

CAT 2025



MBA PIONEER

Lecture- 01

Factors + Unit's Digit

Number System – 1

By- RAHUL BATHLA





Recap of Previous Lecture :



factors / unit's digit
Remainders / TRAILING 0s & Max Power
Divisibility HCF / LCM

TOPICS *to be covered*

- 1 Number of Factors
 - 2 Sum of Factors
- } formula based

- **
- 3 From Factors to Number *Αριθμος*
 - 4 Unit's Digit



Topic: Number of Factors

$$24 = \boxed{1} \quad 24$$

$$2 \quad 12$$

$$\boxed{3} \quad 8$$

$$4 \quad 6$$

Total Factors = $N = p^a \times q^b \times r^c$

$\rightarrow N_o = (a+1)(b+1)(c+1)$
 of factors

$$24 = 2^3 \times 3^1$$

4 x 2 = 8 factors

$$3 \times 5 \times 7 \times 2$$



Total Factors

$$2^3 \times 3^1$$

tl kar ke ayega

4 x 2 = 8

$$\begin{array}{r} 2^0 \\ 2^1 \\ 2^2 \\ 2^3 \\ \hline 4 \end{array} \times \begin{array}{r} 3^0 \\ 3^1 \\ \hline 2 \end{array} = 8$$

Odd Factors

$$\cancel{2^3} \times 3^1$$

ayega nahi

2 factors

$$\frac{3^0}{2} = 2$$

Even Factors

TOTAL - ODD

$$8 - 2 = 6 \text{ factors}$$

$$\frac{2^1}{3} \times \frac{3^0}{2} = 6f.$$

QUESTION – 1

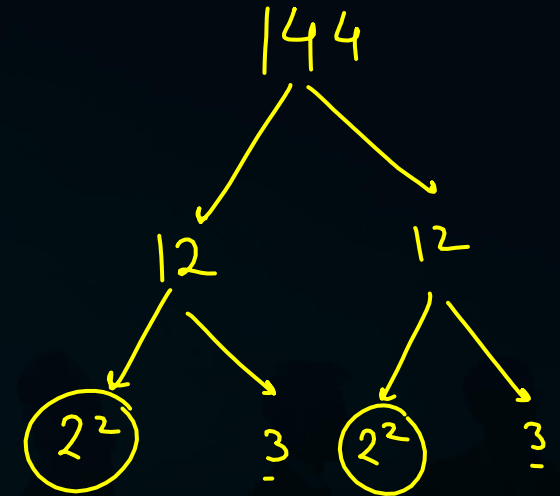


#Q. Find the number of divisors of 144.

- A** 12
- B** 15 ✓✓
- C** 18
- D** none

$$144 = 2^4 \times 3^2$$

$\downarrow \quad \quad \downarrow$
 $5 \times 3 = 15 \checkmark$



QUESTION – 2

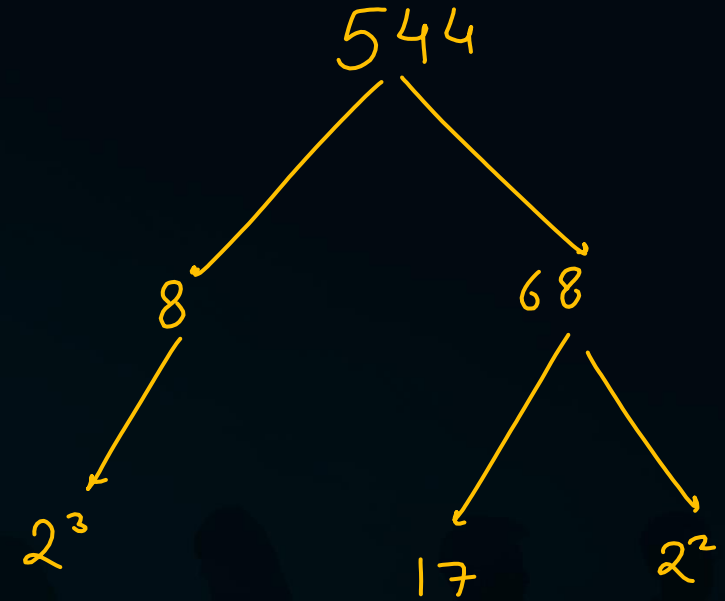


#Q. Find the number of divisors of 544 excluding 1 and 544.

- A** 12
- B** 15
- C** 18
- D** none ✓✓

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 2^5 & \times & 17^1 \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ 6 & \times & 2 = 12 \text{ factors} \\ & & (1 \& 544 \text{ inc.}) \end{array}$$

$$12 - 2 = 10 \text{ factors} \\ (\text{excl } 1 \& 544)$$



QUESTION – 3



#Q. Find the number of total factors, odd factors and even factors of the number $2^8 * 3^6 * 5^4 * 10^5$?

$$10^5 = (2 \times 5)^5$$

$$\begin{aligned} N &= \underline{2}^8 \times \underline{3}^6 \times \underline{5}^4 \times \underline{10}^5 \\ &= 2^8 \times 3^6 \times 5^4 \times 2^5 \times 5^5 \\ &= 2^{13} \times 3^6 \times 5^9 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{t. factors} = 14 \times 7 \times 10 = 980$$

$$\text{o. factors} = 7 \times 10 = 70$$

$$\text{e. factors} = 910 \checkmark$$

72



1	2	3	4	6	8	9	12	18	24	36	72
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	----

Perfect Square

$$72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$$\frac{2^0}{2} \times \frac{3^0}{2} = 4$$

Perfect Cube

$$72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$$\frac{2^0}{2} \times \frac{3^0}{1} = 2$$

QUESTION – 4

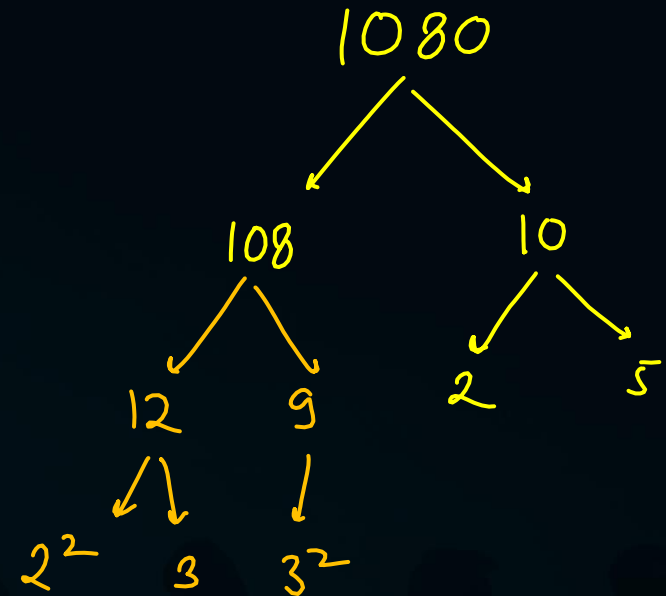


#Q. How many factors of 1080 are perfect squares?

- A** 8
- B** 4 ✓✓
- C** 6
- D** 2

$$1080 = 2^3 \times 3^3 \times 5^1$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 2^0 & 3^0 & 5^0 \\ \hline 2^2 & 3^2 & \hline 2 \times 2 \times 1 = 4 \end{array}$$



QUESTION – 5



#Q. How many perfect cubes factor of 10648 is

1331

A 2

B 4 ✓✓

C 3

D 5

$$T. \text{ factor} = 4 \times 4 = 16$$

$$O. \text{ factor} = 4$$

$$E. \text{ factor} = 3 \times 4 = 12$$

$$P. S. Q. \text{ factor} = 2 \times 2 = 4$$

$$N = 2^3 \times 11^3$$

$$\frac{2^0}{2} \times \frac{11^0}{2} = 4 \text{ factor}$$

72



1	2	3	4	6	8	9	12	18	24	36	72
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	----

Factors divisible by 8

$$\frac{72}{8} = 9$$

factor of 9 $\rightarrow 3^2$
 $\downarrow +1$
 3
 3 factors

Factors divisible by 6

$$\frac{72}{6} = 12$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 2^2 \\ \downarrow +1 \\ 3 \end{array} \times \begin{array}{c} 3^1 \\ \downarrow +1 \\ 2 \end{array} = 6 \text{ factors}$$

$$72 \rightarrow 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$$6 \rightarrow 2^1 \times 3^1$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 2^1 \\ 2^2 \\ \hline 2^3 \\ 3 \end{array} \times \begin{array}{c} 3^1 \\ 3^2 \\ \hline 3^3 \\ 2 \end{array} = 6$$

QUESTION - 6



#Q. $N = 2^8 * 3^6 * 5^4 * 10^5$, Find

(i) factors divisible by 100 $\rightarrow 672$

(ii) " " " 500 $\rightarrow 588$

(iii) " " " 3000 $\rightarrow 462$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 3 \mid \begin{array}{ccc} 2^{10} & \times & 3^5 & \times & 5^6 \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ 11 & & 6 & & 7 \end{array} \\
 11 \times 42 \\
 462
 \end{array}$$

①

$$2^8 \times 3^6 \times 5^4 \times 10^3$$

$$2^{11} \times 3^6 \times 5^7$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ 12 & & 7 \end{array}$$

$$12 \times 56 = 560 + 112 = 672$$

②

$$2^{11} \times 3^6 \times 5^6$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ 12 & & 7 \end{array}$$

$$12 \times 49 = 588$$



Topic: SUM OF FACTORS

60

1	2	3	4	5	6	10	12	15	20	30	60
---	---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	----	----

$$60 \rightarrow 2^2 \times 3^1 \times 5^1$$



Even Factors

$$\frac{2^1}{2^2} \times \frac{3^0}{3^1} \times \frac{5^0}{5^1} = 8 \text{ fac.}$$

Odd Factors

$$\frac{3^0}{3^1} \times \frac{5^0}{5^1} = 4 \text{ fac.}$$

Total Factors

$$\frac{2^0}{2^2} \times \frac{3^0}{3^1} \times \frac{5^0}{5^1} = 12 \text{ fac.}$$

Sum of Even Factors

$$\frac{2^1}{2^2} \times \frac{3^0}{3^1} \times \frac{5^0}{5^1} = 6 \times 4 \times 6 = 144$$

Sum of Odd Factors

$$\frac{3^0}{3^1} \times \frac{5^0}{5^1} = 4 \times 6 = 24$$

✓ Sum of Factors

$$\frac{2^0}{2^2} + \frac{3^0}{3^1} + \frac{5^0}{5^1} = 7 \times 4 \times 6 = 168$$

QUESTION – 7



#Q. Find the sum of the sum of divisors of 144 and 160.

- A** 589
- B** 735
- C** 781 ✓
- D** none of these

$$144 = 2^4 \times 3^2$$

2^0	3^0	$\frac{3^3-1}{3-1}$
2^1	3^1	$\frac{26}{2}$
2^2	3^2	
2^3		
2^4		

$$\frac{31}{\times} \frac{13}{\quad} = 403$$

$\checkmark 2^5 - 1$

$$160 = 2^5 \times 5^1$$

2^0	5^0	$\frac{5^2-1}{5-1}$
2^1	5^1	$\frac{6}{\quad}$
2^2		
2^3		
2^4		
2^5		

$$63 \times 6 = 378$$

$2^6 - 1$

QUESTION – 8



#Q. Find the sum of the sum of even divisors of 96 and the sum of odd divisors of 3600.

A 639

B 651 ✓✓

C 735

D 589

$$96 = 2^5 \times 3^1$$

$2^6 - 1 - 2^0$

2^1	3^0
2^2	3^1
2^3	
2^4	
2^5	
62	

$\times 4$

248

$$3600 = 2^4 \times 3^2 \times 5^2$$

$2^4 \times 5^2 \times 3^2$

3^0	5^0
3^1	5^1
3^2	5^2
13	31

\times

= 403

72

1	2	3	4	6	8	9	12	18	24	36	72
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	----

$$72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$



Sum of Perfect Square

$$\begin{array}{r} 2^0 \\ 2^2 \\ \hline 5 \end{array} \times \begin{array}{r} 3^0 \\ 3^2 \\ \hline 10 \end{array} = 50$$

Sum of Perfect Cube

$$\begin{array}{r} 2^0 \\ 2^3 \\ \hline 9 \end{array} \times \begin{array}{r} 3^0 \\ \hline 1 \end{array} = 9 \checkmark$$

Sum of factors of 3600 \neq divisible by 100

$$3600 = 2^2 \times 5^2 \times 3^2 \times 2^2$$

$$= 2^4 \times 3^2 \times 5^2$$

$$100 = 2^2 \times 5^2$$

2-4

2^2	3^0	5^2	
2^3	3^1		
2^4	3^2		
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	
28	13	25	$= 9100$

$$700 \times 13$$



Topic: Product Of Factors

72



1	2	3	4	6	8	9	12	18	24	36	72
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	----

1 st Factor	1
2 nd Factor	2
3 rd Factor	3
4 th Factor	4
5 th Factor	6
6 th Factor	8

12 th Factor	72
11 th Factor	36
10 th Factor	24
9 th Factor	18
8 th Factor	12
7 th Factor	9

$$72 \times 72 \times 72 \times 72 \times 72 \times 72 = 72^6$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{12}{2} = 6$$

$$\text{Product of factors of } N = [N]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

QUESTION – 9



#Q. What is the product of all factors of 12 ?

A 144

B 512

C 1728 ✓

D 1331

$$[12]^3$$

QUESTION – 10



#Q. What is the product of all factors of 36 ?

A 36^8

B 36^9

C 6^8

D 6^9 ✓✓

$$(36)^{9/2}$$
$$(6^2)^{9/2}$$
$$6^9$$

$$36 \rightarrow 2^2 \times 3^2$$

$$f = 9$$

72



1	2	3	4	6	8	9	12	18	24	36	72
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	----

1 st Factor	1
2 nd Factor	2
3 rd Factor	3
4 th Factor	4
5 th Factor	6
6 th Factor	8

12 th Factor	72
11 th Factor	36
10 th Factor	24
9 th Factor	18
8 th Factor	12
7 th Factor	9

PARTNER factor \rightarrow $\boxed{\text{Sum of position} = \text{no. of factor} + 1}$

13 12 + 1

QUESTION – 11



#Q. The 4th position factor of 384 from beginning (when arranged in ascending order) is 4. If 13th position factor from beginning is x. Find x

- A** 96 ✓
- B** 13
- C** 48
- D** None of these

$$(4^{\text{th}})(13^{\text{th}}) = 384$$

$$4(x) = 384$$

$$\boxed{x = 96}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 384 &= 2^2 \times 96 \\ &= 2^7 \times 3^1 \\ &= 8 \times 2 = \textcircled{16} \end{aligned}$$



Topic: From Factors to Numbers

Number \longrightarrow factors
 \longleftarrow

QUESTION - 12



#Q. What is the smallest number which has total 15 factors?

$$72 \rightarrow 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$$\downarrow \quad \downarrow$$

$$4 \times 3 = 12 \text{ factors}$$

144 ✓

$$144 = 2^4 \times 3^2$$

$$\downarrow \quad \downarrow$$

$$5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ factors}$$

$$N = 2^{14} \times 3^0$$

$$\downarrow \quad \downarrow$$

$$15 \times 1 = 15 \text{ factors}$$

QUESTION – 13



#Q. What is the minimum sum of two numbers which have total 12 factors ?

$$72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$$4 \times 3 \longrightarrow 12$$

$$60 = 2^2 \times 3^1 \times 5^1$$

$$3 \times 2 \times 2 \longrightarrow 12$$

$$96 = 2^5 \times 3^1$$

$$6 \times 2 \longrightarrow 12$$

$$N = 2^{11} \times 3^0$$

$$12 \times 1 \longrightarrow 12$$

$$60 + 72 = 132 \checkmark$$

QUESTION – 14



#Q. A number N^2 has 15 factors. How many factors can N have?

- A** 5 or 8 factors
- B** 6 or 8 factors ✓✓
- C** 4 or 6 factors
- D** none

$$N^2 = \boxed{a}^4 \boxed{b}^2$$

$\swarrow \quad \searrow$
 $5 \times 3 \leftarrow 15$

$$N^2 = \boxed{a}^{14} \boxed{\cancel{b}}^0$$

$\swarrow \quad \searrow$
 $15 \times 1 \leftarrow 15$

$$N^2 = a^4 b^2$$

$$N = a^2 b^1$$

$\downarrow \quad \downarrow$
 $3 \times 2 = 6$

$$N^2 = a^{14}$$

$$N = a^7$$

$\downarrow +1$
 $8 \checkmark$



Topic: UNIT's DIGIT



❖ Units' digit only depends upon Unit's Digit of all the numbers

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\text{---} 3 \right) \times \left(\text{---} 2 \right) \\ & = \left(\text{---} 6 \right) \end{aligned}$$



❖ Power of __1

$$(\text{---}1)^n = (\text{---}1)(\text{---}1) \dots (\text{---}1) = \text{---}1$$

❖ Power of __5

$$(\text{---}5)^n = (\text{---}5)(\text{---}5)(\text{---}5) \dots (\text{---}5) = (\text{---}5)$$

❖ Power of __6

$$(\text{---}6)^n = (\text{---}6)(\text{---}6) \dots (\text{---}6) = (\text{---}6)$$

❖ Power of __0

$$(\text{---}0)^n = (\text{---}0)(\text{---}0) \dots (\text{---}0) = (\text{---}0)$$

❖ Power of __ 4

$$(\text{---} 4)(\text{---} 4) = (\text{---} 6)$$

$$(\text{---} 4)(\text{---} 4)(\text{---} 4) = (\text{---} 4)$$

$$(\text{---} 4)(\text{---} 4)(\text{---} 4)(\text{---} 4) = (\text{---} 6)$$

4, 6, 4, 6, 4, 6

$$(\text{---} 4)^{\text{odd}} \rightarrow (\text{---} 4)$$

$$(\text{---} 4)^{\text{even}} \rightarrow (\text{---} 6)$$

❖ Power of __ 9

$$(\text{---} 9)^{\text{odd}} = (-9)$$

$$(\text{---} 9)^{\text{even}} = (-1)$$

❖ Power of __2

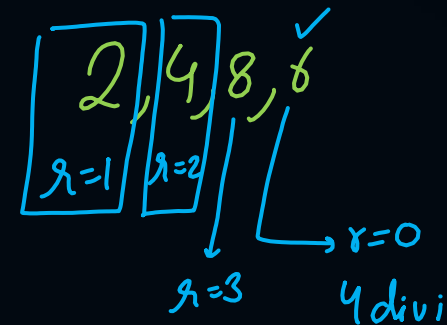
$$(\text{---} 2)^{\textcircled{1}} = (\text{---} 2)$$

$$(\text{---} 2)^2 = (\text{---} 4)$$

$$(\text{---} 2)^3 = (\text{---} 8)$$

$$(\text{---} 2)^4 = (\text{---} 6)$$

$$\frac{p}{q} = r$$



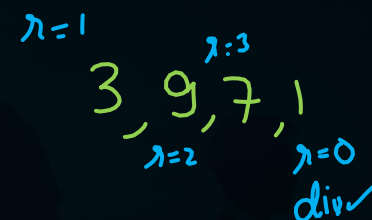
❖ Power of __3

$$(\text{---} 3)^1 = (\text{---} 3)$$

$$(\text{---} 3)^2 = (\text{---} 9)$$

$$(\text{---} 3)^3 = (\text{---} 7)$$

$$(\text{---} 3)^4 = (\text{---} 1)$$



❖ Power of __7



7, 9, 3, 1 ✓
 $\lambda=1$ $\lambda=2$ $\lambda=3$

❖ Power of __8

8, 4, 2, 6 ✓
 $\lambda=1$ $\lambda=2$ $\lambda=3$



Power of
number ending with
0, 1, 5, 6

Cyclicity - 1

Power of
number ending with
4, 9

cyclicity - 2
odd
even

Power of
number ending with
2, 3, 7, 8

cyclicity $\rightarrow 4$
 $\frac{\text{Power}}{4}$
 $x = 1$
 $x = 2$
 $x = 3$
div ✓



Expression	Cyclicity	Answer	Remarks
26^{55}	1	6	6, 6, 6,
19^{173}	2	9	19^{odd}
24^{56}	2	6	24^{even}
$43^{123456789}$	4	3	$(-3) \rightarrow (89) \xrightarrow{\frac{89}{4}} 3, 9, 7, 1$ $\lambda = 1$
37^{532}	4	1	$\frac{32}{4} \text{ div } 7, 9, 3, 1$

QUESTION – 15



#Q. $12^{173} \times 125^{720} \times 343^{512} = x$. Find the unit's place digit of x .

- A** 7
- B** 5
- C** 8
- D** none ✓

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 12^{173} & \times & 125^{720} \times 343^{512} \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\ (\text{even}) & & (\text{---}5) \end{array}$$

└──────────┘

$$\begin{array}{c} (\text{---}0) \times (\text{---}) \\ (\text{---}0) \end{array}$$

QUESTION – 16



#Q. $215^{215^{215}} = z$, find the unit digit of z is

- A** 0
- B** 5 ✓✓
- C** 1
- D** none

(— 5)

QUESTION – 17



#Q. $\frac{6^{33}}{3^{11}} + \frac{8^{18}}{32^6}$, find the unit digit of the resulting number

- A** 4
- B** 2
- C** 5
- D** 3

HW

QUESTION – 18



#Q. Find the unit digit of $[115^{117} \times 202^{159}]^4$

A 0 ✓

B 6

C 5

D none

$(\text{---} 5) \times (\text{even})$

QUESTION – 19



#Q. If $(3^m + 3^n) \times (4^o + 4^p) \times (5^q + 5^r) \times (6^s + 6^t)$, where each power is any natural number. Find the unit digit of this expression

- A** 7
- B** 1
- C** 3
- D** 0 ✓

↓

$$\left(\text{---} 5 + \text{---} 5 \right)$$
$$\left(\text{---} 0 \right)$$

#Q. What is the sum of all the possible unit digits of $(3^x + 5^y + 6^z)$, if x , y and z are natural numbers ?

- A** 14
- B** 12
- C** 10
- D** *none*

HW

#Q. What is the remainder when 42^{123} is divided by 10 ?

- A** 6
- B** 8
- C** 4
- D** 2

HW

#Q. What is the remainder when 42^{123} is divided by 5 ?

- A** 2
- B** 3
- C** 4
- D** 1

HW

factor \rightarrow

UNIT'S DIGIT



THANK
You

