

Arcade Project

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Chapter 1

Hierarchical Index

1.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

IGrid::Cell	7
IClock	8
IEntity	10
IGrid	17
IText	23
IGame	13
IGraphicalFactory	15
IMenu	20
IWindow	26

Chapter 2

Class Index

2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

IGrid::Cell	7
IClock	8
IEntity	10
IGame	13
IGraphicalFactory	15
IGrid	17
IMenu	20
IText	23
IWindow	26

Chapter 3

File Index

3.1 File List

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:

Interface/Game/ IGame.hpp	33
Interface/Graphical/ IClock.hpp	34
Interface/Graphical/ IEntity.hpp	35
Interface/Graphical/ IGraphicalFactory.hpp	37
Interface/Graphical/ IWindow.hpp	38
Interface/Menu/ IMenu.hpp	41

Chapter 4

Class Documentation

4.1 IGrid::Cell Struct Reference

```
#include <IEntity.hpp>
```

Collaboration diagram for IGrid::Cell:

IGrid::Cell
+ color
+ x
+ y

Public Attributes

- [Color](#) color
- [size_t](#) x
- [size_t](#) y

4.1.1 Member Data Documentation

4.1.1.1 color

```
Color IGrid::Cell::color
```

4.1.1.2 x

```
size_t IGrid::Cell::x
```

4.1.1.3 y

```
size_t IGrid::Cell::y
```

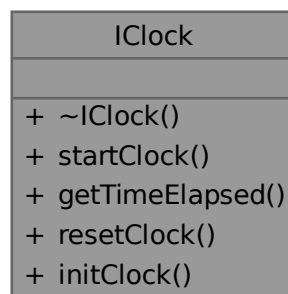
The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [Interface/Graphical/IEntity.hpp](#)

4.2 IClock Class Reference

```
#include <IClock.hpp>
```

Collaboration diagram for IClock:



Public Member Functions

- [~IClock](#) ()=default
- virtual void [startClock](#) ()=0
Start the clock used to measure time in the game or simulation. This is a pure virtual function that must be implemented by the derived class. Its purpose is to start the clock used to measure time in the game or simulation.
- virtual double [getTimeElapsed](#) ()=0
Get the time elapsed since the start of the clock. Its purpose is to retrieve the time elapsed since the start of the clock used to measure time in the game or simulation.
- virtual void [resetClock](#) ()=0
Reset the clock used to measure time in the game or simulation. Its purpose is to reset the clock used to measure time in the game or simulation to its initial state.
- virtual void [initClock](#) ()=0
Initialize the clock used to measure time in the game or simulation. Its purpose is to initialize the clock used to measure time in the game or simulation, setting it to its initial state.

4.2.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.2.1.1 ~IClock()

```
IClock::~~IClock ( ) [default]
```

4.2.2 Member Function Documentation

4.2.2.1 getTimeElapsed()

```
virtual double IClock::getTimeElapsed ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Get the time elapsed since the start of the clock. Its purpose is to retrieve the time elapsed since the start of the clock used to measure time in the game or simulation.

Returns

The time elapsed, in seconds.

4.2.2.2 initClock()

```
virtual void IClock::initClock ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Initialize the clock used to measure time in the game or simulation. Its purpose is to initialize the clock used to measure time in the game or simulation, setting it to its initial state.

4.2.2.3 resetClock()

```
virtual void IClock::resetClock ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Reset the clock used to measure time in the game or simulation. Its purpose is to reset the clock used to measure time in the game or simulation to its initial state.

4.2.2.4 startClock()

```
virtual void IClock::startClock ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Start the clock used to measure time in the game or simulation. This is a pure virtual function that must be implemented by the derived class. Its purpose is to start the clock used to measure time in the game or simulation.

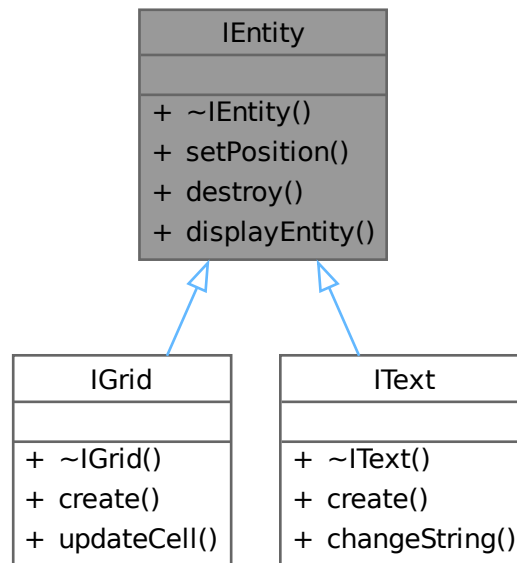
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Interface/Graphical/[IClock.hpp](#)

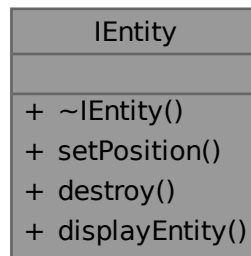
4.3 IEntity Class Reference

```
#include <IEntity.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for IEntity:



Collaboration diagram for IEntity:



Public Types

- enum class `Color` {
`Blue` , `Green` , `Orange` , `Red` ,
`Brown` , `Yellow` }

Public Member Functions

- `~IEntity()`=default
- virtual void `setPosition` (int x, int y)=0
Sets the position of the entity. Its purpose is to set the position of the entity to the specified x and y coordinates. The function takes two integer parameters representing the x and y coordinates to set as the new position of the entity.
- virtual void `destroy` ()=0
Destroys any resources used in the implementation. Its purpose is to destroy any resources used in the implementation, such as windows or textures.
- virtual void `displayEntity` ()=0
Displays an entity on the screen. Its purpose is to display an entity on the screen, such as a sprite or image.

4.3.1 Member Enumeration Documentation

4.3.1.1 Color

```
enum class IEntity::Color [strong]
```

Enumerator

Blue	
Green	
Orange	
Red	
Brown	
Yellow	

4.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.3.2.1 ~IEntity()

```
IEntity::~IEntity ( ) [default]
```

4.3.3 Member Function Documentation

4.3.3.1 destroy()

```
virtual void IEntity::destroy ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Destroys any resources used in the implementation. Its purpose is to destroy any resources used in the implementation, such as windows or textures.

4.3.3.2 displayEntity()

```
virtual void IEntity::displayEntity ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Displays an entity on the screen. Its purpose is to display an entity on the screen, such as a sprite or image.

4.3.3.3 setPosition()

```
virtual void IEntity::setPosition (
    int x,
    int y ) [pure virtual]
```

Sets the position of the entity. Its purpose is to set the position of the entity to the specified x and y coordinates. The function takes two integer parameters representing the x and y coordinates to set as the new position of the entity.

Parameters

<i>x</i>	
<i>y</i>	

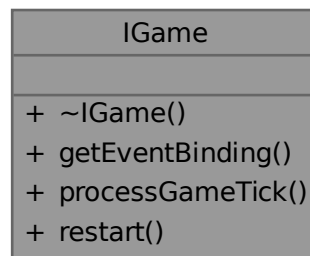
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [Interface/Graphical/IEntity.hpp](#)

4.4 IGame Class Reference

```
#include <IGame.hpp>
```

Collaboration diagram for IGame:



Public Member Functions

- `~IGame()`=default
- virtual `IWindow::EventHandler & getEventBinding()`=0
Returns the event handler object for the window. Its purpose is to return the event handler object for the window, allowing the client to modify or access event bindings. The function returns a reference to the `IWindow::EventHandler` object associated with the window.
- virtual bool `processGameTick (IGrid &grid, IText &scoreText, IText &timeText, IClock &clock)`=0
Process a single tick of the game or simulation. Its purpose is to process a single tick of the game or simulation, updating the state of the game or simulation accordingly. The function takes four parameters: a reference to an `IGrid` object representing the game board or simulation space, a reference to an `IText` object representing the score or other information to be displayed, a reference to an `IClock` object representing the game or simulation timer, and a reference to an `IText` object representing the time or other information to be displayed. The function returns a boolean value indicating whether the game or simulation should continue running. If false, the game or simulation should end and any necessary cleanup should be performed.
- virtual void `restart()`=0
Restarts the implementation's game or simulation. Its purpose is to restart the game or simulation implemented by the class, resetting all necessary variables and objects to their initial state.

4.4.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.4.1.1 ~IGame()

```
IGame::~~IGame ( ) [default]
```

4.4.2 Member Function Documentation

4.4.2.1 `getEventBinding()`

```
virtual IWindow::EventHandler & IGame::getEventBinding ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Returns the event handler object for the window. Its purpose is to return the event handler object for the window, allowing the client to modify or access event bindings. The function returns a reference to the [IWindow::EventHandler](#) object associated with the window.

Returns

[IWindow::EventHandler&](#)

4.4.2.2 `processGameTick()`

```
virtual bool IGame::processGameTick (
    IGrid & grid,
    IText & scoreText,
    IText & timeText,
    IClock & clock ) [pure virtual]
```

Process a single tick of the game or simulation. Its purpose is to process a single tick of the game or simulation, updating the state of the game or simulation accordingly. The function takes four parameters: a reference to an [IGrid](#) object representing the game board or simulation space, a reference to an [IText](#) object representing the score or other information to be displayed, a reference to an [IClock](#) object representing the game or simulation timer, and a reference to an [IText](#) object representing the time or other information to be displayed. The function returns a boolean value indicating whether the game or simulation should continue running. If false, the game or simulation should end and any necessary cleanup should be performed.

Parameters

<i>grid</i>	
<i>scoreText</i>	
<i>timeText</i>	
<i>clock</i>	

Returns

true

false

4.4.2.3 restart()

```
virtual void IGame::restart ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Restarts the implementation's game or simulation. Its purpose is to restart the game or simulation implemented by the class, resetting all necessary variables and objects to their initial state.

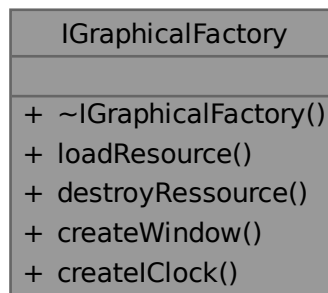
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Interface/Game/[IGame.hpp](#)

4.5 IGraphicalFactory Class Reference

```
#include <IGraphicalFactory.hpp>
```

Collaboration diagram for IGraphicalFactory:



Public Member Functions

- [~IGraphicalFactory](#) ()=default
- virtual void [loadResource](#) ()=0

Loads the necessary resources required for the implementation of the program. Its purpose is to load any required resources that are used in the implementation, such as textures, sounds, or fonts, into memory so they can be used later on.
- virtual void [destroyRessource](#) ()=0

Releases the resources held by the implementation. Its purpose is to release any resources that have been allocated or loaded by the implementation, such as textures, sounds, or fonts that were loaded during the course of the program. It ensure that all resources are properly released to avoid any memory leaks or resource conflicts.
- virtual std::unique_ptr< [IWindow](#) > [createWindow](#) (std::string name, size_t width, size_t height)=0

This function creates a window object required for the implementation.
- virtual std::unique_ptr< [IClock](#) > [createIClock](#) ()=0

Creates an [IClock](#) object required for the implementation. Its purpose is to create a new [IClock](#) object, which is used to track time in the implementation.

4.5.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.5.1.1 ~IGraphicalFactory()

```
IGraphicalFactory::~IGraphicalFactory ( ) [default]
```

4.5.2 Member Function Documentation

4.5.2.1 createIClock()

```
virtual std::unique_ptr< IClock > IGraphicalFactory::createIClock ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Creates an [IClock](#) object required for the implementation. Its purpose is to create a new [IClock](#) object, which is used to track time in the implementation.

Parameters

<i>width</i>	
<i>height</i>	

Returns

std::unique_ptr<IClock> A unique_ptr<IClock> object pointing to the newly created [IClock](#).

4.5.2.2 createWindow()

```
virtual std::unique_ptr< IWindow > IGraphicalFactory::createWindow (
    std::string name,
    size_t width,
    size_t height ) [pure virtual]
```

This function creates a window object required for the implementation.

Parameters

<i>name</i>	A string specifying the name of the window to be created.
<i>width</i>	A size_t specifying the width of the window to be created.
<i>height</i>	A size_t specifying the height of the window to be created.

Returns

`std::unique_ptr<IWindow>` A `unique_ptr<IWindow>` object pointing to the newly created window.

4.5.2.3 destroyRessource()

```
virtual void IGraphicalFactory::destroyRessource ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Releases the resources held by the implementation. Its purpose is to release any resources that have been allocated or loaded by the implementation, such as textures, sounds, or fonts that were loaded during the course of the program. It ensure that all resources are properly released to avoid any memory leaks or resource conflicts.

4.5.2.4 loadResource()

```
virtual void IGraphicalFactory::loadResource ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Loads the necessary resources required for the implementation of the program. Its purpose is to load any required resources that are used in the implementation, such as textures, sounds, or fonts, into memory so they can be used later on.

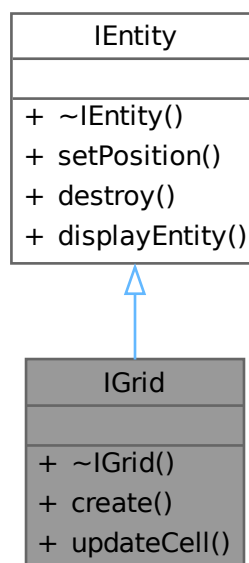
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [Interface/Graphical/IGraphicalFactory.hpp](#)

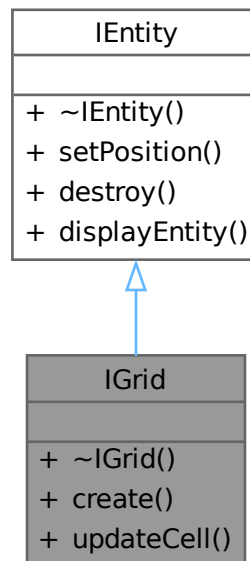
4.6 IGrid Class Reference

```
#include <IEntity.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for IGrid:



Collaboration diagram for IGrid:



Classes

- struct [Cell](#)

Public Member Functions

- [~IGrid](#) ()=default
- virtual void [create](#) (int width, int heigh)=0

Creates a new object in the implementation with the given width and height. Its purpose is to create a new object in the implementation with the given width and height. The function takes two integer parameters, representing the width and height of the new object to be created.

- virtual void [updateCell](#) (int x, int y, [IEntity::Color](#))=0

a pure virtual function that must be implemented by the derived class. Its purpose is to update the color of a cell in the implementation's grid, identified by its x and y coordinates. The function takes three parameters: two integer parameters representing the x and y coordinates of the cell, and a parameter of type [IEntity::Color](#) representing the new color to assign to the cell.

Public Member Functions inherited from IEntity

- [~IEntity](#) ()=default
- virtual void [setPosition](#) (int x, int y)=0

Sets the position of the entity. Its purpose is to set the position of the entity to the specified x and y coordinates. The function takes two integer parameters representing the x and y coordinates to set as the new position of the entity.

- virtual void [destroy](#) ()=0

Destroys any resources used in the implementation. Its purpose is to destroy any resources used in the implementation, such as windows or textures.

- virtual void [displayEntity](#) ()=0

Displays an entity on the screen. Its purpose is to display an entity on the screen, such as a sprite or image.

Additional Inherited Members

Public Types inherited from [IEntity](#)

- enum class [Color](#) {
 [Blue](#) , [Green](#) , [Orange](#) , [Red](#) ,
 [Brown](#) , [Yellow](#) }

4.6.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.6.1.1 ~IGrid()

```
IGrid::~IGrid ( ) [default]
```

4.6.2 Member Function Documentation

4.6.2.1 create()

```
virtual void IGrid::create (
    int width,
    int height ) [pure virtual]
```

Creates a new object in the implementation with the given width and height. Its purpose is to create a new object in the implementation with the given width and height. The function takes two integer parameters, representing the width and height of the new object to be created.

Parameters

<i>width</i>	
<i>height</i>	

4.6.2.2 updateCell()

```
virtual void IGrid::updateCell (
    int x,
    int y,
    IEntity::Color ) [pure virtual]
```

a pure virtual function that must be implemented by the derived class. Its purpose is to update the color of a cell in the implementation's grid, identified by its x and y coordinates. The function takes three parameters: two integer parameters representing the x and y coordinates of the cell, and a parameter of type [IEntity::Color](#) representing the new color to assign to the cell.

Parameters

<i>x</i>	
<i>y</i>	

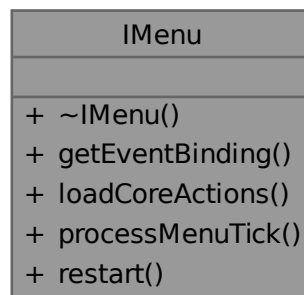
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Interface/Graphical/[IEntity.hpp](#)

4.7 IMenu Class Reference

```
#include <IMenu.hpp>
```

Collaboration diagram for IMenu:



Public Types

- using [LambdaCoreLoading](#) = std::function< void(std::string, std::string)>

Public Member Functions

- [~IMenu](#) ()=default
- virtual [IWindow::EventHandler](#) & [getEventBinding](#) ()=0
Retrieves the event binding object for the window. This function returns a reference to an object of type [IWindow::EventHandler](#), which is used to handle events for the window.
- virtual void [loadCoreActions](#) ([LambdaCoreLoading](#))=0
Loads the core actions required for the implementation.
- virtual bool [processMenuTick](#) ([IText](#) &, [IText](#) &, std::array< std::reference_wrapper< [IText](#) >, 3 >, std::array< std::reference_wrapper< [IText](#) >, 3 >)=0
Processes a tick in the game menu.
- virtual void [restart](#) ()=0
Restarts the game.

4.7.1 Member Typedef Documentation

4.7.1.1 LambdaCoreLoading

```
using IMenu::LambdaCoreLoading = std::function<void(std::string, std::string)>
```

4.7.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.7.2.1 ~IMenu()

```
IMenu::~IMenu ( ) [default]
```

4.7.3 Member Function Documentation

4.7.3.1 getEventBinding()

```
virtual IWindow::EventHandler & IMenu::getEventBinding ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Retrieves the event binding object for the window. This function returns a reference to an object of type [IWindow::EventHandler](#), which is used to handle events for the window.

Returns

[IWindow::EventHandler](#) & A reference to an object of type [IWindow::EventHandler](#).

4.7.3.2 loadCoreActions()

```
virtual void IMenu::loadCoreActions (
    LambdaCoreLoading ) [pure virtual]
```

Loads the core actions required for the implementation.

This function is used to load the core actions required for the implementation using a [LambdaCoreLoading](#) parameter.

Parameters

<i>LambdaCoreLoading</i>	A parameter of type <code>LambdaCoreLoading</code> that is used to load the core actions.
--------------------------	---

4.7.3.3 processMenuTick()

```
virtual bool IMenu::processMenuTick (
    IText & ,
    IText & ,
    std::array< std::reference_wrapper< IText >, 3 > ,
    std::array< std::reference_wrapper< IText >, 3 > ) [pure virtual]
```

Processes a tick in the game menu.

This function is used to process a tick in the game menu, using several parameters of type `IText` and an array of references to `IText` objects. It returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the menu should continue to be processed.

Parameters

<i>IText</i>	A parameter of type <code>IText</code> that is used to process the game menu.
<i>IText</i>	A parameter of type <code>IText</code> that is used to process the game menu.
<i>std::array<std::reference_wrapper<IText>,3></i>	An array of references to <code>IText</code> objects.
<i>std::array<std::reference_wrapper<IText>,3></i>	An array of references to <code>IText</code> objects.

Returns

true The menu should continue to be processed.
false The menu should not continue to be processed.

4.7.3.4 restart()

```
virtual void IMenu::restart ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Restarts the game.

This function is used to restart the game. It is declared as a pure virtual function, so it must be implemented by any derived classes.

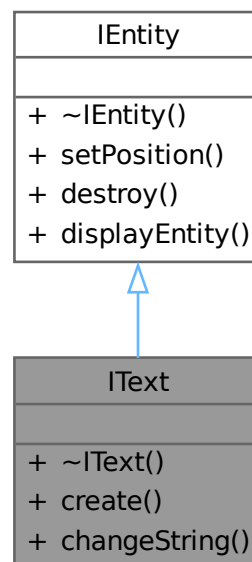
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [Interface/Menu/IMenu.hpp](#)

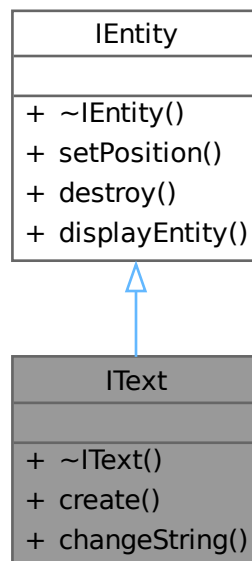
4.8 IText Class Reference

```
#include <IEntity.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for IText:



Collaboration diagram for IText:



Public Types

- enum class `EntityType` { `GridEntity` , `SpriteEntity` , `TextEntity` }

Public Types inherited from IEntity

- enum class `Color` {
`Blue` , `Green` , `Orange` , `Red` ,
`Brown` , `Yellow` }

Public Member Functions

- `~IText()`=default
- virtual void `create` (std::string str)=0
- virtual void `changeString` (std::string str)=0

Creates a new object in the implementation. Its purpose is to create a new object in the implementation based on the given string parameter. The function take a string as parameter, which can be used to determine the type or properties of the object to be created.

Changes the string property of the object in the implementation. Its purpose is to change the string property of the object in the implementation. The function takes a string parameter, which represents the new value for the string property of the object.

Public Member Functions inherited from IEntity

- `~IEntity()`=default
- virtual void `setPosition` (int x, int y)=0
Sets the position of the entity. Its purpose is to set the position of the entity to the specified x and y coordinates. The function takes two integer parameters representing the x and y coordinates to set as the new position of the entity.
- virtual void `destroy` ()=0
Destroys any resources used in the implementation. Its purpose is to destroy any resources used in the implementation, such as windows or textures.
- virtual void `displayEntity` ()=0
Displays an entity on the screen. Its purpose is to display an entity on the screen, such as a sprite or image.

4.8.1 Member Enumeration Documentation

4.8.1.1 EntityType

```
enum class IText::EntityType [strong]
```

Enumerator

GridEntity	
SpriteEntity	
TextEntity	

4.8.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.8.2.1 ~IText()

```
IText::~IText ( ) [default]
```

4.8.3 Member Function Documentation

4.8.3.1 changeString()

```
virtual void IText::changeString (
    std::string str ) [pure virtual]
```

Changes the string property of the object in the implementation. Its purpose is to change the string property of the object in the implementation. The function takes a string parameter, which represents the new value for the string property of the object.

Parameters

<i>str</i>	
------------	--

4.8.3.2 create()

```
virtual void IText::create (
    std::string str ) [pure virtual]
```

Creates a new object in the implementation. Its purpose is to create a new object in the implementation based on the given string parameter. The function take a string as parameter, which can be used to determine the type or properties of the object to be created.

Parameters

<i>str</i>	
------------	--

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Interface/Graphical/[IEntity.hpp](#)

4.9 IWindow Class Reference

```
#include <IWindow.hpp>
```

Collaboration diagram for IWindow:

IWindow
<ul style="list-style-type: none">+ ~IWindow()+ initWindow()+ closeWindow()+ windowIsOpen()+ clear()+ display()+ callEvent()+ loadEventBindings()+ eventPollEvent()+ createIText()+ createIGrid()

Public Types

- enum class [EventType](#) {
[UP_pressed](#) , [DOWN_pressed](#) , [LEFT_pressed](#) , [RIGHT_pressed](#) ,
[ENTER_pressed](#) , [QUIT](#) , [PAUSE](#) , [RESUME](#) ,
[NEXT_GAME](#) , [NEXT_LIB](#) , [RESTART](#) , [GO_TO_MENU](#) }
- using [EventCallback](#) = std::function< void()>
- using [EventHandler](#) = std::map< [IWindow::EventType](#), [EventCallback](#) >

Public Member Functions

- [~IWindow](#) ()=default
- virtual void [initWindow](#) (std::string name, size_t width, size_t height)=0
Initializes the window object required for the implementation. Its purpose is to initialize the window object with the specified name, width, and height.
- virtual void [closeWindow](#) ()=0
loses the window object used in the implementation. Its purpose is to close and destroy the window object used in the implementation.
- virtual bool [windowsIsOpen](#) ()=0
Checks whether the window object used in the implementation is currently open. Its purpose is to check whether the window object used in the implementation is currently open.
- virtual void [clear](#) ()=0
Clears the rendering buffer used in the implementation. Its purpose is to clear the rendering buffer used in the implementation. This is typically done at the beginning of each frame to ensure that the previous frame's rendering is not visible in the current frame.
- virtual void [display](#) ()=0
Displays the rendered content on the window object used in the implementation. Its purpose is to display the rendered content on the window object used in the implementation. This is typically done at the end of each frame to show the newly rendered content on the screen.
- virtual void [callEvent](#) (const [IWindow::EventType](#))=0
Calls the event handler function for the specified event type. Its purpose is to call the event handler function for the specified event type. This function is typically called by the application's main loop to handle user input or other events.
- virtual void [loadEventBindings](#) ([EventHandler](#) &)=0
loads the event bindings for the specified event handler object. Its purpose is to load the event bindings for the specified event handler object. This function is typically called at the beginning of the application to register event handlers for various types of events (e.g. mouse clicks, key presses, etc.).
- virtual void [eventPollEvent](#) ()=0
Polls for any pending events on the window object used in the implementation. Its purpose is to poll for any pending events on the window object used in the implementation. This function is typically called by the application's main loop to handle user input or other events.
- virtual std::unique_ptr< [IText](#) > [createIText](#) ()=0
Creates a new instance of the [IText](#) interface for the implementation. Its purpose is to create a new instance of the [IText](#) interface for the implementation. The returned object can be used to draw text on the window.
- virtual std::unique_ptr< [IGrid](#) > [createIGrid](#) ()=0
Creates a new instance of the [IGrid](#) interface for the implementation. Its purpose is to create a new instance of the [IGrid](#) interface for the implementation. The returned object can be used to draw a grid on the window.

4.9.1 Member Typedef Documentation

4.9.1.1 EventCallBack

```
using IWindow::EventCallBack = std::function<void()>
```

4.9.1.2 EventHandler

```
using IWindow::EventHandler = std::map<IWindow::EventType, EventCallBack>
```

4.9.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

4.9.2.1 EventType

```
enum class IWindow::EventType [strong]
```

Enumerator

UP_pressed	
DOWN_pressed	
LEFT_pressed	
RIGHT_pressed	
ENTER_pressed	
QUIT	
PAUSE	
RESUME	
NEXT_GAME	
NEXT_LIB	
RESTART	
GO_TO_MENU	

4.9.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.9.3.1 ~IWindow()

```
IWindow::~IWindow ( ) [default]
```

4.9.4 Member Function Documentation

4.9.4.1 callEvent()

```
virtual void IWindow::callEvent (
    const IWindow::EventType ) [pure virtual]
```

Calls the event handler function for the specified event type. Its purpose is to call the event handler function for the specified event type. This function is typically called by the application's main loop to handle user input or other events.

Parameters

<i>eventType</i>	An object of type <code>IWindow::EventType</code> specifying the type of the event to be handled.
------------------	---

4.9.4.2 clear()

```
virtual void IWindow::clear ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Clears the rendering buffer used in the implementation. Its purpose is to clear the rendering buffer used in the implementation. This is typically done at the beginning of each frame to ensure that the previous frame's rendering is not visible in the current frame.

4.9.4.3 closeWindow()

```
virtual void IWindow::closeWindow ( ) [pure virtual]
```

loses the window object used in the implementation. Its purpose is to close and destroy the window object used in the implementation.

4.9.4.4 createIGrid()

```
virtual std::unique_ptr< IGrid > IWindow::createIGrid ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Creates a new instance of the `IGrid` interface for the implementation. Its purpose is to create a new instance of the `IGrid` interface for the implementation. The returned object can be used to draw a grid on the window.

Returns

```
std::unique_ptr<IGrid>
```

4.9.4.5 createIText()

```
virtual std::unique_ptr< IText > IWindow::createIText ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Creates a new instance of the [IText](#) interface for the implementation. Its purpose is to create a new instance of the [IText](#) interface for the implementation. The returned object can be used to draw text on the window.

Returns

`std::unique_ptr<IText>`

4.9.4.6 display()

```
virtual void IWindow::display ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Displays the rendered content on the window object used in the implementation. Its purpose is to display the rendered content on the window object used in the implementation. This is typically done at the end of each frame to show the newly rendered content on the screen.

4.9.4.7 eventPollEvent()

```
virtual void IWindow::eventPollEvent ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Polls for any pending events on the window object used in the implementation. Its purpose is to poll for any pending events on the window object used in the implementation. This function is typically called by the application's main loop to handle user input or other events.

4.9.4.8 initWindow()

```
virtual void IWindow::initWindow (
    std::string name,
    size_t width,
    size_t height ) [pure virtual]
```

Initializes the window object required for the implementation. Its purpose is to initialize the window object with the specified name, width, and height.

Parameters

<i>name</i>	
<i>width</i>	
<i>height</i>	

4.9.4.9 loadEventBindings()

```
virtual void IWindow::loadEventBindings (
    EventHandler & ) [pure virtual]
```

loads the event bindings for the specified event handler object. Its purpose is to load the event bindings for the specified event handler object. This function is typically called at the beginning of the application to register event handlers for various types of events (e.g. mouse clicks, key presses, etc.).

Parameters

<i>handler</i>	An object of type EventHandler that contains the event bindings to be loaded.
----------------	---

4.9.4.10 windowIsOpen()

```
virtual bool IWindow::windowIsOpen ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Checks whether the window object used in the implementation is currently open. Its purpose is to check whether the window object used in the implementation is currently open.

Returns

true
false

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Interface/Graphical/[IWindow.hpp](#)

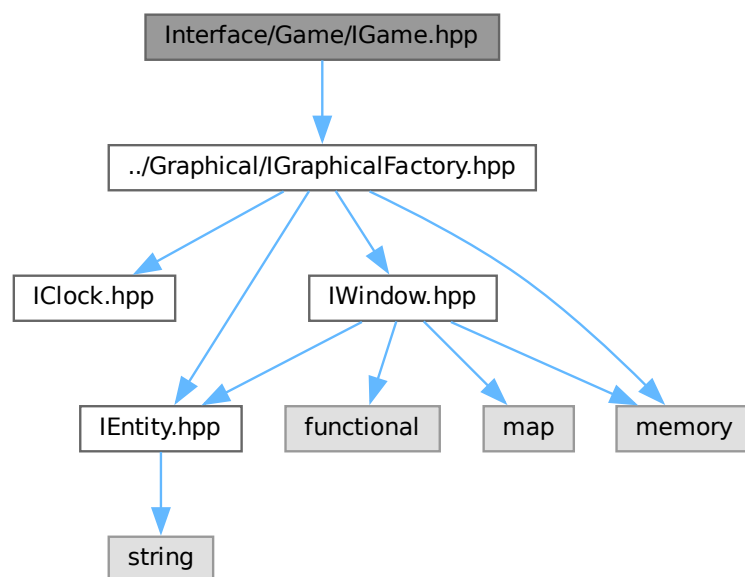
Chapter 5

File Documentation

5.1 Interface/Game/IGame.hpp File Reference

```
#include "../Graphical/IGraphicalFactory.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for IGame.hpp:



Classes

- class [IGame](#)

5.2 IGame.hpp

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

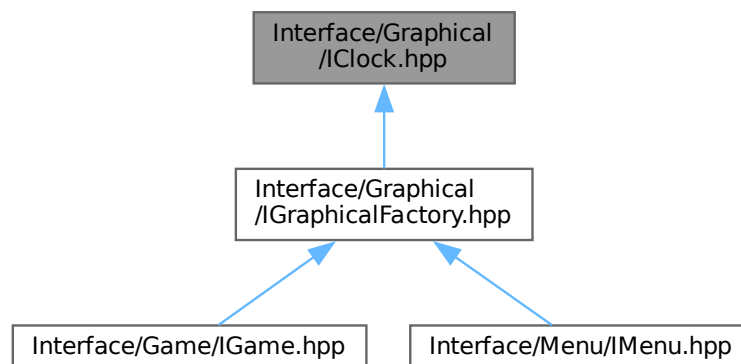
```

00001 /*
00002  ** EPITECH PROJECT, 2023
00003  ** B-OOP-400-BDX-4-1-arcade-leopold.sallan-gemard
00004  ** File description:
00005  ** IGame
00006  */
00007
00008 #pragma once
00009 #include "../Graphical/IGraphicalFactory.hpp"
00010
00011 class IGame
00012 {
00013     public:
00014         ~IGame() = default;
00015
00016         virtual IWindow::EventHandler &getEventBinding() = 0;
00017
00018         virtual bool processGameTick(IGrid &grid, IText &scoreText, IText &timeText,
00019                                     IClock &clock) = 0;
00020
00021         virtual void restart() = 0;
00022 };

```

5.3 Interface/Graphical/IClock.hpp File Reference

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

- class `IClock`

5.4 IClock.hpp

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```

00001 /*
00002  ** EPITECH PROJECT, 2023
00003  ** arcade

```

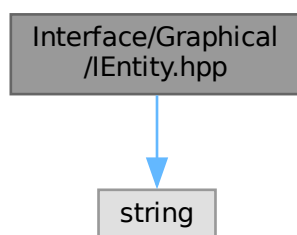


```
00004  ** File description:
00005  ** IClock
00006  */
00007
00008  #pragma once
00009
00010  class IClock
00011  {
00012      public:
00013          ~IClock() = default;
00014
00020          virtual void startClock() = 0;
00021
00028          virtual double getTimeElapsed() = 0;
00029
00035          virtual void resetClock() = 0;
00036
00042          virtual void initClock() = 0;
00043  };
```

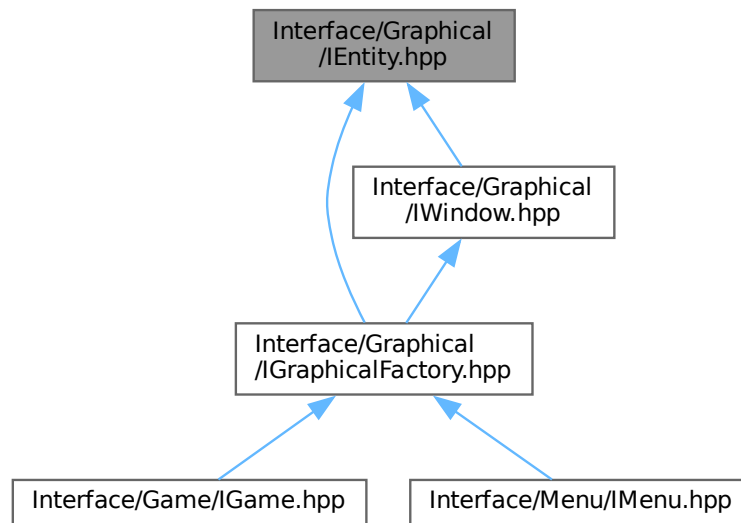
5.5 Interface/Graphical/IEntity.hpp File Reference

```
#include <string>
```

Include dependency graph for IEntity.hpp:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

- class IEntity
- class IText
- class IGrid
- struct IGrid::Cell

5.6 IEntity.hpp

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```

00001 /*
00002 ** EPITECH PROJECT, 2023
00003 ** arcade
00004 ** File description:
00005 ** IEntity
00006 */
00007
00008 #pragma once
00009 #include <string>
00010
00011 class IEntity
00012 {
00013     public:
00014         enum class Color {
00015             Blue,
00016             Green,
00017             Orange,
00018             Red,
00019             Brown,
00020             Yellow,
00021         };
00022
00023         ~IEntity() = default;
00024
00025         virtual void setPosition(int x, int y) = 0;
00026
00027         virtual void destroy() = 0;
00028
00029     };
00030
00031 };
  
```

```

00041
00046     virtual void displayEntity() = 0;
00047 };
00048
00049 class IText : public IEntity
00050 {
00051     public:
00052         enum class EntityType {
00053             GridEntity,
00054             SpriteEntity,
00055             TextEntity,
00056         };
00057         ~IText() = default;
00058
00067         virtual void create(std::string str) = 0;
00068
00076         virtual void changeString(std::string str) = 0;
00077 };
00078
00079 class IGrid : public IEntity
00080 {
00081     public:
00082         struct Cell {
00083             Color color;
00084             size_t x;
00085             size_t y;
00086         };
00087         ~IGrid() = default;
00088
00098         virtual void create(int width, int heighth) = 0;
00099
00110         virtual void updateCell(int x, int y, IEntity::Color) = 0;
00111 };

```

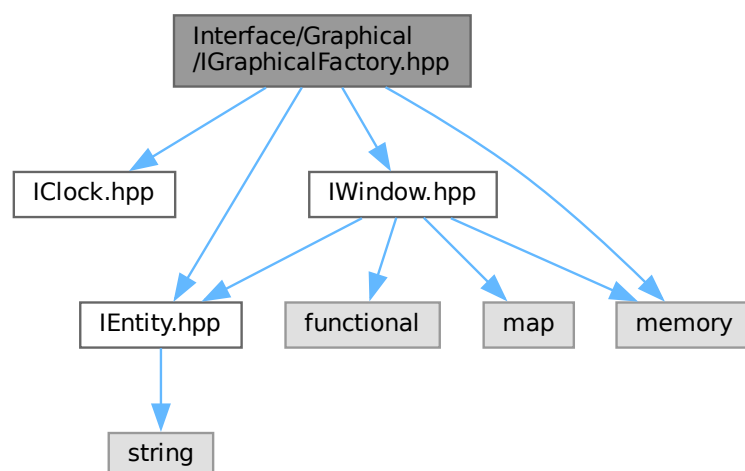
5.7 Interface/Graphical/IGraphicalFactory.hpp File Reference

```

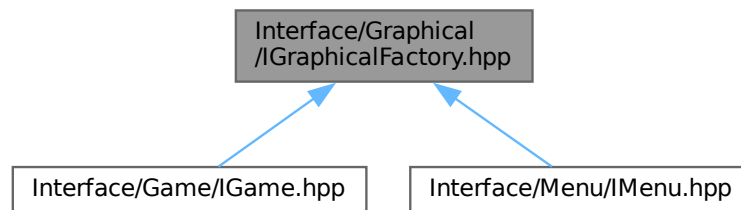
#include "IClock.hpp"
#include "IEntity.hpp"
#include "IWindow.hpp"
#include <memory>

```

Include dependency graph for IGraphicalFactory.hpp:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

- class `IGraphicalFactory`

5.8 IGraphicalFactory.hpp

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```

00001 /*
00002 ** EPITECH PROJECT, 2023
00003 ** B-OOP-400-BDX-4-1-arcade-leopold.sallan-gemard
00004 ** File description:
00005 ** IGraphicalFactorys
00006 */
00007
00008 #pragma once
00009 #include "IClock.hpp"
00010 #include "IEntity.hpp"
00011 #include "IWindow.hpp"
00012 #include <memory>
00013
00014 class IGraphicalFactory
00015 {
00016     public:
00017         ~IGraphicalFactory() = default;
00018
00024         virtual void loadResource() = 0;
00025
00034         virtual void destroyRessource() = 0;
00035
00044         virtual std::unique_ptr<IWindow> createWindow(std::string name, size_t width,
00045                                                         size_t height) = 0;
00046
00056         virtual std::unique_ptr<IClock> createIClock() = 0;
00057 };
  
```

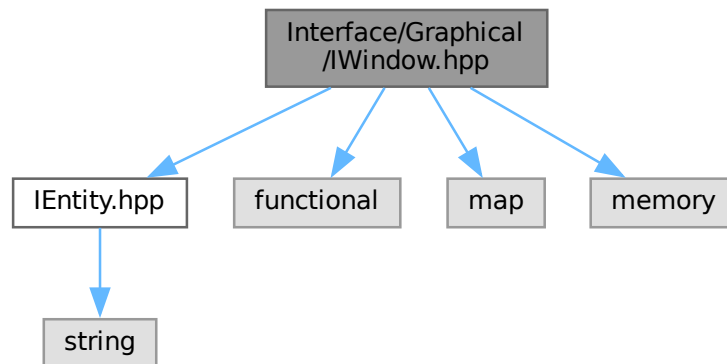
5.9 Interface/Graphical/IWindow.hpp File Reference

```

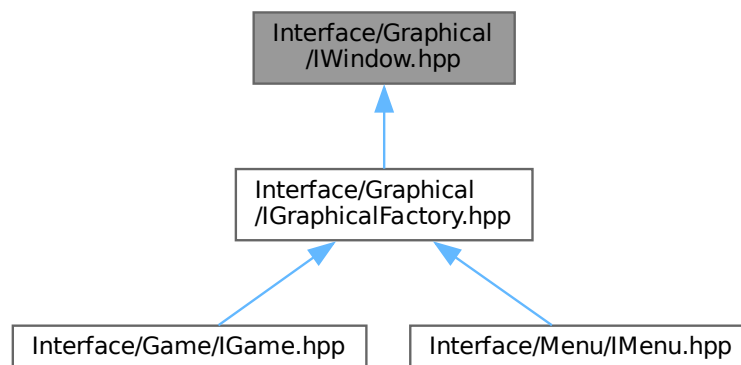
#include "IEntity.hpp"
#include <functional>
#include <map>
  
```

```
#include <memory>
```

Include dependency graph for IWindow.hpp:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

- class [IWindow](#)

5.10 IWindow.hpp

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```

00001 /*
00002 ** EPITECH PROJECT, 2023
00003 ** arcade
00004 ** File description:

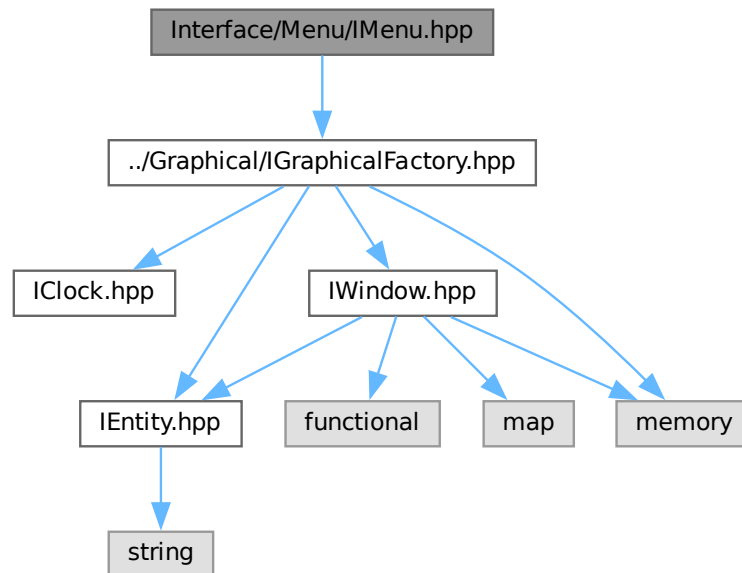
```

```
00005 ** IWindow
00006 */
00007
00008 #pragma once
00009 #include "IEntity.hpp"
00010 #include <functional>
00011 #include <map>
00012 #include <memory>
00013
00014 class IWindow
00015 {
00016     public:
00017         ~IWindow() = default;
00018
00019         //event
00020         enum class EventType {
00021             UP_pressed,
00022             DOWN_pressed,
00023             LEFT_pressed,
00024             RIGHT_pressed,
00025             ENTER_pressed,
00026             QUIT,
00027             PAUSE,
00028             RESUME,
00029             NEXT_GAME,
00030             NEXT_LIB,
00031             RESTART,
00032             GO_TO_MENU,
00033         };
00034         using EventCallBack = std::function<void()>;
00035         using EventHandler = std::map<IWindow::EventType, EventCallBack>;
00036
00045         virtual void initWindow(std::string name, size_t width, size_t height) = 0;
00046
00051         virtual void closeWindow() = 0;
00052
00060         virtual bool windowIsOpen() = 0;
00061
00068         virtual void clear() = 0;
00069
00076         virtual void display() = 0;
00077
00086         virtual void callEvent(const IWindow::EventType) = 0;
00087
00096         virtual void loadEventBindings(EventHandler &) = 0;
00097
00104         virtual void eventPollEvent() = 0;
00105
00112         virtual std::unique_ptr<IText> createIText() = 0;
00113
00120         virtual std::unique_ptr<IGrid> createIGrid() = 0;
00121 };
```

5.11 Interface/Menu/IMenu.hpp File Reference

```
#include "../Graphical/IGraphicalFactory.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for IMenu.hpp:



Classes

- class `IMenu`

5.12 IMenu.hpp

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```

00001  /*
00002  ** EPITECH PROJECT, 2023
00003  ** B-OOP-400-BDX-4-1-arcade-leopold.sallan-gemard
00004  ** File description:
00005  ** IMenu
00006  */
00007
00008  #pragma once
00009  #include "../Graphical/IGraphicalFactory.hpp"
00010
00015  class IMenu
00016  {
00017
00018      public:
00019          using LambdaCoreLoading = std::function<void(std::string, std::string)>;
00020
00021          ~IMenu() = default;
00022
00029          virtual IWindow::EventHandler &getEventBinding() = 0;
00030
00040          virtual void loadCoreActions(LambdaCoreLoading) = 0;
00041
00058          virtual bool processMenuTick(IText &, IText &, std::array<std::reference_wrapper<IText>, 3>,
00059                                     std::array<std::reference_wrapper<IText>, 3>) = 0;
00060
00067          virtual void restart() = 0;
00068  };
  
```

