Data Structure QUIZ (22 MCQ)

Time Complexity, Stack, Queue, Circular Q, Priority Q, LinkedList, Sorting, Searching

Points: 17/22

1
Enter your KU ID *
cc26

2
Enter your Name *

SAY Sophea

3

Enter your Course (Cloud/Software/Security) *

Cloud

X Incorrect 0/1 Points

4

You are given a list of numbers, and you need to find the maximum and minimum numbers from the list. What is the time complexity of finding the maximum and minimum numbers in the list? *



O(n)
O(nlogn)
O(n^2)
✓ Correct 1/1 Points
5
Which of the following statements about linked lists is true *
Linked lists have a fixed size.
Linked lists allow constant-time insertion and deletion at any position.
Linked lists use contiguous memory allocation.
Linked lists have direct access to arbitrary elements.
✓ Correct 1/1 Points
6
Which of the following sorting algorithms can be used to sort a random linked list with minimum time complexity *
Selection Sort
Quick Sort
Merge Sort
Bubble Sort
X Incorrect 0/1 Points
7
Which one of the following is an application of Queue Data Structure *
When a resource is shared among multiple consumers

When data is transferred asynchronously (data not necessarily received at same rate as sent) between
two processes
Load Balancing
All of these
✓ Correct 1/1 Points
8
Which of the following is true about linked list implementation of stack *
In push operation, if new nodes are inserted at the end, then in pop operation, nodes must be removed from the beginning.
In push operation, if new nodes are inserted at the beginning of linked list, then in pop operation, nodes must be removed from end.
All of the above
None of the above
✓ Correct 1/1 Points
9
A hash table of length 10 uses open addressing with hash function h(k)=k mod 10, and linear probing. After inserting 6 values into an empty hash table, the table is as shown below. *
46, 42, 34, 52, 23, 33
34, 42, 23, 52, 33, 46
46, 34, 42, 23, 52, 33
42, 46, 33, 23, 34, 52

✓ **Correct** 1/1 Points

length 10 using open addressing with hash function $h(k) = k \mod 10$ and linear probing. What is the resultant hash table? *
○ A
ОВ
○ c
O D
✓ Correct 1/1 Points
11
In the worst case, the number of comparisons needed to search a singly linked list o length n for a given element is *
O log(2*n)
n/2
O log(2*n) -1
o n

The keys 12, 18, 13, 2, 3, 23, 5 and 15 are inserted into an initially empty hash table of

✓ Correct 1/1 Points
12
Let P be a singly linked list. Let Q be the pointer to an intermediate node x in the list. What is the worst-case time complexity of the best known algorithm to delete the node Q from the list? *
O(log2 n)
O(n)
O(logn)
O(1)
✓ Correct 1/1 Points
13
The minimum number of stacks needed to implement a queue is *
<u> </u>
2
4
X Incorrect 0/1 Points
14
You are building a contact management system that needs to store and retrieve contact information efficiently. The system should allow quick access to contacts based on their email addresses. Which data structure would you choose to store the contact information? *
Hash Table
Array

Linked List
Graph
X Incorrect 0/1 Points
15
What is the best time complexity of bubble sort *
N^2
NlogN
\bigcirc N
○ N(logN)^2
✓ Correct 1/1 Points
16
You have to sort 1 GB of data with only 100 MB of available main memory. Which sorting technique will be most appropriate? *
Heap sort
Merge sort
Quick sort
Insertion sort
✓ Correct 1/1 Points
17
Which of the following sorting algorithms has the lowest worst-case complexity *
Bubble Sort
Merge Sort

Quick Sort
Selection Sort
X Incorrect 0/1 Points
18
What is the best sorting algorithm to use for the elements in array are more than 1 million in general? *
Merge sort.
Bubble sort
Quick sort
Selection Sort
✓ Correct 1/1 Points
19
Which of the following is true for computation time in insertion, deletion and finding maximum and minimum element in a sorted array ? *
Insertion – 0(1), Deletion – 0(1), Maximum – 0(1), Minimum – 0(I)
Insertion – 0(n), Deletion – 0(n), Maximum – 0(1), Minimum – 0(1)
Insertion – 0(1), Deletion – 0(1), Maximum – 0(n), Minimum – 0(n)
Insertion – 0(n), Deletion – 0(n), Maximum – 0(n), Minimum – 0(n)
✓ Correct 1/1 Points
20
Which of the following information is stored in a doubly-linked list's nodes *
Address of the Previous Node
Value

Address of the Next Node
All of these
✓ Correct 1/1 Points
21
Which of the following algorithms is not feasible to implement in a linked list? *
C Linear Search
Binary Search
Merge Sort
None of these
✓ Correct 1/1 Points
22
Which type of linked list stores the address of the head node in the next pointer of the last node *
Oubly Linked List
Singly Linked List
Circular Linked List
None of these
✓ Correct 1/1 Points
23
In which type of linked lists traversals can be performed in both directions *
Oubly Linked List
Singly Linked List

Circular Linked List
None of these
✓ Correct 1/1 Points
24
A linked list in which none of the nodes contains a NULL pointer is *
Oubly Linked List
Singly Linked List
Circular Linked List
None of these
✓ Correct 1/1 Points
25
In a stack, if a user tries to remove an element from an empty stack it is called *
In a stack, if a user tries to remove an element from an empty stack it is called * Underflow
Underflow
UnderflowEmpty
UnderflowEmptyOverflow
UnderflowEmptyOverflow

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