# **Chapter 12**

两个相对论因子, $\beta = \frac{u}{c}, \gamma = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\beta^2}}$ 

#### 12-1

解:

取飞船本征系,有:

$$L = c\Delta t$$

## 12-2

解:

取地面系为S系,飞船为S'系。

$$v'=rac{v-u}{1-rac{uv}{c^2}}$$

S'下有:

$$t = \frac{l}{|v|} = 1.19 \mu \mathrm{s}$$

## 12-5

解:

Lrentz变换:

$$\Delta x' = \gamma (\Delta x + eta c \cdot 0)$$

解得相对论参数:

$$\begin{cases} \gamma = 2 \\ \beta = \pm \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{cases}$$

Lrentz变换:

$$\Delta t' = \gamma (0 - \beta \Delta x/c) = 5.77 \mu s$$

12-6

解:

Lrentz变换:

$$\Delta t' = \gamma (\Delta t - \beta \cdot 0)$$

解得相对论参数:

$$\begin{cases} \gamma = \frac{3}{2} \\ \beta = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{3} \end{cases}$$

Lrentz变换:

$$\Delta x' = \gamma (0 + eta c \Delta t) = 6.72 imes 10^8 \mathrm{m}$$

## 12-8

解:

引入虚数单位i,有Lrentz变换:

$$egin{bmatrix} \Delta x' \ ic\Delta t' \end{bmatrix} = egin{bmatrix} \gamma & ieta\gamma \ -ieta\gamma & \gamma \end{bmatrix} egin{bmatrix} \Delta x \ ic\Delta t \end{bmatrix}$$

因有矩阵

$$egin{bmatrix} \gamma & ieta\gamma \ -ieta\gamma & \gamma \end{bmatrix}$$

为正交矩阵,故变换前后内积不变。代入 $\Delta t'=0$ ,得:

$$\Delta x' = (\Delta x^2 - c^2 \Delta t^2)^{1/2}$$

12-9

解:

Lrentz变换:

$$\Delta t = \gamma (\Delta t' + 0) = 12.5 \mathrm{s}$$

在S系下:

$$\Delta t_2 = rac{v\Delta t}{v_1} = 25 ext{s}$$

$$t = \Delta t + \Delta t_2 = 37.5$$
s

#### 12-11

解:

有初动量为0,由动量守恒,末动量为0,即最后粒子静止,由能量关系:

$$m_0'c^2=2rac{m_0c^2}{\sqrt{1-v^2/c^2}}$$

得:

$$m_0' = rac{2m_0}{\sqrt{1-v^2/c^2}}$$

#### **12-13**

解:

• (1)

$$E = rac{m_e c^2}{\sqrt{1 - v^2/c^2}} = 5.81 imes 10^{-13} 
m J$$

• (2)

$$rac{E_k}{T} = rac{rac{1}{2} m_e v^2}{E - m_e c^2} = 8.05 imes 10^{-2}$$

### 12-16

解:

设复合质点静止质量为 $km_0$ 。

$$egin{cases} p_c = p_b \ (7m_0c^2)^2 = m_0^2c^4 + p_b^2c^2 \ (8m_0c^2)^2 = k^2m_0c^4 + p_c^2c^2 \end{cases}$$

解得k=4,即复合质点质量为 $4m_0$