

What is the drawback of new keyword in Java ?

Example :

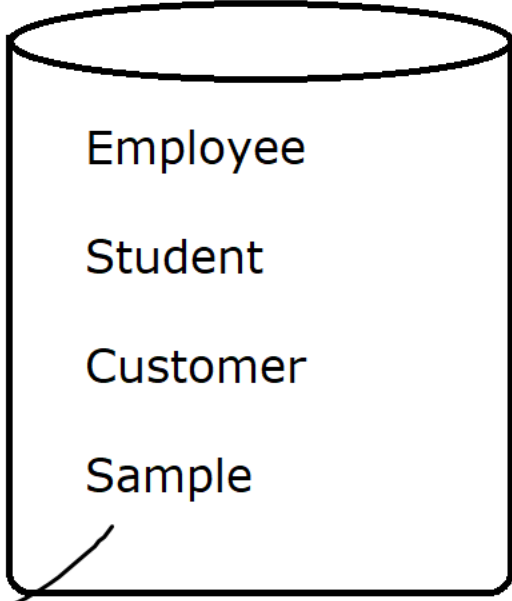
```
public class Student
{
}
```

```
Student s = new Student();
```

- * Whenever we create an object by using **new** keyword then **class name is** required that means the new keyword demands the class name at the **beginning** OR at the time of compilation.
- * new keyword is not suitable where the class name is coming from any database OR file at runtime.

```
public class DynamicObjectCreation
{
    public static void main(String [] args)
    {
        Object obj = Class.forName(args[0]).newInstance();
        System.out.println(obj.getClass().getName());
    }
}
```

```
javac DynamicObjectCreation.java
java DynamicObjectCreation CLASS NAME
```



Employee

Student

Customer

Sample

java class database

public T newInstance() throws InstantiationException, IllegalAccessException :

- * It is a predefined method of java.lang.Class class, used to create the object at runtime.
- * While creating the object, It is calling no argument OR default constructor of the given class.

```
DynamicObjectCreation1.java
-----
class Employee
{
    public Employee()
    {
        System.out.println("Employee class Constructor");
    }
}

class Student
{
    public Student()
    {
        System.out.println("Student class Constructor");
    }
}

public class DynamicObjectCreation1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        try
        {
            Object obj = Class.forName(args[0]).newInstance();
            System.out.println("Object created for :"+obj.getClass().getName());
        }
        catch (ClassNotFoundException e)
        {
            System.err.println("Class not found");
        }
        catch(Exception e)
        {
            System.err.println(e);
        }
    }
}
```

```
class Customer
{
    public void greet()
    {
        System.out.println("Greeting from Customer!!");
    }
}
```

```
public class DynamicObjectCreation2
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        try
        {
            Object obj = Class.forName(args[0]).newInstance();
            Customer cust = (Customer) obj;
            cust.greet();
        }
        catch (ClassNotFoundException e)
        {
            System.err.println("Class not found");
        }
        catch(Exception e)
        {
            System.err.println(e);
        }
    }
}
```