

# Project: Solving proximity constraints

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Version Number	Changes Summary	Author
0.1		Jan-Michael
0.2	added System Model	Jan-Michael
0.3	modified Parser, added Workflow	Jan-Michael

## 1 System Overview

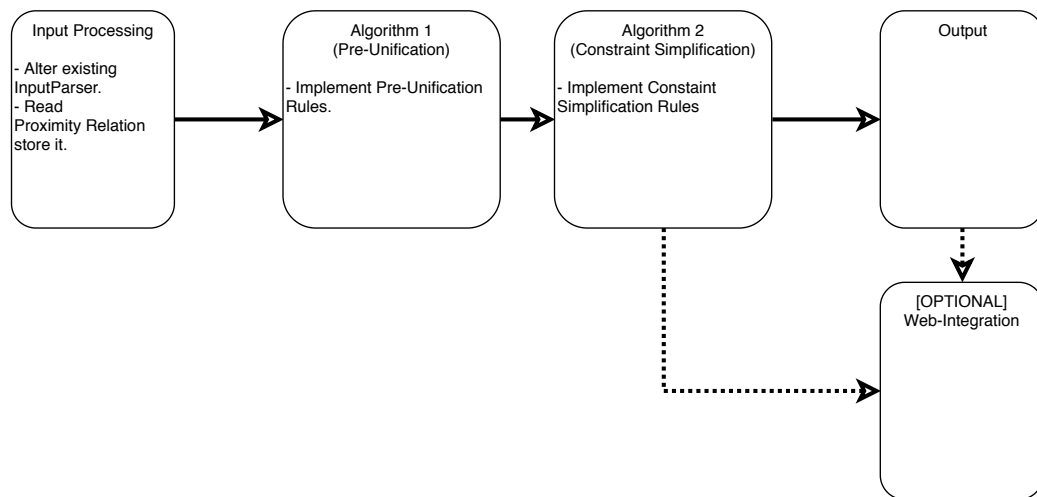
We split the problem in 4 (5) smaller tasks:

1. Input Processing,
  2. Pre-Unification,
  3. Constraint Simplification,
  4. Output.
- O. Web-Integration.

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## 1.1 Input Processing

The first idea here is to copy, alter and extend the existing code, in the class InputParser.

For the Proximity Relations  $\mathcal{R}$  and the  $\lambda$ -cut we have the following idea:

1. We try to get the number of function symbols ( $n$ ), constants are treated as 0-ary functions.
2. We let the user input the values to construct a symmetric matrix that consists of values in  $[0, 1]$ . This matrix must have a 1 in the main diagonal. All values below are 0. Therefore they will not be stored in the implementation.
3. We let the user (later) input  $\lambda \in [0, 1]$  and calculate the set  $\mathcal{R}_\lambda$ .

## 1.2 Algorithms

We implement the Algorithms in an own class, that has two static functions, preUnification and Constraint-Solver.

### 1.2.1 Pre-Unification Algorithm

The preUnification method consists of a loop, that runs until either  $P = \emptyset$  or it is detected, that there is no solution to the problem.

Inside the loop body, the 7 pre-unification rules are iteratively applied to the first element (which gets popped by doing so).

The method changes the problems constraints and pre-unifier accordingly.

### 1.2.2 Constraint Simplification Algorithm

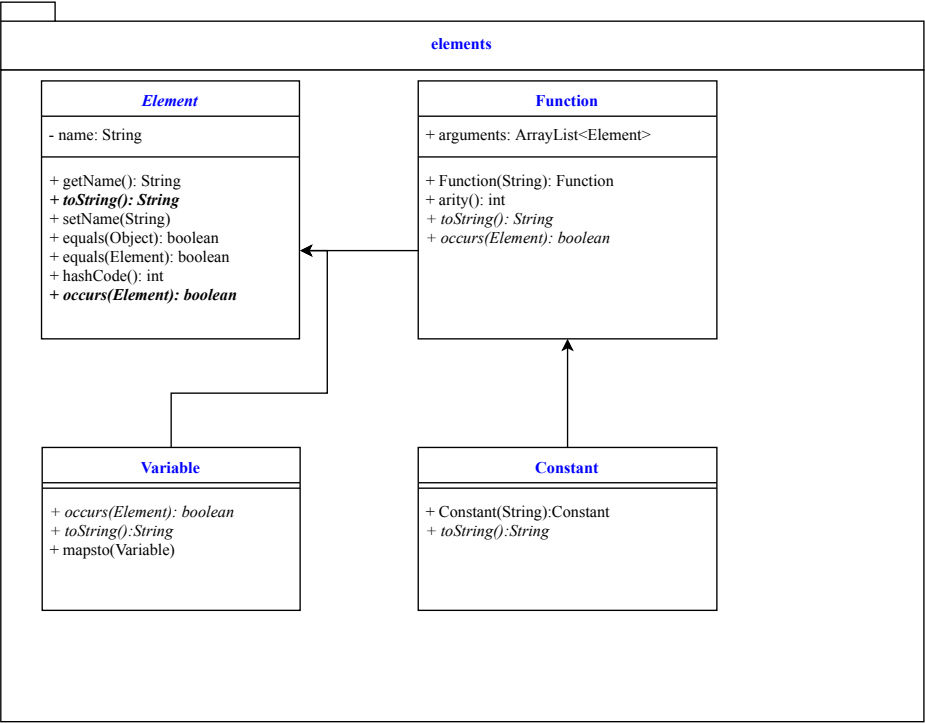
## 1.3 Output

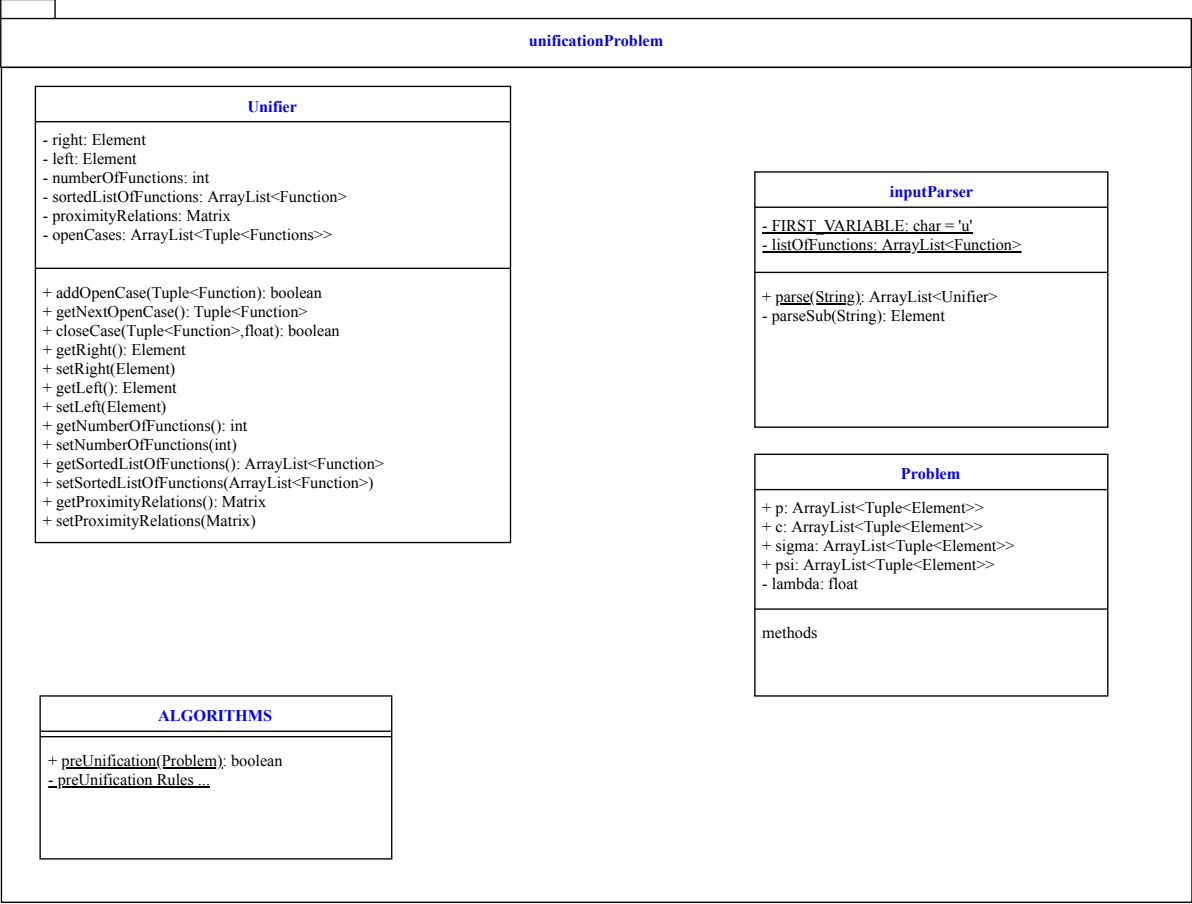
# 2 System Model

The program consists of 3 packages,

- tool
- elements
- unificationProblem

tool							
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### **3 Work Flow**

The typical workflow looks like this:

