

4 - 6.4. Brightness Manipulation

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1 Introduction

Brightness Manipulation is the process of changing the brightness of an image. It is a common image processing task that can be used to improve the visibility of an image or to add special effects to an image.

2 Setup

```
[ ]: %pip install opencv-python opencv-contrib-python matplotlib
```

3 Initial Setup

```
[1]: # Import Libraries
import cv2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Asset Root
asset_root = '../..../assets/'

# Image Path
image_path = asset_root + '/images/parrot.jpg'

# Read Image and convert to RGB
input_image = cv2.cvtColor(cv2.imread(image_path), cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)

# Display Both Image
plt.figure("Parrot", figsize=(20, 20))

plt.imshow(input_image)
plt.title("Original Image")
plt.axis('off')
```

```
plt.show()
```



4 Brightness Manipulation

To increase the brightness of an image, we can add a positive value to each pixel of the input image. The following code snippet increases the brightness of the input image by adding a constant value of 100 to each pixel of the input image.

Brightness Manipulation can be done using the following formula:

$$\text{new_pixel_value} = \text{old_pixel_value} + \text{brightness_factor}$$

where:

- `new_pixel_value` is the pixel value of the output image.
- `old_pixel_value` is the pixel value of the input image.
- `brightness_factor` is a constant value that is added to each pixel of the input image.

```
[2]: # Increase Brightness
brightness_factor = 100
brightened_image = cv2.add(input_image, brightness_factor)

# Decrease Brightness
darkened_image = cv2.subtract(input_image, brightness_factor)

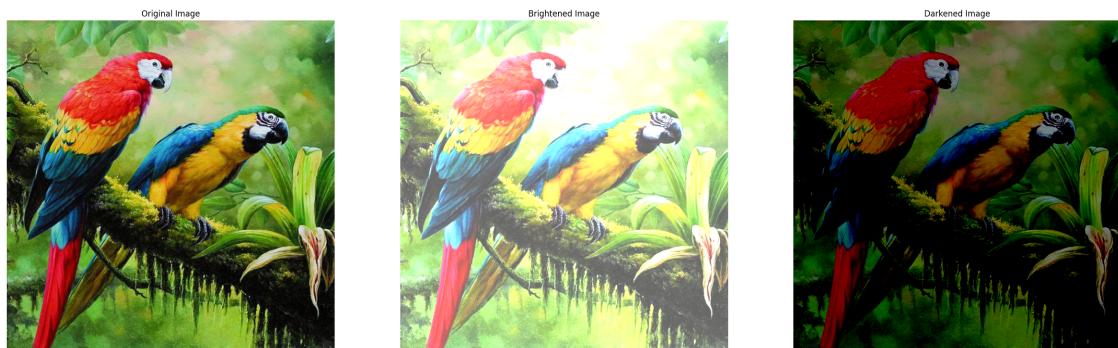
# Display Both Image
plt.figure("Parrot", figsize=(30, 10))

plt.subplot(1, 3, 1)
plt.imshow(input_image)
plt.title("Original Image")
plt.axis('off')

plt.subplot(1, 3, 2)
plt.imshow(brightened_image)
plt.title("Brightened Image")
plt.axis('off')

plt.subplot(1, 3, 3)
plt.imshow(darkened_image)
plt.title("Darkened Image")
plt.axis('off')

plt.show()
```



In the above code snippet, the `cv2.add()` function is used to add the `brightness_factor` to each pixel of the input image. The `cv2.add()` function automatically clips the pixel values to the range `[0, 255]` after adding the `brightness_factor` to each pixel of the input image.

To decrease the brightness of an image, we can subtract a positive value from each pixel of the input image. The following code snippet decreases the brightness of the input image by subtracting a constant value of 100 from each pixel of the input image.

Read More:

- [Brightness Manipulation](#)

5 Summary

- **Brightness Manipulation** is the process of changing the brightness of an image.
- **Brightness** is a measure of the intensity of light in an image.
- To increase the brightness of an image, we can add a positive value to each pixel of the input image.
- To decrease the brightness of an image, we can subtract a positive value from each pixel of the input image.

6 References

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