

No. of process $\rightarrow 2 + \text{no. of clients.}$

Process name $\rightarrow ./S \quad ./AS$ (in other PC)

$./c1 \quad ./c2$ so on...

IPC \rightarrow Sockets, UDS, MSG-Queue.

Special BSD calls \rightarrow recv, send, sendmsg, recvmsg,
socket, bind, listen, connect,
accept.

I/O Mux \rightarrow POU (in clients)

Signals \rightarrow ~~Yes~~ No

~~Name \rightarrow sig-handler func. \rightarrow AS being notified by
\$ using SIGUSR1~~

RD prnly \rightarrow Yes.

fd-name \rightarrow mfd[i] from S to AS.
 $i \in [0, \text{no. of clients}]$

Steps

1. Original Server S serves clients with thread-service.
2. When required maintenance, it ^{notifies} Alternate server AS, to receive the sfd it is sending through UDP. \rightarrow Through sfd of AS.
3. And S puts message in msg queue notifying the AS service.
4. Clients poll between msg-queue and socket for checking status of S and for service respectively.
5. AS receives the sfd and keep serving.
6. When S is ready it puts msg in msg queue.
7. Client reads the msg and knows the ready status.
8. client disconnect from AS and reconnects to S.

For code reuse \Rightarrow service related codes are same with AS and S, & reused horizontally

void

```
echo_service(int mfd) {
    char buf[1024];
    recv(mfd, buf, 1024, 0);
    printf("Xs\n", buf);
}
```

Server S \rightarrow listens to incoming connections & checks for incoming connections

```
int main()
{
    //msg queue
    key_t key = ftok("./queue", 0);
    int mqid = msgget(key, (IPC_CREAT | 0666));
```

// creation of socket using socket(), bind(), followed by listen(), accept().

```
int mfd[10];
for(int i=0; i<10; i++)
    mfd[i] = accept(sockfd, (struct sockaddr *)&cli_addr, (socklen_t *)&cli_len);
```

```
pthread_t id[10];
for(int i=0; i<10; i++)
    pthread_create(&id[i], NULL, service, (void *) &mfd[i]);
```

fnprr.

// when maintenance required:

msgsnd (mqid, &message, sizeof(msg), 0);
 // message contain instruction from S to C.

kill (pid-AS, SIGUSR1);

for (int i=0; i<10; i++)

send_fd (mqfd, mfd[i]); // mfd is
 socket number
 between AS
 and S)

// when ready put similar msg in

msgqueue.

msgsnd (mqid, &msg, sizeof(msg), 0);

// reconnect

→ msg accept and then service
 thread like before.

}

AS → same

except it receives,

msg. recv. fd () in the main function.

Client

int main ()

{ // create on jmk mqid → ftok(), msgset
 // connects to rfd of S.

// poll on sfd and mreqd.

1 if received from mreqd to join AS,
it gets notified.

// when received from mreqd that sfd is
ready,

close(sfd);

1 again create and connect socket to

(Server S.

};

recv_fd (int socket)

```
{
    int sent_fd, available_b-space;
    struct mreqd * socket_mreq;
    struct tovec to-vec[2];
    struct cmsg * ctrl_mrg = NULL;
    char mrg-buffer[2];
    char an-e-b[2];
    :
    : as implemented in class
}
```

same for send_fd (int socket, int sfd to send);