SSH guides

Terminology, definitions, and things to interact with.

- VM: Virtual Machine. the trainer made one for everyone. It lives in the cloud, and you will need to authenticate to interact with it. We will identify these based on their IP.
- SSH: secure shell. A way to interact with remote systems (such as our VM)
- Keyfile: a file, which acts like a key. You will generate your own unique keyfile, which will then be given to your VM.

Do you already have SSH?

- 1. Open a terminal, or open PowerShell (WIN+X, A, click yes).
- 2. type ssh, and hit enter

If you see a response (i.e. not an error), you have SSH! Hang back and wait for everyone else to catch up!

Getting SSH (Powershell)

Type the following commands in PowerShell (type y when asked)

Find-Module Posh-SSH
Install-Module Posh-SSH

You now have PowerShell installed!

First, type ssh, and see if it still generates an error.

- If the error disappeared, you have SSH! (and you use the default ssh command)
- If yes, go to the next slide (down):

Using SSH (Powershell)

Create a new SSH session

New-SSHSession -ComputerName "YOUR_IP_HERE" -Credential (Get-Credential)

And follow the instructions.

Finally, run commands using

Invoke-SSHCommand -Index 0 -Command "whoami"

Note that PowerShell sends one command over SSH at a time. Replace who ami with the command you want to run.

Powershell SSH key generation

Start powershell, and run:

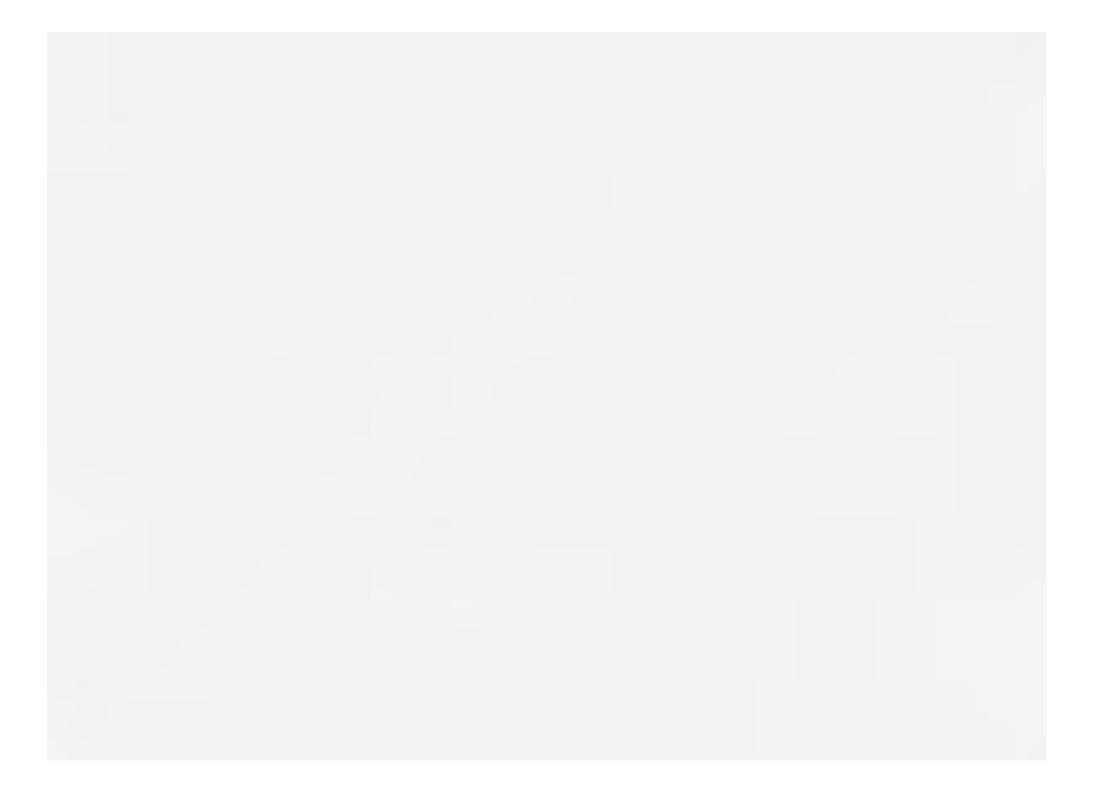
```
mkdir %userprofile%/.ssh

cd %userprofile%/.ssh

ssh-keygen -t rsa -C "your_email@example.com"
```

And follow the instructions, naming the key as follows: id_yourname. If this generates an error, attract the attention of the trainer.

Open the run dialog (WIN+R), and type %userprofile%/.ssh. You should find two files, of which one the public (.pub) key. Send the public key to the trainer.



Getting Putty

SSH key generation

Getting WSL

SSH key generation

In your Ubuntu terminal, type

```
sudo apt install ssh
ssh-keygen -t rsa
```

- Follow the instructions.
- Open the run dialog in Windows (WIN+R), and enter %LocalAppData%\Packages\
- Find the one that has Ubuntu in its name
- Drill down to \LocalState\rootfs\home\,
- Open the folder corresponding to your Ubuntu username, and open the .ssh folder.
- Mail the .pub file to the trainer.



Connecting

Let's say you've mailed your public keyfile to the trainer, and he sent you the IP of your VM.

- Your ssh key is in .ssh, and is called id_iot.
- The IP you got is 52.59.203.96. You will then run:

```
ssh -i .ssh/id_iot ubuntu@52.59.203.96
```

Where the -i flag stands for identity, and ubuntu is the default username.

Note that if you're using PowerShell and it's not cooperating, go to the next slide (down)

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UMP

https://s3.eu-central-1.amazonaws.com/dshump/auto-update/dsh-ump-1.2.0-x86_64.Applmage https://s3.eu-central-1.amazonaws.com/dshump/auto-update/DSH-UMP-1.2.0.dmg https://s3.eucentral-1.amazonaws.com/dsh-ump/autoupdate/DSH-UMP+Setup+1.2.0.exe