



# An introduction to the Data Services Hub

What is the DSH?

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AWESOME

Why is the DSH awesome?

# Why is the DSH awesome?

Data platform

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Data (as events)

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Sharing

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Secure

# Why is the DSH awesome?

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Secure

Low-latency

# Definition: Streaming Data Platform

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A platform that does something with *streaming data*

# Definition: platform

- A (software) platform is anything you can build (applications) on
- Provides reusable infrastructure
- Takes care of recurring and tedious tasks
- Should not hamper creativity

# Definition: Streaming Data

*...data that is generated continuously by thousands of data sources, which typically send in the data records simultaneously, and in small sizes (order of Kilobytes).*

<https://aws.amazon.com/streaming-data>

# A better definition: Streaming Data

*A streaming data platform should also be able to continuously send selected data records to thousands of data sinks.*

–according to us



# Types of streaming data

Not all datastreams are created equal

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One source, low volume | many sources, high volume

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Single sensor | Stream processing

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One source, low volume | many sources, high volume

Single sensor | Stream processing

MQTT | Kafka

# Streaming data on DSH

Focus on two types of streams:

- MQTT (manneke pis)
- Kafka (waterval)

# MQTT

- Lightweight messaging protocol
- Suitable for many simultaneous connections
- Widespread use in *Internet of Things*

# Kafka

- Highly scalable in volume of data
- Messaging backbone for LinkedIn, Netflix, Yahoo, Twiter, Goldman Sachs



# MQTT vs Kafka

- MQTT
  - *usually* low volume (*default 10 msgs/sec*)
  - can have many sources/sinks (millions)
  - sources/sinks can reside outside of DSH
- Kafka
  - can have high volume (millions of msgs/sec)
  - *must* have few sources/sinks
  - sources/sinks reside inside DSH



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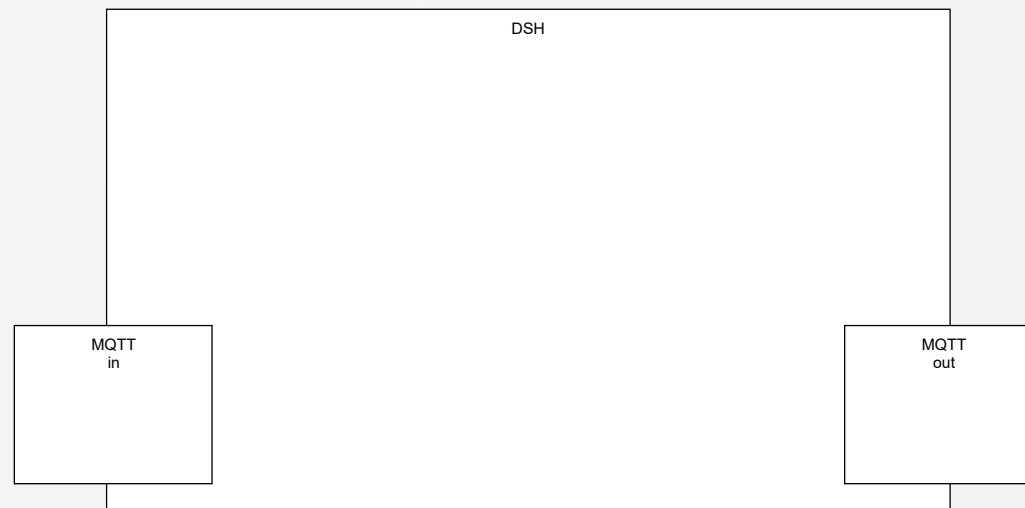
$$\text{MQTT} \cdot \frac{\text{sources}}{\text{sinks}} \approx \text{Kafka} \cdot \frac{\text{sources}}{\text{sinks}}$$

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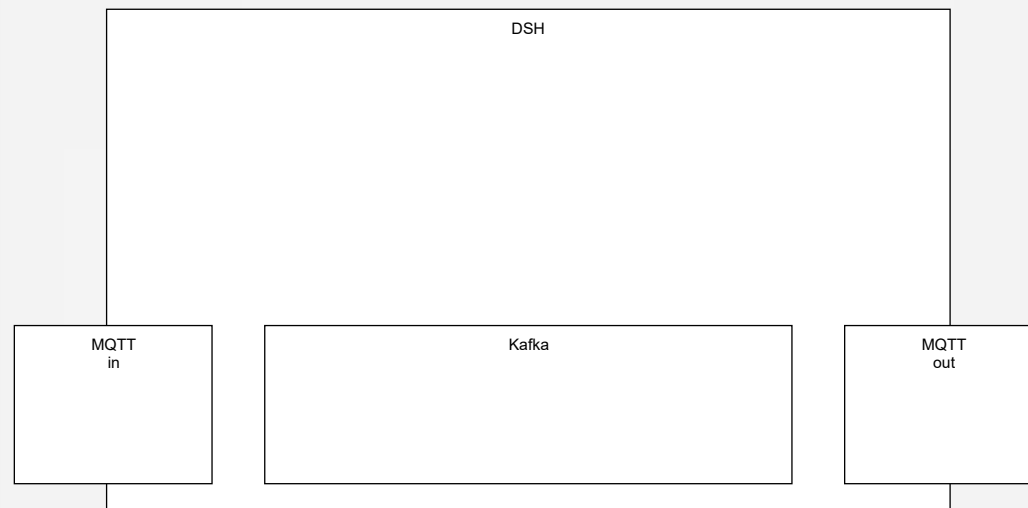
# Overview

DSH

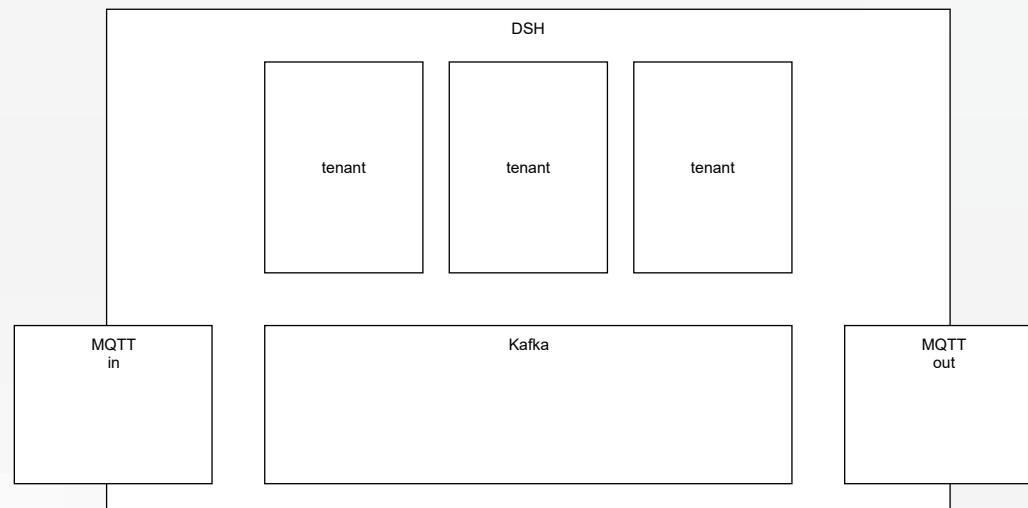
# Overview



# Overview



# Overview





# Bridge

- MQTT protocol adapter
  - acts *as if* it is MQTT broker
  - actually interfaces with Kafka
- like MQTT
  - allows wildcard subscriptions:

`/platform/stream/topic/#`

# Bridge

$$\begin{aligned} \text{MQTT topic prefix} &= \text{Kafka cluster name} \\ \text{MQTT topic infix} &= \text{Kafka topic name} \\ \text{keys in Kafka} &= \text{MQTT topic suffix} \end{aligned}$$

# Bridge

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```
MQTT(topic="/tt/cam/id", data="...")
```

\$=\$

```
Kafka(cluster="tt", topic="stream.cam.*", key="id", data="...")
```

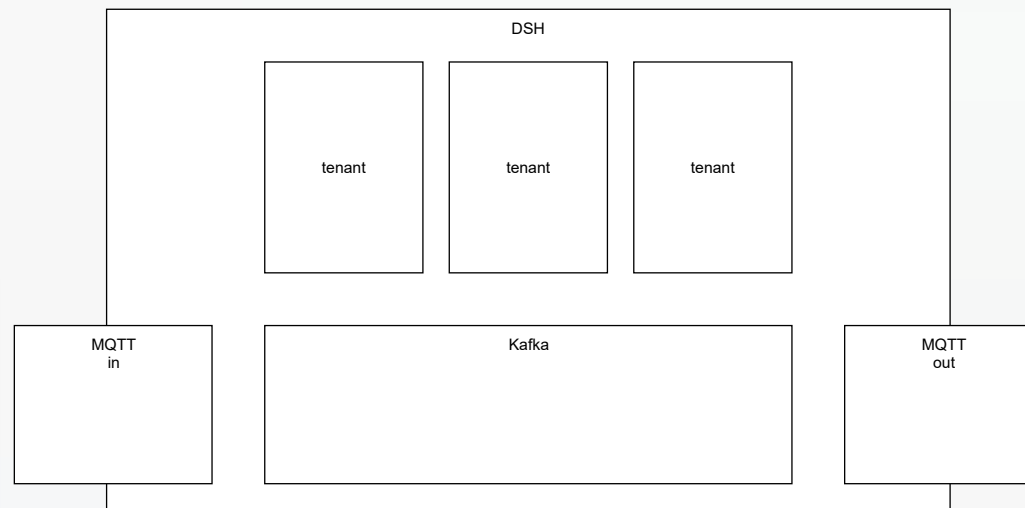
# Rarely updated data sources

- Latest value store indexing service
- tracks keys in a stream
- distributed in-memory key-value store

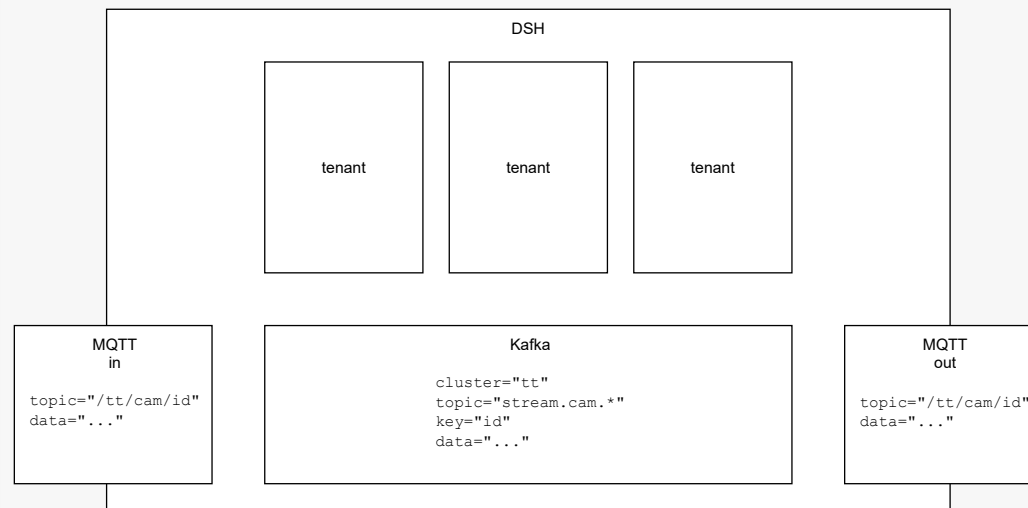
# External data sources

- are not always MQTT
- do not always stream
- will require custom adapters
  - allow tenants to write their own

# Overview



# Overview



# Wrap-up

- MQTT for low volume, many sources/sinks
- Kafka for high volume, few sources/sinks
- bridge (protocol adaptor) to tie them together
- custom data source adapters for external data
- latest value store for instant syncing with rarely changing data source



# Stream Processing Platform

# Stream Processing Platform

A platform that does *stream processing*

# Stream Processing

*... is the processing of data in motion,  
or in other words, computing on data  
directly as it is produced or received.*

<https://data-artisans.com/what-is-stream-processing>

# Where to process

- At the edge where possible and necessary
- Close to the data (on the DSH) if you need a lot of data from multiple sources

# Many ways to process the data

- Many frameworks for stream processing
- No framework fits all use-cases
- DSH does not dictate a framework

No *One framework to rule them all*, but the DSH to *bind them*.

# Wrap-up

- DSH can process streams:
  - but is not always the right place to do it
  - and does not dictate how to process them

# Security nightmare

- Need to allow other people on your platform for proximity
- And they can use whatever software they want on the platform

# DC/OS

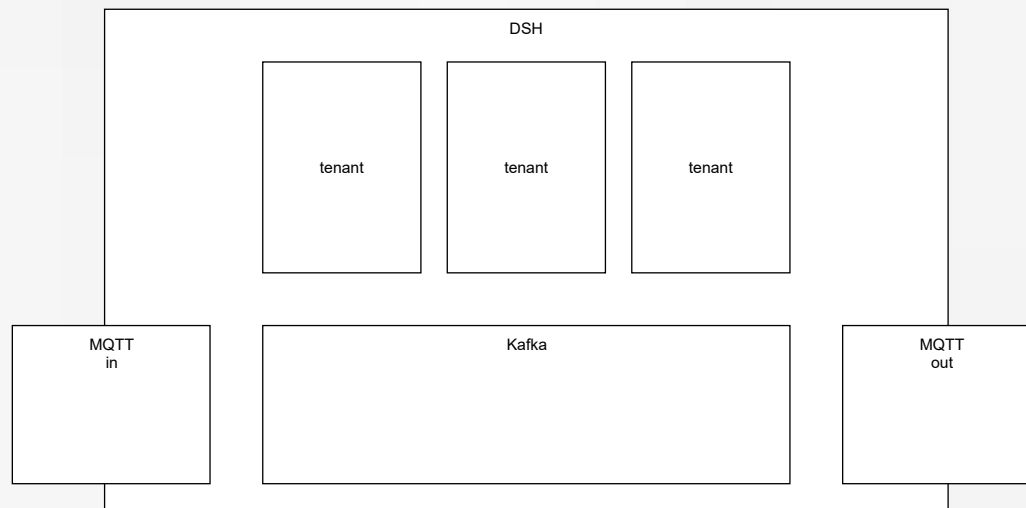
- Started with DC/OS as base platform
- Supported by most stream processing frameworks
- Tenants run docker containers on top



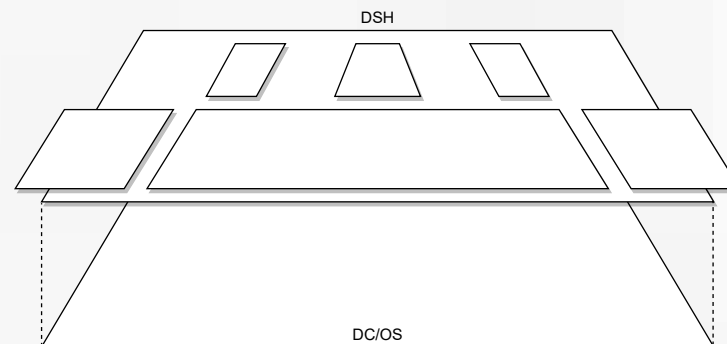
# Securing

- Custom container manager to force correct use of Docker
- Custom resource manager to control resource requests
- Calico for network isolation

# DC/OS



# DC/OS



# Wrap-up

- DC/OS as base
- Docker + extra security
- Tenant network isolation

# Data Stream Platform

# Data Stream Platform

a platform that holds many different *data streams*

# Data Stream

*A sequence of digitally encoded signals used to represent information in transmission.*

Federal Standard 1037C

# Many data streams

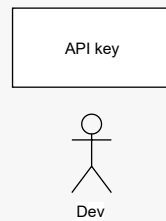
- Streams need organizing
- DSH topics  $\approx$  Kafka topics
- Need to control access to topics
  - Manage at topic level using custom tooling
  - Based on Access Control Lists (ACLs)



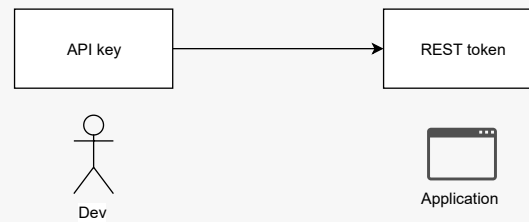
# Authenticate

- Certificates for tenant (container) authentication towards Kafka
- API key to authenticate tenants that want to let devices/things/users connect to the platform
- REST token for authentication of MQTT token requests
- Tokens for MQTT authentication of devices/things/users

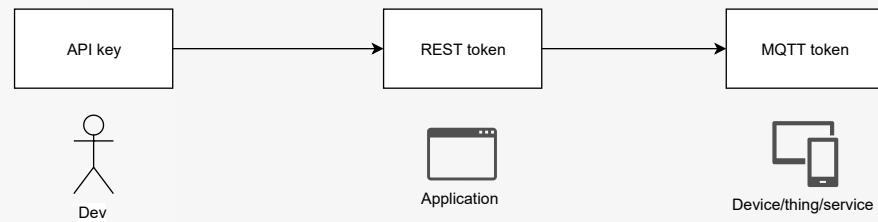
# Authentication relations



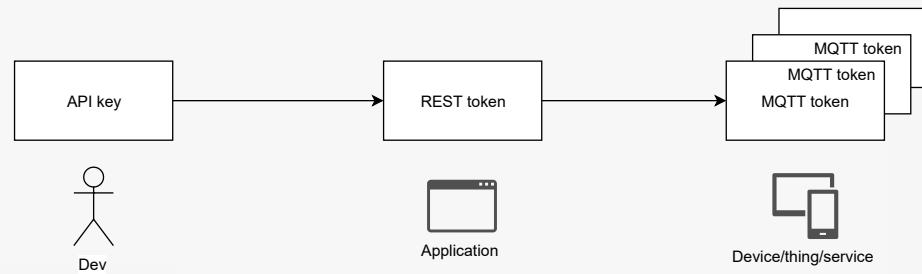
# Authentication relations



# Authentication relations



# Authentication relations



# Device management

- Provides the necessary building blocks
- DSH does not manage devices
- Up to the tenant to implement

# Access control

- Fine-grained on MQTT
  - **read** `/tt/topic/fixed/tenant/+/#`
  - **write** `/tt/topic/other/tenant/`
- Coarse-grained on Kafka
  - **read/write** on topic-level

# Kafka

Three Kafka stream-types

- *stream.* topic
- *internal.* topic
- *scratch.* topic



# Wrap-up

- API keys, REST token & MQTT tokens
- Kafka certificates
- ACLs on all streams/topics
- Kafka topics scheme

