Stochastic Processes

University of Tehran

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Homework 7

Due: 1401/10/12

Problem 1

Let $X(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} A_k P(t-kT)$ where $A_k \in \{-1,+1\}$ is a sequence of i.i.d. random variables with $Pr\{A_k = +1\} = Pr\{A_k = -1\} = 0.5$ and P(t) is a given (Energy Signal) pulse.

- (a) Find the power spectral density (PSD) of X(t).
- (b) For the special case where $P(t) = \prod \left(\frac{t-0.5T}{T}\right)$, plot the PSD of X(t).

Problem 2

Let x(t) be a zero-mean stationary Gaussian random process with PSD $S_x(f) = \Lambda(f)$. Let $x'(t) = \frac{d}{dt}x(t)$.

- (a) Find the pdf of vector $\underline{X} = [x(t), x'(t), x(t-1)]^T$.
- (b) Find the PSD of x'(t) and cross power spectrum of x(t) and x'(t).
- (c) Can τ be found such that $x'(t+\tau)$ and x'(t) be independent random variables for all t?

Problem 3

Let $X(t) = A\cos(2\pi Yt + \Theta)$, where A > 0 is a known constant, Y is a random variable with pdf $f_Y(y)$, and Θ is a uniform random variable on $[0, 2\pi]$. Y and Θ are independent. Find the power spectrum of X(t).

Problem 4

Let X(t) be a stationary random process with:

$$S_X(f) = \frac{4(\pi^2 f^2 + 1)}{(4\pi^2 f^2 + 1)(4\pi^2 f^2 + 9)}$$

- (a) Find the innovation process of X(t).
- (b) Find a causal filter with impulse response h(t), so that when X(t) is passed through it the output Y(t) has the autocorrelation function $R_Y(\tau) = e^{-|\tau|}$.

Problem 5

Let $X_1(t)$ and $X_2(t)$ be two random processes with cross-correlation function $R_{X_1X_2}(t_1, t_2)$. Let $Y_1(t)$ and $Y_2(t)$ denote the outputs of two deterministic systems with known impulse responses $h_1(t)$ and $h_2(t)$ to the inputs $X_1(t)$ and $X_2(t)$ respectively, as depicted in Figure 1.

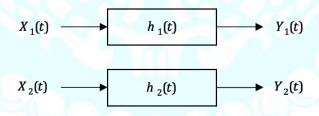


Figure 1

- (a) Find $R_{X_1Y_2}(t_1, t_2)$, the cross-correlation function, and $S_{X_1Y_2}(f)$, the cross-spectral density $X_1(t)$ and $Y_2(t)$. Simplify your answer.
- (b) Find $R_{Y_1Y_2}(t_1, t_2)$ and $S_{Y_1Y_2}(f)$. Simplify your answer.
- (c) Show that if $X_1(t)$ and $X_2(t)$ are jointly stationary then $Y_1(t)$ and $Y_2(t)$ are also jointly stationary.

(d) Assume that $\forall f, S_{Y_1Y_2}(f) = 0$, where $h_1(t)$ and $h_2(t)$ are unknown. What can be inferred about $h_1(t)$ and $h_2(t)$? Articulate.

Problem 6

Let X be a random variable uniformly distributed on the interval [-2,3]. Let the random process $X(t) = e^{-X} \cos(2\pi Xt)$ undergo an ideal low-pass filter with the cutoff frequency $f_0 = 1$. Denote the output process as Y(t).

- (a) Find the power spectral density of X(t).
- (b) Find the power of Y(t).

Problem 7

Let X(t) be a zero-mean stationary random process with $R_X(\tau) = e^{-|\tau|}$. Define:

$$Y(t) = \int_0^2 X(t-s)ds$$

Find the power spectrum of Y(t).