

$$R_1 = \lim_{s \rightarrow -1} (s+1) h(s) = \frac{-2}{2} = -1 \Rightarrow R_1 = \underline{\underline{-1}}$$

$$R_2 = \lim_{s \rightarrow -3} (s+3) h(s) = \frac{-6}{-2} = +3 \Rightarrow R_2 = \underline{\underline{+3}}$$

$$\Rightarrow h(s) = -\frac{1}{s+1} + \frac{3}{s+3}$$

Bsp:  $h(s) = \frac{1}{s(s^2 + 5s + 6)}$

$\swarrow$   
 $(s-s_1)(s-s_2)$   
 $s_0 = \phi$

ges:  $h(t)$

Quadratische Gleichung

$$Ax^2 + Bx + C = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x_{1/2} = \frac{-B \pm \sqrt{B^2 - 4AC}}{2A}$$

$$\rightarrow s^2 + 5s + 6 = 0 \Rightarrow s_{1/2} =$$

$$s_{1/2} = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{25 - 24}}{2} = -\frac{5}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow s_1 = -2$$

$$s_2 = -3$$

$$\Rightarrow h(s) = \frac{1}{s(s+2)(s+3)} \rightarrow \text{PBZ}$$

$$h(s) = \frac{R_1}{s} + \frac{R_2}{s+2} + \frac{R_3}{s+3}$$

$$R_1 = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s h(s) = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$R_2 = \lim_{s \rightarrow -2} (s+2) h(s) = -\frac{1}{2} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$R_3 = \lim_{s \rightarrow -3} (s+3) \cdot h(s) = +\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow h(s) = \frac{1}{6s} - \frac{1}{2(s+2)} + \frac{1}{3(s+3)}$$

↓ Tabelle

$$\left| \frac{1}{6} \varepsilon(t) - \frac{1}{2} e^{-2t} + \frac{1}{3} e^{-3t} = h(t) \right|$$

