SP HW 1.md 9/28/2022

SP HW_1

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1.

(a)

./a.out < infile 2>&1 > outfile means that we

- set "infile" to "standard output"
- redirect "standard error" to "standard output"
- set "standard output" to "infile."

(b)

Code

```
dup2(fd1, 1);
dup2(2, 1);
close(2);
dup2(1, fd2);
```

2.

(a)

write_to_fn() function should be an atomic operation because

if another funtion writes $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{t}}\mathbf{x}\mathbf{t}$ before $write_{\mathbf{t}}\mathbf{o}_{\mathbf{f}}d()$ writes $\mathbf{B}_{\mathbf{t}}\mathbf{x}\mathbf{t}$ to the file, * it will append the $\mathbf{B}_{\mathbf{t}}\mathbf{x}\mathbf{t}$ written by $write_{\mathbf{t}}\mathbf{o}_{\mathbf{f}}d()$ to the $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{t}}\mathbf{x}\mathbf{t}$ written by *write_to_fd() because they use the same offset in the same open file.

(a)

write_to_fn() function should be an atomic operation because

if another funtion writes **A_txt** before *write_to_fd()* writes **B_txt** to the file, the **A_txt** written by another funtion may be displaced by the **B_txt** written by *write_to_fd()*.

Although *write_to_fd()* create a new open file and a new open file fescriptor, the offset in the new open file may be same as the offset in another open file. Thus, the **A_txt** written by another funtion will be displaced by the **B_txt** written by *write_to_fd()*.