

# Lab 3 Writeup

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This lab took me about 3 hours to do. I did attend the lab session.

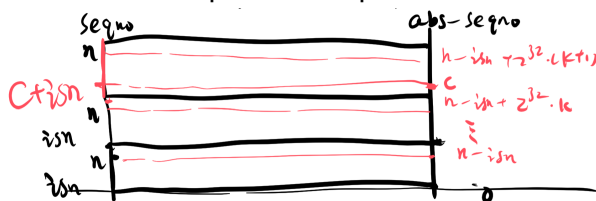
## 1. Program Structure and Design:

In `wrapping_integers.cc`, we write `wrap()` and `unwrap()` to implement the conversion between sequence numbers and absolute sequence numbers. The relationship between sequence numbers and absolute sequence numbers is:  $\text{abs\_seqno} + \text{isn} \pmod{1 \ll 32} = \text{seqno}$ . So the implementation of the function `wrap()` is easy: just add `abs\_seqno` and `isn` together according to the operator overloaded in the class `WrappingInt32`. Note that a `seqno`  $n$  corresponds to many absolute `seqnos`, and we need to find the absolute `seqno` that is closest to the checkpoint. Thus to implement function `unwrap()`, we could first find the `seqno` of the checkpoint, i.e.,  $\text{checkpoint} + \text{isn} \pmod{1 \ll 32}$ . And then we need to discuss the quantitative relationship between  $n$  and the `seqno` of the checkpoint to determine the distance between the absolute `seqno` of  $n$  and checkpoint. Several different cases and edge conditions should be taken into consideration in order to make the result strict.

In `tcp_receiver.cc`, we write `segment_received()` to: (1)listen to 'syn' to record the beginning of a stream, the ISN of the stream (i.e., `seg.header().seqno`), and the FIN signal; (2)calculate the checkpoint, the absolute `seqno`, and the stream index of the stream; (3)use the function `push_substring()` of the reassembler to reassemble the byte stream. Writing function `ackno()` and `window_size()` is easy: just use the right member functions of the class `Bytestream`. And the ISN and FIN signal should also be taken into consideration when calculating the acknowledgment number (`ackno`).

## 2. Implementation Challenges:

The hardest part of the lab is to unwrap the `seqno`, i.e., to convert the `seqno` into the absolute `seqno` according to the given checkpoint. Several different cases and edge conditions should be taken into consideration in order to make the result strict. We drew a picture of the mapping relationship between the absolute `seqnos` and `seqnos` to make the conversion algorithm clear and comprehensible.



## 3. Remaining Bugs:

```

cs144@cs144vm:~/lab3-SophisRousseau/sponge/build$ make check_lab3
[100%] Testing the TCP receiver...
Test project /home/cs144/lab3-SophisRousseau/sponge/build
Start 1: t_wrapping_ints_cmp
1/26 Test #1: t_wrapping_ints_cmp ..... Passed 0.00 sec
Start 2: t_wrapping_ints_unwrap
2/26 Test #2: t_wrapping_ints_unwrap ..... Passed 0.00 sec
Start 3: t_wrapping_ints_wrap
3/26 Test #3: t_wrapping_ints_wrap ..... Passed 0.00 sec
Start 4: t_wrapping_ints_roundtrip
4/26 Test #4: t_wrapping_ints_roundtrip ..... Passed 0.14 sec
Start 5: t_recv_connect
5/26 Test #5: t_recv_connect ..... Passed 0.00 sec
Start 6: t_recv_transmit
6/26 Test #6: t_recv_transmit ..... Passed 0.04 sec
Start 7: t_recv_window
7/26 Test #7: t_recv_window ..... Passed 0.00 sec
Start 8: t_recv_reorder
8/26 Test #8: t_recv_reorder ..... Passed 0.00 sec
Start 9: t_recv_close
9/26 Test #9: t_recv_close ..... Passed 0.00 sec
Start 10: t_recv_special
10/26 Test #10: t_recv_special ..... Passed 0.00 sec
Start 17: t_strm_reassem_single
11/26 Test #17: t_strm_reassem_single ..... Passed 0.00 sec
Start 18: t_strm_reassem_seq
12/26 Test #18: t_strm_reassem_seq ..... Passed 0.00 sec
Start 19: t_strm_reassem_dup
13/26 Test #19: t_strm_reassem_dup ..... Passed 0.01 sec
Start 20: t_strm_reassem_holes
14/26 Test #20: t_strm_reassem_holes ..... Passed 0.00 sec
Start 21: t_strm_reassem_many
15/26 Test #21: t_strm_reassem_many ..... Passed 0.37 sec
Start 22: t_strm_reassem_overlapping
16/26 Test #22: t_strm_reassem_overlapping ..... Passed 0.01 sec
Start 23: t_strm_reassem_win
17/26 Test #23: t_strm_reassem_win ..... Passed 0.42 sec
Start 24: t_strm_reassem_cap
18/26 Test #24: t_strm_reassem_cap ..... Passed 0.07 sec
Start 25: t_byte_stream_construction
19/26 Test #25: t_byte_stream_construction ..... Passed 0.00 sec
Start 26: t_byte_stream_one_write
20/26 Test #26: t_byte_stream_one_write ..... Passed 0.00 sec
Start 27: t_byte_stream_two_writes
21/26 Test #27: t_byte_stream_two_writes ..... Passed 0.00 sec
Start 28: t_byte_stream_capacity
22/26 Test #28: t_byte_stream_capacity ..... Passed 0.36 sec
Start 29: t_byte_stream_many_writes
23/26 Test #29: t_byte_stream_many_writes ..... Passed 0.01 sec
Start 52: t_address_dt
24/26 Test #52: t_address_dt ..... Passed 5.04 sec
Start 53: t_parser_dt
25/26 Test #53: t_parser_dt ..... Passed 0.00 sec
Start 54: t_socket_dt
26/26 Test #54: t_socket_dt ..... Passed 0.01 sec

100% tests passed, 0 tests failed out of 26

Total Test time (real) = 6.62 sec
[100%] Built target check_lab3

```

Until now, no bugs are found in the code submitted.