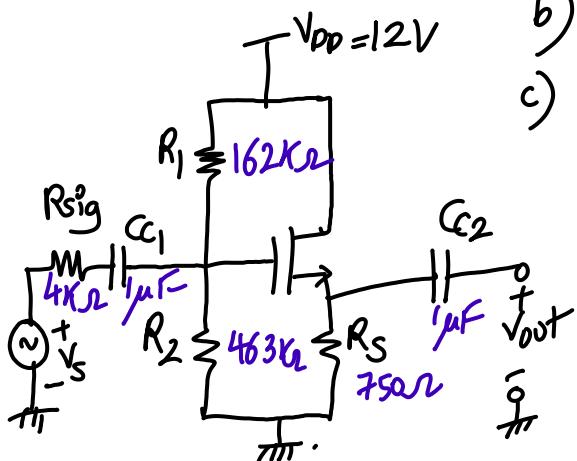


Numerical 1: Calculate a) small-sig voltage gain (A_v)

- b) I/p impedance (Z_{in})
- c) O/p impedance (Z_{out})



NMOS-E parameters:-

$$V_{TN} = 1.5 \text{ V}$$

$$\lambda = 0.01 \text{ V}^{-1}$$

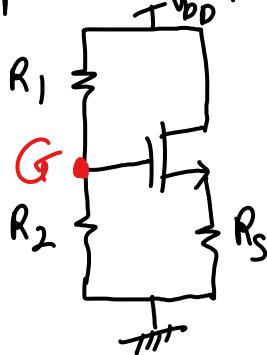
$$K_n = 4 \text{ mA/V}^2$$

Solution: ① I_{DSQ} ② $\frac{g_m}{2}$ ③ $\frac{A_v}{Z_{in} + Z_{out}}$

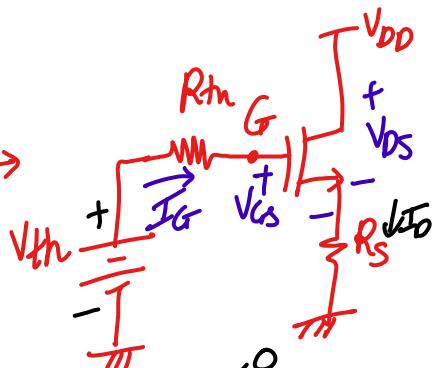
"Common-drain Amplifier"

① DC Analysis:-

① Open-all capacitors



T.T



$$V_{th} = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \times V_{DD}$$

$$V_{th} = \left(\frac{463}{463 + 162} \right) \times 12$$

$$V_{th} = 8.89 \text{ V}$$

→ Apply KVL to G-S loop, $V_{th} - I_G R_{th} - V_{GS} - I_D R_S = 0$

$$V_{GS} = V_{th} - I_D R_S$$

$$V_{GS} = 8.89 - I_D (750) \quad \textcircled{1}$$

→ Assume given device is working in saturation region

$$\therefore I_D = K_n (V_{GS} - V_{TN})^2 = 4 \times 10^{-3} (V_{GS} - 1.5)^2 \quad \textcircled{2}$$

→ Put $\textcircled{2}$ in $\textcircled{1}$, we get

$$V_{GS} = 8.89 - 3(V_{GS}^2 - 3V_{GS} + 2.25)$$

$$\rightarrow V_{GS} = 8.89 - 3V_{GS}^2 + 9V_{GS} - 6.75$$

$$\rightarrow 3V_{GS}^2 - 8V_{GS} - 2.14 = 0$$

$$(\because V_{GS} > V_{TN})$$

$$! V_{GS} = \underline{0.91} \text{ V}$$

$$X (Rejected)$$

$$V_{GS} = \underline{-0.245} \text{ V}$$

$$I_{DQ} = R_D(V_{DS} - V_{TN})^2 = 4 \times 10^{-3} \times (2.91 - 1.5)^2$$

$$I_{DQ} = 7.95 \text{ mA}$$

② Small-signal parameters (g_m , γ_0)

$$g_m = 2R_D(V_{DS} - V_{TN}) = 2 \times 4 \times 10^{-3} (2.91 - 1.5)$$

$$g_m = \underline{11.28} \frac{\text{mA}}{\sqrt{V}}$$

$$\gamma_0 = \frac{1}{2I_{DQ}} = \frac{1}{0.01 \times 7.95 \times 10^{-3}}$$

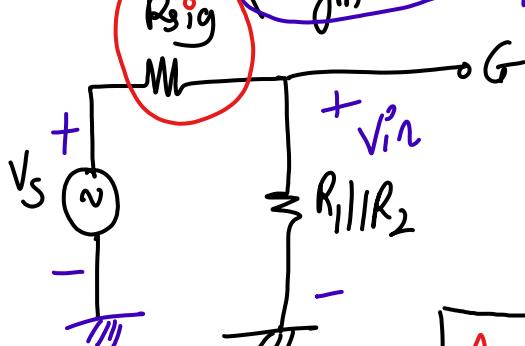
$$\gamma_0 = 12.578 \text{ K}\Omega$$

③ A_v , Z_{in} & Z_{out}

$$A_v = \frac{R_S}{\frac{1}{g_m} + R_S} \quad \dots \text{w/o } \gamma_0 \text{ & } R_{S\text{ig}}$$

98, 24, 25, 82, 44, 101,
88, 97, 100, 78, 80, 41,
67, 16, 7, 45, 4, 85,
54, 50, 40

$$A_v = \left(\frac{(\gamma_0 || R_S)}{\frac{1}{g_m} + (R_S || \gamma_0)} \right) \quad \dots \text{with } \gamma_0 \text{ & w/o } R_{S\text{ig}}$$



$$A_{vT} = \frac{V_{out}}{V_s}$$

$$\frac{V_{in}}{V_s} = \frac{R_1 || R_2}{R_1 || R_2 + R_{S\text{ig}}}$$

$$A_{vT} = \frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} \frac{V_{in}}{V_s}$$

$$A_{vT} = A_v \left(\frac{V_{in}}{V_s} \right)$$

$$A_{vT} = A_v \left(\frac{R_1 || R_2}{R_1 || R_2 + R_{S\text{ig}}} \right) \quad \rightarrow \text{with } R_{S\text{ig}}$$

$$A_v = \frac{(R_S || \gamma_0)}{\frac{1}{g_m} + (R_S || \gamma_0)}$$

$$\gamma_0 || R_S = 12.578 \text{ K} \parallel 750 \text{ }\Omega = \underline{707.8 \text{ }\Omega}$$

$$\frac{1}{g_m} = \frac{1}{11.28 \times 10^{-3}} = \underline{88.615}$$

$$A_v = \frac{707.8}{88.615 + 707.8} ;$$

$$A_v = 0.8869$$

$$A_{vT} = \left(\frac{R_1 || R_2}{R_1 || R_2 + R_{S\text{ig}}} \right) A_v ; \quad R_1 || R_2 = 162 \text{ K} \parallel 463 \text{ K} = 120 \text{ K}\Omega$$

$$A_{VT} = \left(\frac{120K}{120K + 4K} \right) \times 0.8869 \Rightarrow A_{VT} = 0.86$$

$$Z_{in}^o = R_s^o + R_1 || R_2 = 4K + 120K = \underline{124K\Omega} \quad (\text{High})$$

$$Z_{out} = R_s || \frac{1}{g_m} || r_o \quad \dots \text{with}$$

$$Z_{out} = 750 || 88.615 || 12.578K$$

$$Z_{out} = \underbrace{R_s || r_o}_{707.8} || 88.615$$

$$Z_{out} = \underline{78.78\Omega} \quad (\text{Low})$$

