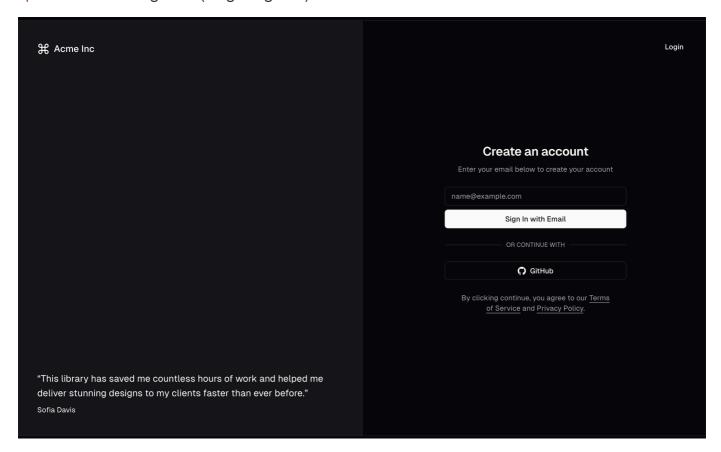
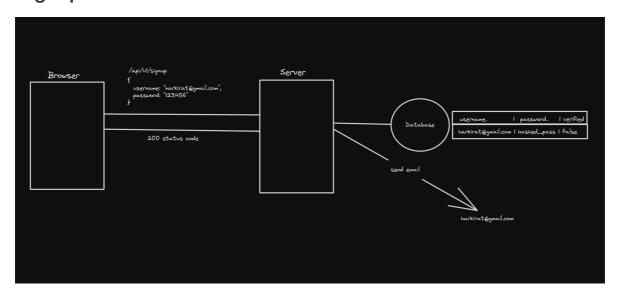
## What is authentication?

Authentication is the process of letting users signup/signin into websites via username / password or using SSO (single sign on)

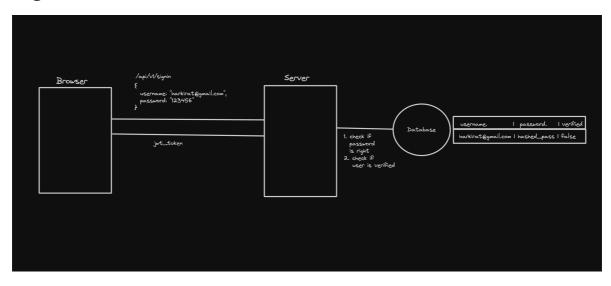


# Authentication using jwt + localstorage

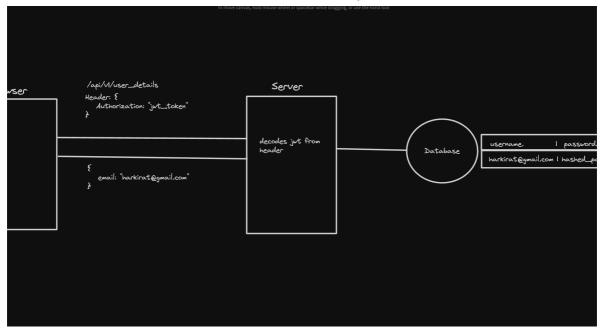
### Signup



## Signin



## **Auth requests**



# **Authentication using cookies (Part 1)**

#### What are cookies

Cookies in web development are small pieces of data sent from a website and stored on the user's computer by the user's web browser while the user is browsing. They are designed to be a reliable mechanism for websites to remember things (very similar to local storage)

- 1. **Session Management:** Cookies allow websites to identify users and track their individual session states across multiple pages or visits.
- 2. **Personalization:** Websites use cookies to personalize content and ads. For instance, cookies might store information about a user's preferences, allowing the site to tailor content or advertisements to those interests.
- 3. **Tracking:** Cookies can track users across websites, providing insights into browsing behavior. This information can be used for analytics purposes, to improve website functionality, or for advertising targeting.
- 4. **Security:** Secure cookies can be used to enhance the security of a website by ensuring that the transmission of information is only done over an encrypted connection, helping to prevent unauthorized access to user data.

We will be focussing on point 4

#### Why not local storage?

Cookies and LocalStorage both provide ways to store data on the client-side, but they serve different purposes and have different characteristics.

1. Cookies are send with every request to the website (by the browser) (you don't have to explicitly add a header to the fetch call)

This point becomes super important in Next.js, we'll see later why

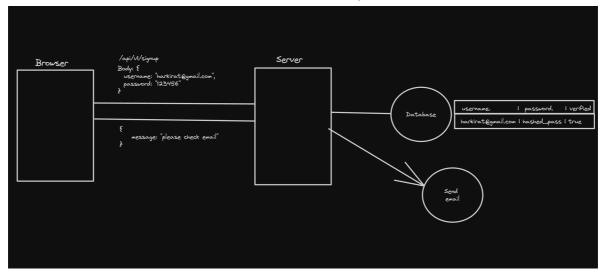
Ref - https://github.com/100xdevs-cohort-2/paytm/blob/complete-solution/frontend/src/pages/SendMoney.jsx#L45

```
axios.post("http://localhost:3000/api/v1/account/transfer", {
    to: id,
    amount
}, {
    headers: {
        Authorization: "Bearer " + localStorage.getItem("token")
    }
})
```

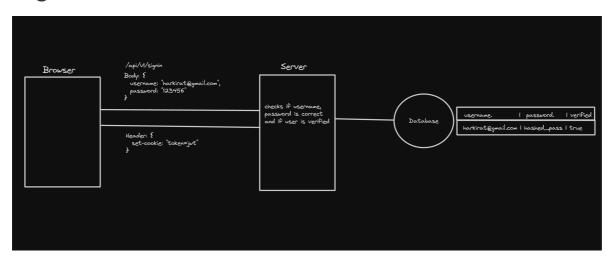
- 1. Cookies can have an expiry attached to them
- 2. Cookies can be be restricted to only https and to certain domains

# Authentication with cookies (Part 2)

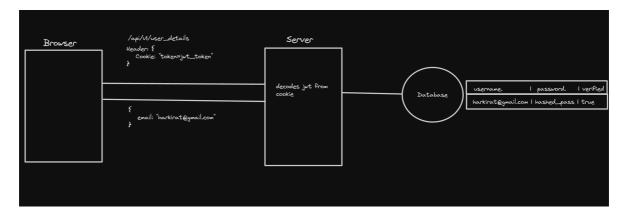
### Signup



## Signin



## **Auth endpoints**



You don't need to explicitly set the cookie header in the browser. It's

# **Properties of cookies**

#### Types of cookies

- 1. Persistent Stay even if u close the window
- 2. Session Go away after the window closes
- 3. **Secure S**ent only over secure, encrypted connections (HTTPS).

#### **Properties of cookies**

- HttpOnly Can not be accessed by client side scripts
- SameSite Ensures cookies are not send on cross origin requests
- 1. Strict
- 2. Lax Only GET requests and on top level navigation
- 3. None

Ref - <a href="https://portswigger.net/web-security/csrf/bypassing-samesite-restrictions#:~:text=SameSite">https://portswigger.net/web-security/csrf/bypassing-samesite-restrictions#:~:text=SameSite is a browser security,leaks%2C and some CORS exploits.

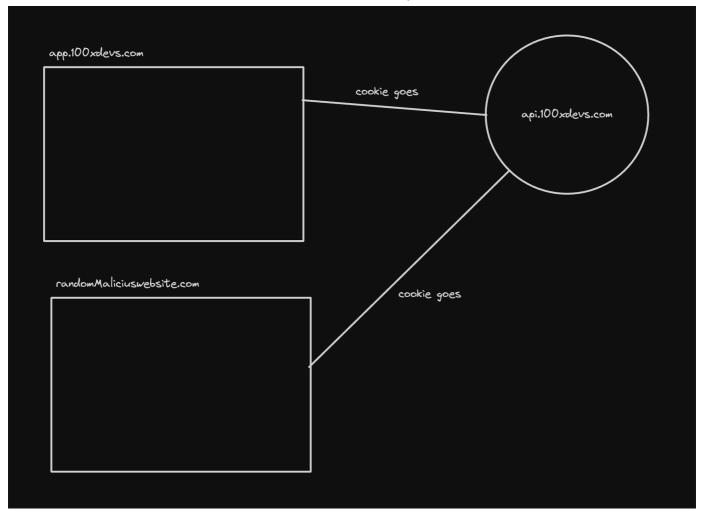
• Domains - You can also specify what all domains should the cookie be sent from

#### **CSRF** attacks

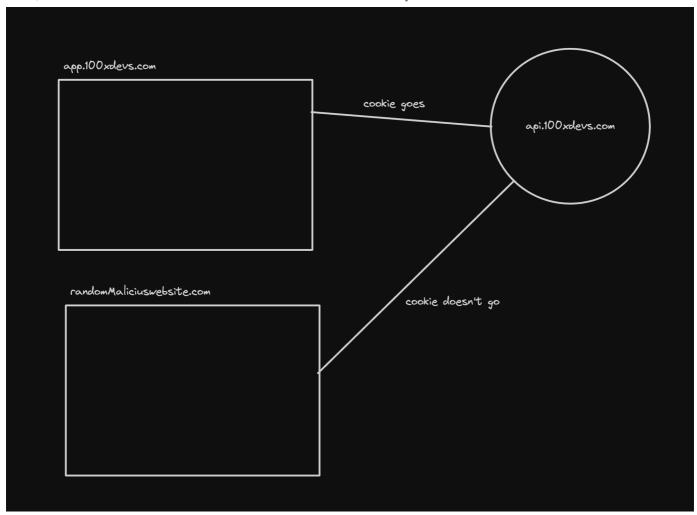
Cross site request forgery attacks were super common because of cookies and hence the SameSite attribute was introduced

Let's see a few cases

SameSite: none



SameSite: Strict



But there's a problem -

# Example in express (Backend)

1. Initialize an empty TS project

```
npm init -y
npx tsc --init
```

1. Update rootDir and outDir

```
"roodDir": "./s.c
"outDir": "./dist"
```

1. Add required libraries

```
import express from "express";
import cookieParser from "cookie-parser";
import cors from "cors";
import jwt, { JwtPayload } from "jsonwebtoken";
import path from "path";
```

1. Initialize express app, add middlewares

```
const app = express();
app.use(cookieParser());
app.use(express.json());
app.use(cors({
    credentials: true,
    origin: "http://localhost:5173"
}));
```

1. Add a dummy signin endpoint

```
app.post("/signin", (req, res) => {
   const email = req.body.email;
   const password = req.body.password;
   // do db validations, fetch id of user from db
   const token = jwt.sign({
      id: 1
   }, JWT_SECRET);
   res.cookie("token", token);
```

```
res.send("Logged in!");
});
```

1. Add a protected backend route

```
app.get("/user", (req, res) => {
   const token = req.cookies.token;
   const decoded = jwt.verify(token, JWT_SECRET) as JwtPayload;
   // Get email of the user from the database
   res.send({
       userId: decoded.id
   })
});
```

1. Add a logout route

```
app.post("/logout", (req, res) => {
    res.cookie("token", "ads");
    res.json({
        message: "Logged out!"
    })
});
```

1. Listen on port 3000

```
Copy
app.listen(3000);
```

Code - https://github.com/100xdevs-cohort-2/week-16-auth-1

## **Frontend in React**

- Initialize an empty react project
- Add a signin page

```
Copy
import { useState } from "react"
import { BACKEND_URL } from "../config"
import axios from "axios"
export const Signin = () => {
    const [username, setUsername] = useState("")
    const [password, setPassword] = useState("")
    return <div>
        <input onChange={(e) => {
            setUsername(e.target.value);
        }} type="text" placeholder="username" />
        <input onChange={(e) => {
            setPassword(e.target.value);
        }} type="password" placeholder="password" />
        <button onClick={async () => {
            await axios.post(`${BACKEND_URL}/signin`, {
                username,
                password
            }, {
                withCredentials: true,
            alert("you are logged in")
        }}>Submit</button>
    </div>
}
```

• Add a user page

```
import axios from "axios";
import { useEffect, useState } from "react"
import { BACKEND_URL } from "../config";

export const User = () => {
    const [userData, setUserData] = useState();

useEffect(() => {
    axios.get(`${BACKEND_URL}/user`, {
        withCredentials: true,
    })
    .then(res => {
```

```
setUserData(res.data);
})
}, []);

return <div>
    You're id is {userData?.userId}
    <br /><br />
    <button onClick={() => {
        axios.post(`${BACKEND_URL}/logout`, {}, {
            withCredentials: true,
        })
    }}>Logout</button>
</div>
}
```

#### Add routing

```
Copy
import './App.css'
import { BrowserRouter, Route, Routes } from "react-router-dom";
import { Signup } from './components/Signup';
import { Signin } from './components/Signin';
import { User } from './components/User';
function App() {
  return (
    <BrowserRouter>
      <Routes>
        <Route path={"/signup"} element={<Signup />} />
        <Route path={"/signin"} element={<Signin />} />
        <Route path={"/user"} element={<User />} />
      </Routes>
    </BrowserRouter>
  )
}
export default App
```

Code - https://github.com/100xdevs-cohort-2/week-16-auth-1

# Frontend from express

1. Add an index.html file in src folder of backend

```
Copy
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0</pre>
    <title>Login Page</title>
    <script src="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/axios/dist/axios.min.js"><</pre>
</head>
<body>
<input id="username" type="text" placeholder="username" />
<input id="password" type="password" placeholder="password" />
<button id="loginButton">Submit</button>
<button id="logoutButton">Logout/button>
<div id="userData"></div>
<script>
    document.getElementById('loginButton').addEventListener('click', asy
        const username = document.getElementById('username').value;
        const password = document.getElementById('password').value;
        try {
            await axios.post(`/signin`, {
                username,
                password
            });
            alert("You are logged in");
        } catch (error) {
            console.error('Login failed:', error);
            alert("Login failed");
    });
    document.getElementById('logoutButton').addEventListener('click', ()
        axios.post(`/logout`, {}, {
            withCredentials: true,
        }).then(() => {
```

```
console.log('Logged out successfully.');
       }).catch(error => {
            console.error('Logout failed:', error);
       });
   });
   function fetchUserData() {
        axios.get(`/user`, {
            withCredentials: true,
        }).then(response => {
            const userData = response.data;
            displayUserData(userData);
        }).catch(error => {
            console.error('Failed to fetch user data:', error);
       });
   }
   function displayUserData(userData) {
        const userDataDiv = document.getElementById('userData');
       // Example: Assumes userData contains a 'name' and 'email'. Adap
       userDataDiv.innerHTML = `Your id is: ${userData.userId}`;
   }
   fetchUserData();
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

1. Add a route that sends this html file

```
app.get("/", (req, res) => {
    res.sendFile(path.join(__dirname, "../src/index.html"))
})
```

1. Remove credentials from cors

```
app.use(corsررر,
```

Link - https://github.com/100xdevs-cohort-2/week-16-auth-1