7 - 8.9. Affine transformations

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1 Introduction

In image processing, Affine Transformation refers to a linear mapping method that preserves points, straight lines, and planes. Sets of parallel lines remain parallel after an affine transformation. The affine transformation technique is typically used to correct for geometric distortions or deformations that occur with non-ideal camera angles.

2 Setup

[]: %pip install opencv-python opencv-contrib-python matplotlib

3 Initial Setup

```
[5]: # Import Libraries
import os
import cv2
import numpy as np
import scipy.ndimage as nd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Asset Root
asset_root = os.path.join(os.getcwd(), '../../assets')

# Image Path
image_path = os.path.join(asset_root, 'images', 'perspective_distortion.jpg')

# Read Image and convert to RGB
input_image = cv2.cvtColor(cv2.imread(image_path), cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)

# Display Both Image
plt.figure("Affine Transformation", figsize=(10, 10))
```

```
plt.imshow(input_image)
plt.title("Original Image")
plt.axis('off')

plt.show()
```





4 Affine Transformation in Images

To apply an affine transformation to an image, we need to define a transformation matrix. The transformation matrix is a matrix that describes the transformation to be performed on the input image. The transformation matrix is then applied to the input image using the scipy.ndimage.affine_transform function. The scipy.ndimage.affine_transform function

takes the input image and the transformation matrix as input and returns the transformed image.

```
[7]: # Affine Transformation Matrix
     def affine_transformation_sample(image, radian):
         theta = radian * np.pi / 180
         transformation_matrix = np.array([
             [np.cos(theta), -np.sin(theta), 0],
             [np.sin(theta), np.cos(theta), 0],
             [0, 0, 1]
         ])
         affine_image = nd.affine_transform(image, transformation_matrix)
         return affine image
     # Apply Affine Transformation
     affine_image = affine_transformation_sample(input_image, 11)
     # Display Both Image
     plt.figure("Affine Transformation", figsize=(20, 10))
    plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
     plt.imshow(input_image)
     plt.title("Original Image")
     plt.axis('off')
     plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
     plt.imshow(affine_image)
     plt.title("Affine Transformation")
    plt.axis('off')
    plt.show()
```





The above code snippet applies an affine transformation to the input image by rotating it by 11 degrees. The affine_transformation_sample function defines the transformation matrix for the rotation and applies the transformation matrix to the input image using the scipy.ndimage.affine_transform function. The resulting image is then displayed alongside the original image.

5 Summary

- Affine transformations are linear transformations that preserve points, straight lines, and planes. They include operations such as rotation, scaling, translation, and shearing.
- Affine transformations are used in image processing to correct for geometric distortions or deformations that occur with non-ideal camera angles.
- The affine_transform function from the scipy.ndimage module can be used to apply affine transformations to images.
- The affine_transform function requires an input image and a transformation matrix as input arguments. The transformation matrix is a 3x3 matrix that defines the transformation to be applied to the image.

6 References

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