## **Exercise 4 (Python code + text):**

Consider a two-class, two-dimensional classification problem for which you can find attached two sets: one for training and one for testing (file HW9a.mat). Each of these sets consists of pairs of the form  $(y_i,x_i)$ , where  $y_i$  is the class label for vector  $x_i$ . Let  $N_{train}$  and  $N_{test}$  denote the number of training and test sets, respectively. The data are given via the following arrays/matrices:

- $train_x$  (a  $N_{train}$  x2 matrix that contains in its rows the training vectors  $x_i$ )
- $train_y$  (a  $N_{train}$ -dim. column **vector** containing the **class labels** (0 or 1) of the corresponding training vectors  $x_i$  included in  $train_x$ ).
- $test_x$  (a  $N_{test}$ x2 matrix that contains in its rows the test vectors  $x_i$ )
- $test\_y$  (a  $N_{test}$ -dim. column **vector** containing the **class labels** (0 or 1) of the corresponding test vectors  $x_i$  included in  $test\_x$ ).

**Train** the SVM classifier using the training set given above and **measure** its performance using the test set, **using**: (a) the linear kernel, (b) the polynomial kernel and (c) rbf kernel. Perform **several runs** using the attached code, for **several choices** of the **parameters** included in each kernel and for various values of C.

## Exercise 5 (Python code + text)<sup>1</sup>:

Consider a two-class, two-dimensional classification problem for which you can find attached two sets: one for training and one for testing (file HW9b.mat). Each of these sets consists of pairs of the form  $(y_i,x_i)$ , where  $y_i$  is the class label for vector  $x_i$ . Let  $N_{train}$  and  $N_{test}$  denote the number of training and test sets, respectively. The data are given via the following arrays/matrices:

- $train_x$  (a  $N_{train}$  x2 matrix that contains in its rows the training vectors  $x_i$ )
- $train_y$  (a  $N_{train}$ -dim. column **vector** containing the **class labels** (0 or 1) of the corresponding training vectors  $x_i$  included in  $train_x$ ).

- test\_x (a N<sub>test</sub>x2 matrix that contains in its rows the test vectors x<sub>i</sub>)
- $test\_y$  (a  $N_{test}$ -dim. column **vector** containing the **class labels** (0 or 1) of the corresponding test vectors  $x_i$  included in  $test\_x$ ).

Train a neural network classifier with a single hidden layer where the nodes have the hyperbolic tangent output function, for (a) 3 nodes, (b) 4 nodes, (c) 10 nodes, (d) 50 nodes (use the MLPClassifier Python function inserting properly the required parameters, see also the attached code), using the training set given above and measure the performance using the test set. Comment on the results.