```
//Java 编程: 五子棋游戏源代码
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
import java.applet.*;
import javax.swing.*;
import java.io.PrintStream;
import javax.swing.JComponent;
import javax.swing.JPanel;
/*
*main 方法创建了 ChessFrame 类的一个实例对象 (cf),
*并启动屏幕显示显示该实例对象。
public class FiveChessAppletDemo {
public static void main(String args[]){
   ChessFrame cf = new ChessFrame();
   cf.show();
}
}
*类 ChessFrame 主要功能是创建五子棋游戏主窗体和菜单
class ChessFrame extends JFrame implements ActionListener {
private String[] strsize={"20x15","30x20","40x30"};
private String[] strmode={"人机对弈","人人对弈"};
public static boolean iscomputer=true, checkcomputer=true;
private int width, height;
private ChessModel cm;
private MainPanel mp;
//构造五子棋游戏的主窗体
public ChessFrame() {
   this.setTitle("五子棋游戏");
   cm=new ChessModel(1);
   mp=new MainPanel(cm);
   Container con=this.getContentPane();
   con.add(mp,"Center");
   this.setResizable(false);
   this.addWindowListener(new ChessWindowEvent());
   MapSize(20,15);
   JMenuBar mbar = new JMenuBar();
   this.setJMenuBar(mbar);
   JMenu gameMenu = new JMenu("游戏");
```

```
mbar.add(makeMenu(gameMenu, new Object[] {
    "开局", "棋盘","模式", null, "退出"
    }, this));
   JMenu lookMenu =new JMenu("视图");
   mbar.add(makeMenu(lookMenu,new Object[] {
    "Metal", "Motif", "Windows"
    },this));
   JMenu helpMenu = new JMenu("帮助");
   mbar.add(makeMenu(helpMenu, new Object[] {
    "关于"
   }, this));
}
//构造五子棋游戏的主菜单
public JMenu makeMenu(Object parent, Object items[], Object target){
   JMenu m = null;
   if(parent instanceof JMenu)
    m = (JMenu)parent;
   else if(parent instanceof String)
    m = new JMenu((String)parent);
   else
    return null;
   for(int i = 0; i < items.length; i++)
    if(items[i] == null)
     m.addSeparator();
    else if(items[i] == "棋盘"){
     JMenu jm = new JMenu("棋盘");
     ButtonGroup group=new ButtonGroup();
     JRadioButtonMenuItem rmenu;
     for (int j=0;j<strsize.length;j++){
      rmenu=makeRadioButtonMenuItem(strsize[j],target);
      if(j==0)
       rmenu.setSelected(true);
      jm.add(rmenu);
      group.add(rmenu);
     }
     m.add(jm);
    }else if(items[i] == "模式"){
     JMenu jm = new JMenu("模式");
     ButtonGroup group=new ButtonGroup();
     JRadioButtonMenuItem rmenu;
     for (int h=0;h<strmode.length;h++){
      rmenu=makeRadioButtonMenuItem(strmode[h],target);
      if(h==0)
```

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rmenu.setSelected(true);
      jm.add(rmenu);
       group.add(rmenu);
     }
     m.add(jm);
    }else
     m.add(makeMenuItem(items[i], target));
   return m;
}
//构造五子棋游戏的菜单项
public JMenuItem makeMenuItem(Object item, Object target){
   JMenuItem r = null;
   if(item instanceof String)
    r = new JMenuItem((String)item);
   else if(item instanceof JMenuItem)
    r = (JMenuItem)item;
   else
    return null;
   if(target instanceof ActionListener)
    r.addActionListener((ActionListener)target);
   return r;
}
//构造五子棋游戏的单选按钮式菜单项
public JRadioButtonMenuItem makeRadioButtonMenuItem(
    Object item, Object target){
    JRadioButtonMenuItem r = null;
    if(item instanceof String)
        r = new JRadioButtonMenuItem((String)item);
    else if(item instanceof JRadioButtonMenuItem)
        r = (JRadioButtonMenuItem)item;
    else
        return null;
    if(target instanceof ActionListener)
        r.addActionListener((ActionListener)target);
    return r;
    }
    public void MapSize(int w,int h){
    setSize(w * 20+50, h * 20+100);
    if(this.checkcomputer)
        this.iscomputer=true;
    else
```

```
this.iscomputer=false;
 mp.setModel(cm);
 mp.repaint();
 }
 public boolean getiscomputer(){
 return this.iscomputer;
 }
 public void restart(){
 int modeChess = cm.getModeChess();
 if(modeChess <= 3 && modeChess >= 1){
    cm = new ChessModel(modeChess);
    MapSize(cm.getWidth(),cm.getHeight());
 }else{
    System.out.println("\u81EA\u5B9A\u4E49");
 }
 public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e){
 String arg=e.getActionCommand();
 try{
    if (arg.equals("Windows"))
     UIManager.setLookAndFeel(
       "com.sun.java.swing.plaf.windows.WindowsLookAndFeel");
    else if(arg.equals("Motif"))
  UIManager.setLookAndFeel(
   "com.sun.java.swing.plaf.motif.MotifLookAndFeel");
 else
  UIManager.setLookAndFeel(
   "javax.swing.plaf.metal.MetalLookAndFeel" );
 SwingUtilities.updateComponentTreeUI(this);
}catch(Exception ee){}
if(arg.equals("20x15")){
 this.width=20;
 this.height=15;
 cm=new ChessModel(1);
 MapSize(this.width,this.height);
 SwingUtilities.updateComponentTreeUI(this);
if(arg.equals("30x20")){
 this.width=30;
 this.height=20;
 cm=new ChessModel(2);
```

```
MapSize(this.width,this.height);
    SwingUtilities.updateComponentTreeUI(this);
   if(arg.equals("40x30")){
    this.width=40;
    this.height=30;
    cm=new ChessModel(3);
    MapSize(this.width,this.height);
    SwingUtilities.updateComponentTreeUI(this);
   if(arg.equals("人机对弈")){
    this.checkcomputer=true;
    this.iscomputer=true;
    cm=new ChessModel(cm.getModeChess());
    MapSize(cm.getWidth(),cm.getHeight());
    SwingUtilities.updateComponentTreeUI(this);
   if(arg.equals("人人对弈")){
    this.checkcomputer=false;
    this.iscomputer=false;
    cm=new ChessModel(cm.getModeChess());
    MapSize(cm.getWidth(),cm.getHeight());
    SwingUtilities.updateComponentTreeUI(this);
   if(arg.equals("开局")){
    restart();
   if(arg.equals("关于"))
    JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(this, "五子棋游戏测试版本", "关于", 0);
   if(arg.equals("退出"))
    System.exit(0);
*类 ChessModel 实现了整个五子棋程序算法的核心
class ChessModel {
//棋盘的宽度、高度、棋盘的模式(如 20×15)
private int width, height, mode Chess;
//棋盘方格的横向、纵向坐标
private int x=0,y=0;
//棋盘方格的横向、纵向坐标所对应的棋子颜色,
//数组 arrMapShow 只有 3 个值: 1, 2, 3, -5,
```

} }

```
//其中1代表该棋盘方格上下的棋子为黑子,
//2 代表该棋盘方格上下的棋子为白子,
//3 代表为该棋盘方格上没有棋子,
//-5 代表该棋盘方格不能够下棋子
private int[][] arrMapShow;
//交换棋手的标识,棋盘方格上是否有棋子的标识符
private boolean isOdd,isExist;
public ChessModel() {}
//该构造方法根据不同的棋盘模式(modeChess)来构建对应大小的棋盘
public ChessModel(int modeChess){
   this.isOdd=true;
   if(modeChess == 1){
   PanelInit(20, 15, modeChess);
   if(modeChess == 2){
   PanelInit(30, 20, modeChess);
  if(modeChess == 3){
   PanelInit(40, 30, modeChess);
}
//按照棋盘模式构建棋盘大小
private void PanelInit(int width, int height, int modeChess){
   this.width = width;
   this.height = height;
   this.modeChess = modeChess;
   arrMapShow = new int[width+1][height+1];
   for(int i = 0; i \le width; i++){
   for(int j = 0; j \le height; j++){
    arrMapShow[i][j] = -5;
    }
}
//获取是否交换棋手的标识符
public boolean getisOdd(){
   return this.isOdd;
}
//设置交换棋手的标识符
public void setisOdd(boolean isodd){
```

```
if(isodd)
    this.isOdd=true;
   else
    this.isOdd=false;
}
//获取某棋盘方格是否有棋子的标识值
public boolean getisExist(){
   return this.isExist;
}
//获取棋盘宽度
public int getWidth(){
   return this.width;
}
//获取棋盘高度
public int getHeight(){
   return this.height;
}
//获取棋盘模式
public int getModeChess(){
   return this.modeChess;
}
//获取棋盘方格上棋子的信息
public int[][] getarrMapShow(){
   return arrMapShow;
}
//判断下子的横向、纵向坐标是否越界
private boolean badxy(int x, int y){
   if(x >= width+20 || x < 0)
    return true;
   return y \ge height+20 \parallel y < 0;
}
//计算棋盘上某一方格上八个方向棋子的最大值,
//这八个方向分别是: 左、右、上、下、左上、左下、右上、右下
public boolean chessExist(int i,int j){
   if(this.arrMapShow[i][j]==1 || this.arrMapShow[i][j]==2)
    return true;
   return false;
```

```
}
//判断该坐标位置是否可下棋子
public void readyplay(int x,int y){
   if(badxy(x,y))
    return;
   if (chessExist(x,y))
    return;
   this.arrMapShow[x][y]=3;
}
//在该坐标位置下棋子
public void play(int x,int y){
   if(badxy(x,y))
    return;
   if(chessExist(x,y)){
    this.isExist=true;
    return;
   }else
    this.isExist=false;
   if(getisOdd()){
    setisOdd(false);
   this.arrMapShow[x][y]=1;
   }else{
    setisOdd(true);
    this.arrMapShow[x][y]=2;
}
//计算机走棋
*说明:用穷举法判断每一个坐标点的四个方向的的最大棋子数,
*最后得出棋子数最大值的坐标,下子
public void computerDo(int width,int height){
   int max_black,max_white,max_temp,max=0;
   setisOdd(true);
   System.out.println("计算机走棋 ...");
   for(int i = 0; i \le width; i++){
    for(int j = 0; j \le height; j++){
     if(!chessExist(i,j)){//算法判断是否下子
      max_white=checkMax(i,j,2);//判断白子的最大值
      max_black=checkMax(i,j,1);//判断黑子的最大值
      max_temp=Math.max(max_white,max_black);
```

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if(max_temp>max){
       max=max_temp;
       this.x=i;
       this.y=j;
   setX(this.x);
   setY(this.y);
   this.arrMapShow[this.x][this.y]=2;
}
//记录电脑下子后的横向坐标
public void setX(int x){
   this.x=x;
}
//记录电脑下子后的纵向坐标
public void setY(int y){
   this.y=y;
}
//获取电脑下子的横向坐标
public int getX(){
   return this.x;
}
//获取电脑下子的纵向坐标
public int getY(){
   return this.y;
}
//计算棋盘上某一方格上八个方向棋子的最大值,
//这八个方向分别是: 左、右、上、下、左上、左下、右上、右下
public int checkMax(int x, int y,int black_or_white){
   int num=0,max_num,max_temp=0;
   int x_temp=x,y_temp=y;
   int x_temp1=x_temp,y_temp1=y_temp;
   //judge right
   for(int i=1; i<5; i++){
    x_{temp1}=1;
    if(x_temp1>this.width)
     break;
```

```
if(this.arrMapShow[x_temp1][y_temp1]==black_or_white)
  num++;
 else
  break;
}
//judge left
x_temp1=x_temp;
for(int i=1; i<5; i++){
 x_{temp1}=1;
 if(x_temp1 < 0)
  break;
 if(this.arrMapShow[x_temp1][y_temp1]==black_or_white)
  num++;
 else
  break;
if(num<5)
 max_temp=num;
//judge up
x_{temp1}=x_{temp}
y_temp1=y_temp;
num=0;
for(int i=1; i<5; i++){
y_{temp1}=1;
 if(y_temp1 < 0)
  break;
 if(this.arrMapShow[x_temp1][y_temp1]==black_or_white)
  num++;
 else
  break;
}
//judge down
y_temp1=y_temp;
for(int i=1; i<5; i++){
 y_{temp1}=1;
 if(y_temp1>this.height)
  break;
 if(this.arrMapShow[x temp1][y temp1]==black or white)
  num++;
 else
  break;
if(num>max temp&&num<5)
```

```
max_temp=num;
//judge left_up
x_temp1=x_temp;
y_temp1=y_temp;
num=0;
for(int i=1; i<5; i++){
 x_{temp1}=1;
 y_{temp1}=1;
 if(y_temp1 < 0 \parallel x_temp1 < 0)
  break;
 if(this.arrMapShow[x_temp1][y_temp1]==black_or_white)
  num++;
 else
  break;
//judge right_down
x_temp1=x_temp;
y_temp1=y_temp;
for(int i=1; i<5; i++){
 x_{temp1}=1;
 y_{temp1}=1;
 if(y_{temp1}=this.height || x_{temp1}=this.width)
 if(this.arrMapShow[x_temp1][y_temp1]==black_or_white)
  num++;
 else
  break;
if(num>max_temp&&num<5)
 max_temp=num;
//judge right_up
x_{temp1}=x_{temp};
y_temp1=y_temp;
num=0;
for(int i=1; i<5; i++){
 x_{temp1}=1;
 y_{temp1}=1;
 if(y_temp1 < 0 \parallel x_temp1 > this.width)
 if(this.arrMapShow[x_temp1][y_temp1]==black_or_white)
  num++;
 else
```

```
break;
   }
   //judge left_down
   x_temp1=x_temp;
   y_temp1=y_temp;
   for(int i=1; i<5; i++){
    x_{temp1}=1;
    y_{temp1}=1;
    if(y_temp1>this.height || x_temp1<0)
    if(this.arrMapShow[x_temp1][y_temp1]==black_or_white)
     num++;
    else
     break;
   }
   if(num>max_temp&&num<5)
    max_temp=num;
   max_num=max_temp;
   return max_num;
}
//判断胜负
public boolean judgeSuccess(int x,int y,boolean isodd){
   int num=1;
   int arrvalue;
   int x_temp=x,y_temp=y;
   if(isodd)
    arrvalue=2;
   else
    arrvalue=1;
   int x_temp1=x_temp,y_temp1=y_temp;
   //判断右边
   for(int i=1; i<6; i++){
    x_{temp1}=1;
    if(x temp1>this.width)
     break;
    if(this.arrMapShow[x_temp1][y_temp1]==arrvalue)
     num++;
    else
     break;
   }
   //判断左边
   x_temp1=x_temp;
   for(int i=1; i<6; i++){
```

```
x_{temp1}=1;
 if(x_temp1 < 0)
  break;
 if(this.arrMapShow[x_temp1][y_temp1]==arrvalue)
  num++;
 else
  break;
}
if(num==5)
 return true;
//判断上方
x_temp1=x_temp;
y_temp1=y_temp;
num=1;
for(int i=1;i<6;i++){
 y_{temp1}=1;
 if(y_temp1 < 0)
  break;
 if(this.arrMapShow[x_temp1][y_temp1]==arrvalue)
 else
  break;
}
//判断下方
y_temp1=y_temp;
for(int i=1;i<6;i++){
y_{temp1}=1;
 if(y_temp1>this.height)
 if(this.arrMapShow[x_temp1][y_temp1]==arrvalue)
  num++;
 else
  break;
if(num==5)
 return true;
//判断左上
x_temp1=x_temp;
y_temp1=y_temp;
num=1;
for(int i=1;i<6;i++){
 x_{temp1}=1;
```

```
y_temp1-=1;
 if(y\_temp1 < 0 \parallel x\_temp1 < 0)
 if(this.arrMapShow[x_temp1][y_temp1]==arrvalue)
  num++;
 else
  break;
}
//判断右下
x_temp1=x_temp;
y_temp1=y_temp;
for(int i=1;i<6;i++){
x_{temp1}=1;
y_{temp1}=1;
if(y_temp1>this.height || x_temp1>this.width)
 if(this.arrMapShow[x_temp1][y_temp1]==arrvalue)
  num++;
 else
  break;
if(num==5)
 return true;
//判断右上
x_temp1=x_temp;
y_temp1=y_temp;
num=1;
for(int i=1;i<6;i++){
 x_{temp1}=1;
 y_{temp1}=1;
 if(y_temp1 < 0 \parallel x_temp1 > this.width)
 if(this.arrMapShow[x_temp1][y_temp1]==arrvalue)
  num++;
 else
  break;
}
//判断左下
x_temp1=x_temp;
y_temp1=y_temp;
for(int i=1;i<6;i++){
 x_{temp1}=1;
 y_{temp1}=1;
```

```
if(y_temp1>this.height || x_temp1<0)
    break;
   if(this.arrMapShow[x_temp1][y_temp1]==arrvalue)
   else
    break;
  if(num==5)
   return true;
  return false;
}
//嬴棋后的提示
public void showSuccess(JPanel jp){
  JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(jp,"你赢了,好厉害!","win",
   JOptionPane.INFORMATION_MESSAGE);
}
//输棋后的提示
public void showDefeat(JPanel jp){
  JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(jp,"你输了,请重新开始!","lost",
   JOptionPane.INFORMATION_MESSAGE);
}
}
*类 MainPanel 主要完成如下功能:
*1、构建一个面板,在该面板上画上棋盘;
*2、处理在该棋盘上的鼠标事件(如鼠标左键点击、鼠标右键点击、鼠标拖动等)
**/
class MainPanel extends JPanel
implements MouseListener, MouseMotionListener {
private int width, height;//棋盘的宽度和高度
private ChessModel cm;
//根据棋盘模式设定面板的大小
MainPanel(ChessModel mm){
  cm=mm;
  width=cm.getWidth();
  height=cm.getHeight();
  addMouseListener(this);
}
```

//根据棋盘模式设定棋盘的宽度和高度

```
public void setModel(ChessModel mm){
   cm = mm;
   width = cm.getWidth();
   height = cm.getHeight();
}
//根据坐标计算出棋盘方格棋子的信息(如白子还是黑子),
//然后调用 draw 方法在棋盘上画出相应的棋子
public void paintComponent(Graphics g){
   super.paintComponent(g);
   for(int j = 0; j \le height; j++){
    for(int i = 0; i \le width; i++){
     int v = cm.getarrMapShow()[i][j];
     draw(g, i, j, v);
    }
   }
}
//根据提供的棋子信息(颜色、坐标)画棋子
public void draw(Graphics g, int i, int j, int v){
   int x = 20 * i + 20;
   int y = 20 * j + 20;
   //画棋盘
   if(i!=width && j!=height){
    g.setColor(Color.white);
    g.drawRect(x,y,20,20);
   //画黑色棋子
   if(v == 1){
    g.setColor(Color.gray);
    g.drawOval(x-8,y-8,16,16);
    g.setColor(Color.black);
    g.fillOval(x-8,y-8,16,16);
   //画白色棋子
   if(v == 2)
    g.setColor(Color.gray);
    g.drawOval(x-8,y-8,16,16);
    g.setColor(Color.white);
    g.fillOval(x-8,y-8,16,16);
   if(v == 3)
    g.setColor(Color.cyan);
    g.drawOval(x-8,y-8,16,16);
```

```
}
}
//响应鼠标的点击事件,根据鼠标的点击来下棋,
//根据下棋判断胜负等
public void mousePressed(MouseEvent evt){
   int x = (\text{evt.getX}()-10) / 20;
   int y = (\text{evt.getY}()-10) / 20;
   System.out.println(x+" "+y);
   if (evt.getModifiers()==MouseEvent.BUTTON1 MASK){
    cm.play(x,y);
    System.out.println(cm.getisOdd()+" "+cm.getarrMapShow()[x][y]);
    repaint();
    if(cm.judgeSuccess(x,y,cm.getisOdd())){
     cm.showSuccess(this);
     evt.consume();
     ChessFrame.iscomputer=false;
    }
    //判断是否为人机对弈
    if(ChessFrame.iscomputer&&!cm.getisExist()){
     cm.computerDo(cm.getWidth(),cm.getHeight());
     repaint();
     if(cm.judgeSuccess(cm.getX(),cm.getY(),cm.getisOdd())){
      cm.showDefeat(this);
      evt.consume();
    }
}
public void mouseClicked(MouseEvent evt){}
public void mouseReleased(MouseEvent evt){}
public void mouseEntered(MouseEvent mouseevt){}
public void mouseExited(MouseEvent mouseevent){}
public void mouseDragged(MouseEvent evt){}
    //响应鼠标的拖动事件
public void mouseMoved(MouseEvent moveevt){
   int x = (moveevt.getX()-10) / 20;
   int y = (moveevt.getY()-10) / 20;
   cm.readyplay(x,y);
   repaint();
}
```

```
class ChessWindowEvent extends WindowAdapter{
public void windowClosing(WindowEvent e) {
        System.exit(0);
}
ChessWindowEvent()
{
}
```