

#### PIZZA SALES ANALYSIS













I'm Soumnik Mohapatra, and in this project, I used SQL queries to answer different questions about pizza sales. The goal was to find useful insights from the data by writing and running SQL queries.

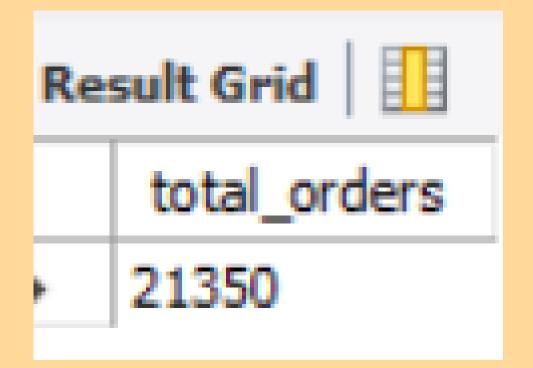






### Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

```
SELECT
    COUNT(order_id) AS total_orders
FROM
    pizzahut.order;
```







### Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.

```
SELECT

ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),

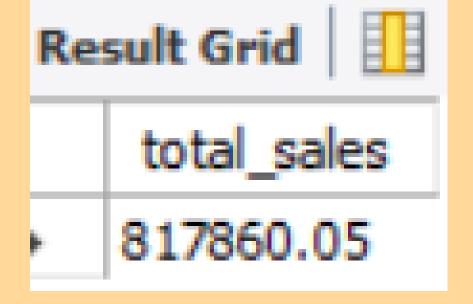
2) AS total_sales

FROM

order_details

JOIN

pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
```







#### Identify the highest-priced pizza.



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	name	price
•	The Greek Pizza	35.95

#### Identify the most common pizza size ordered.



```
select quantity,count(order_details_id)
from pizzahut.order_details group by quantity;
SELECT
    pizzas.size,
    COUNT(order_details.order_details_id) AS order_count
FROM
    pizzas
        JOIN
    order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza
GROUP BY pizzas.size
ORDER BY order count DESC;
```

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	size	order_count
	L	18526
	M	15385
	S	14137
	XL	544
	XXL	28



## List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY quantity DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

name	quantity
The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371





# Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY quantity DESC;
```

category	quantity
Classic	14888
Supreme	11987
Veggie	11649
Chicken	11050

### Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

SELECT HOUR(order\_time) AS hour, COUNT(order\_id) AS order\_count
FROM `order`
GROUP BY HOUR(order\_time);

hour	order_count
9	1
10	8
23	28
22	663
21	1198
11	1231
15	1468
14	1472
20	1642
16	1920
19	2009
17	2336
18	2399
13	2455
12	2520





## Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

select category, count(name) from pizza\_types
group by category

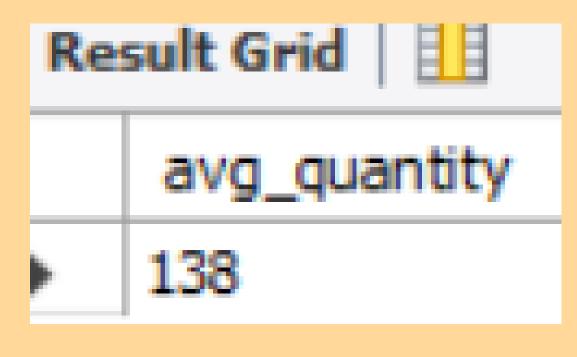
category	count(name)
Chicken	6
Classic	8
Supreme	9
Veggie	9







## Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.







### Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name,
    SUM(order details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza type id = pizza types.pizza type_id
        JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza types.name
ORDER BY revenue DESC
LIMIT 3;
```

name	revenue
The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5





### Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.

```
SELECT
     pizza_types.category,
     (SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) / (select
     ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
            2) AS total_sales
 FROM
     order_details
         JOIN
     pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id)) * 100 as revenue
FROM
     pizza_types
         JOIN
     pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
         JOIN
     order details ON order details.pizza id = pizzas.pizza id
 GROUP BY pizza_types.category
 ORDER BY revenue DESC;
```

category	revenue
Classic	26.90596025566967
Supreme	25.45631126009862
Chicken	23.955137556847287
Veggie	23.682590927384577





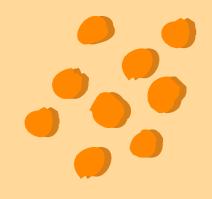


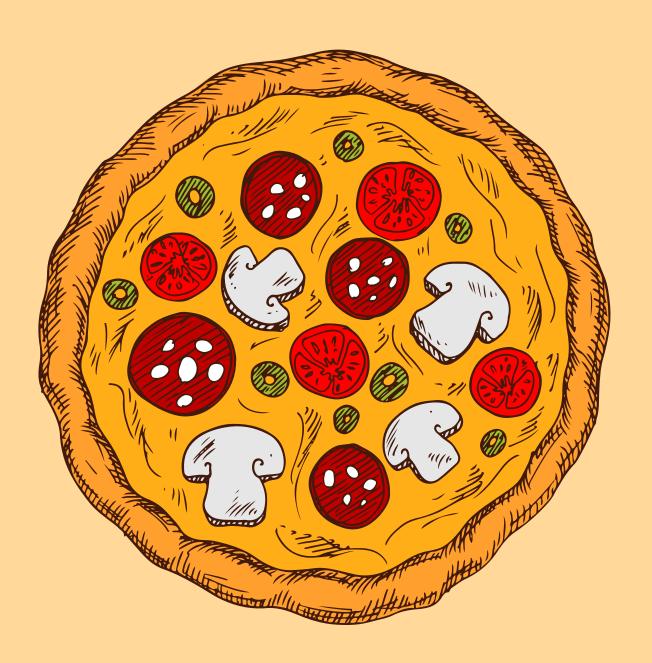
#### Analyze the cumulative revenue, generated over time.

order_date	cum_revenue
2015-01-01	2713.8500000000004
2015-01-02	5445.75
2015-01-03	8108.15
2015-01-04	9863.6
2015-01-05	11929.55
2015-01-06	14358.5
2015-01-07	16560.7
2015-01-08	19399.05
2015-01-09	21526.4









## THANK YOU



