

This is a beginner-friendly cheat sheet, made by a beginner for beginners.

⚠ I'm still learning, so there may be small mistakes — don't hesitate to double-check!

Note: Keywords in bold white have their own mini flashcards at the end.

```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
pragma solidity ^0.8.0;

contract SimpleStorage
{
   uint private storeNumber;
   function setNumber(uint _number) public {
      storeNumber = _number;
}

function getNumber() public view returns (uint) {
   return storeNumber;
}

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}
```

Creat a getter function

function FunctionName () visibility modifier returns (type) {
 return storeNumber;
}

- function → declares the function
- function name → here: getNumber
- () → parameter, empty bcs contains any data
- visibility → who can interact
- modifier → view = the rule
- returns (type) → output
- return storeNumber → gives value of store value

Getter function

Purpose: Reads and returns the value of a state variable without modifying the blockchain.

- Takes no input (empty parentheses () if no parameters).
- Does not modify blockchain → free to call (no gas).
- Visibility usually public to allow external access.

Seen in Lesson 1 HelloWorld

Creat a setter function

- function → declares the function
- function name → here: setNumber
- (type _parameterName) → type of the parameter (uint, string, etc.)
- visibility → public (anyone can interact with it)
- stateVariableName = → assigns a value to the state variable
- _parameterName → the new value being stored in the state variable

Setter function

Updates a state variable in a smart contract.

- Takes input (parameter) to store a new value.
- Modifies blockchain state → costs gas.
- Visibility usually public to allow external interaction.