet dependency.
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## **5. Impact**

After implementation, Project OJAS can transform rural healthcare delivery:

- Early Detection → reduces late-stage diseases.
- Cost Reduction → fewer unnecessary long trips.
- Empowered ASHA workers → frontline health co-pilot.
- Equity in healthcare → bridging the rural–urban gap.
- Scalable nationally → millions of lives positively impacted.

*“Even a 10% reduction in late-stage disease detection could save thousands of lives annually.”*

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## **6. Constraints & Safeguards**

- Data Privacy: Synthetic data for demo; future-ready for DPDPA compliance & encryption.
  - Connectivity: Optimized for low-bandwidth/2G.
  - Bias & Errors: AI suggestions are decision support only, final call remains with the worker.
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## 7. Demo Prototype

**Video link our demo prototype :**

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/1YI7pbtG3PxpH-YGqjcjpYzECIC527ocw/view?usp=sharing>

We created a Streamlit web application called "**Ojas**," an AI-powered co-pilot designed for last-mile healthcare workers in rural India.

The application allows a health worker to input patient information and symptoms through multiple methods: voice recording, audio file upload, image upload, or manual text. When the "Analyze Case" button is clicked, it uses various OpenAI APIs to process the data:

- **Whisper** transcribes the voice input into text.
- **GPT-4o Vision** analyzes the transcribed symptoms and any uploaded images to generate a color-coded triage assessment (**Green**, **Yellow**, or **Red**), a suspected condition, and recommended actions.
- **DALL-E 3** creates a simple, visual pictogram to help explain the health advice to the patient.
- **Text-to-Speech (TTS)** converts the instructions into an audio message in the patient's local language.

A key feature is the "**Demo Mode**," which allows the application to run offline by using pre-written sample data instead of making live API calls. This makes it reliable for demonstrations. The app also keeps a history of recent cases for review.

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## 8. Closing Note

**Project OJAS is not just an app—it's a step toward health equity.**

By empowering ASHA workers with AI, we bring **specialist-level support to the doorstep of every rural household** in India.

 *Ojas means “life force” in Sanskrit. Our mission is to ensure that no life in rural India is lost simply because care was too far away.*