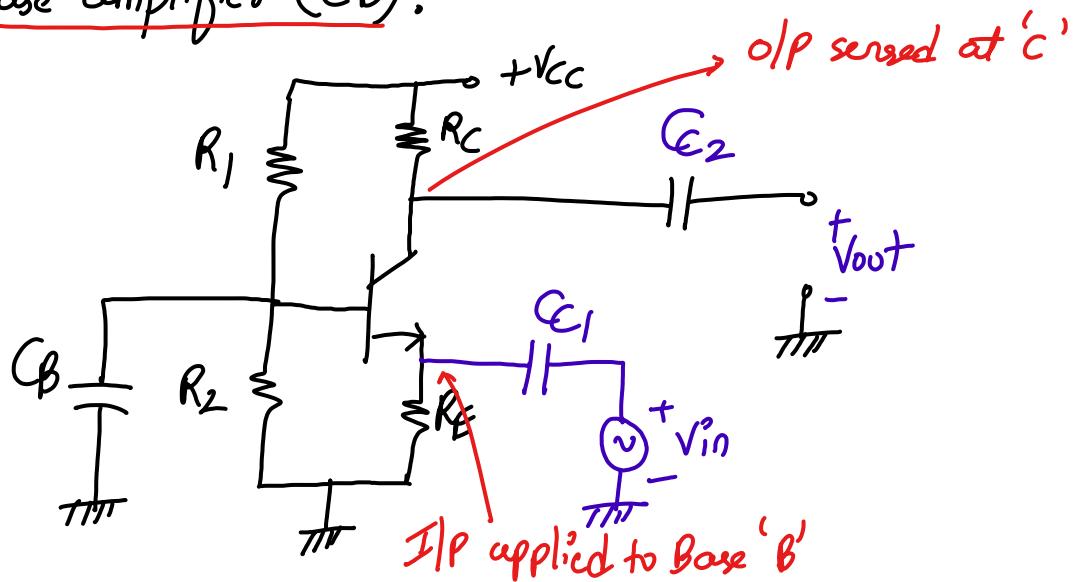
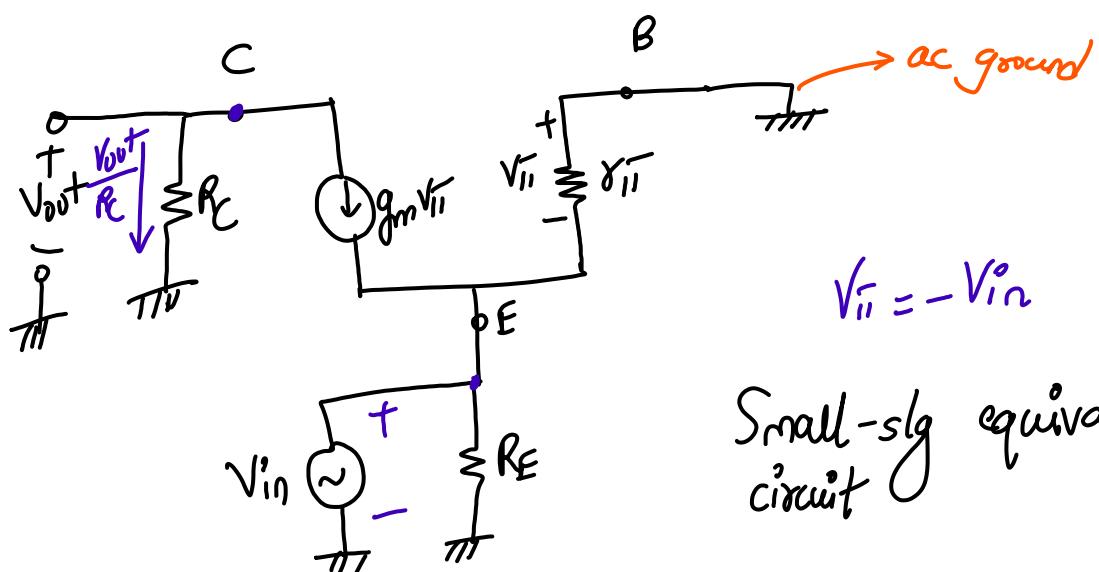
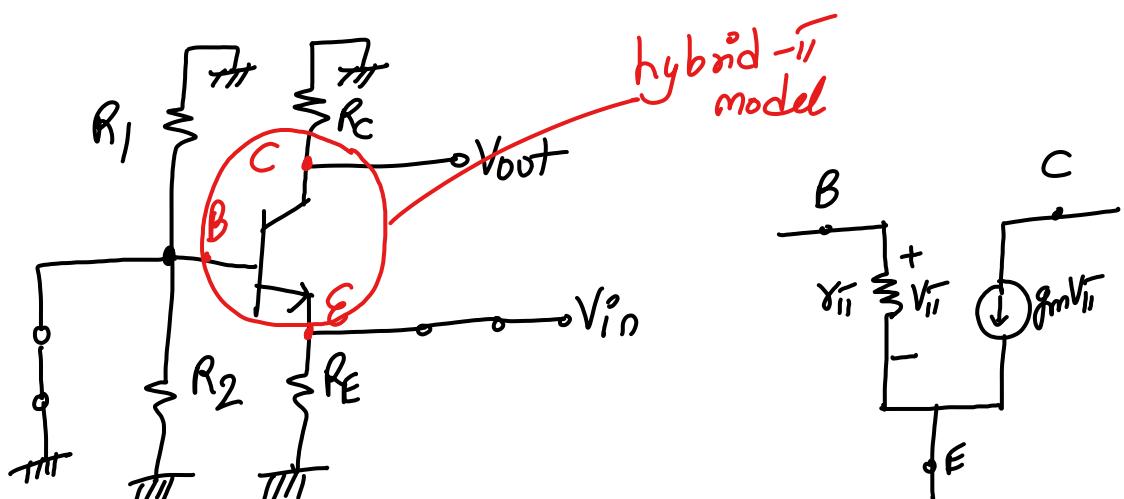


# Common Base amplifier (CB):

I] AC analysis: (s.c all Caps &amp; independent sources)



- ①  $A_v$
- ②  $R_{in}$
- ③  $R_{out}$

# ① Small-sig voltage gain (Av):

$$V_{ii} = -V_{in}$$

KCL at node 'C',  $g_m V_{ii} + \frac{V_{out}}{R_C} = 0$

$$-g_m V_{in} + \frac{V_{out}}{R_C} = 0$$

$$\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = g_m R_C$$

$$A_V = +g_m R_C$$

voltage gain for  
CB ampl'

$$R_{in}^o = \frac{1}{g_m} \parallel R_E$$

"low"

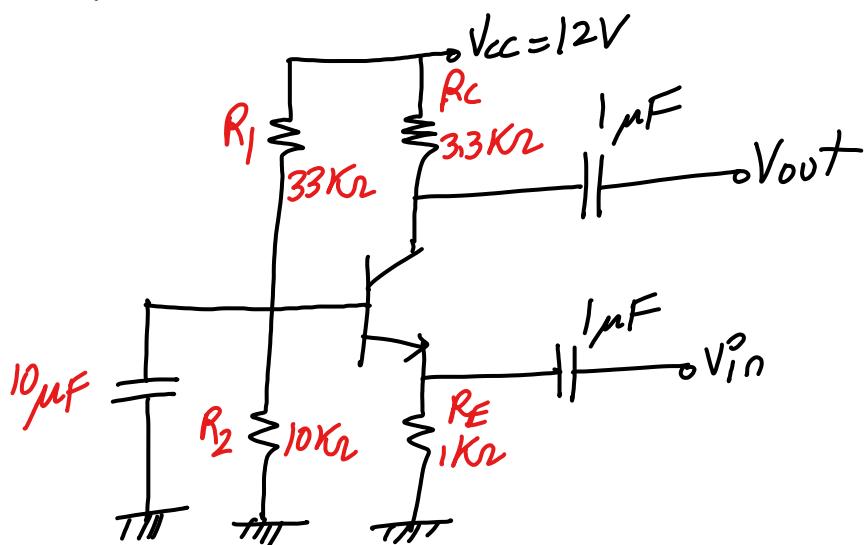
$$R_{out} = R_C$$

CB ampl'

For  $R_{in}$  and  $R_{out}$  derivation, refer AEC Lec 12 markings pdf

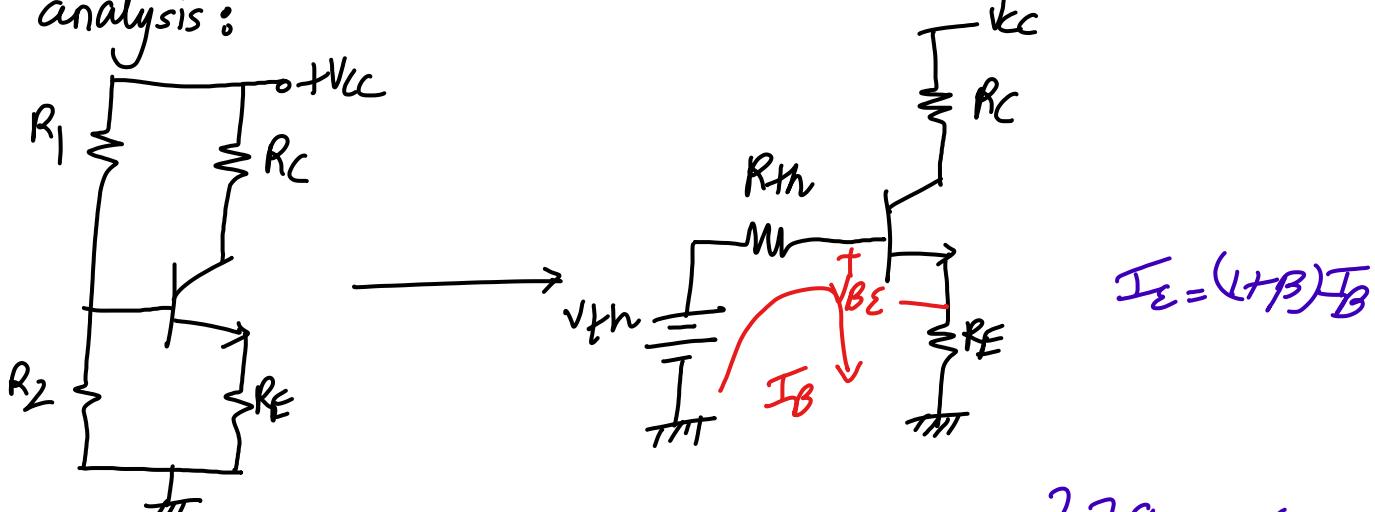
Numerical 13: Find a) Small-sig voltage gain  
 b) I/P resistance & c) O/P resistance  
 for circuit shown below:

CB  
 ampl



$A_{IM} \rightarrow I_{CQ} \rightarrow g_m, r_{ii} \rightarrow A_v, R_{in}, R_{out}$

i) DC analysis:



$$a) V_{th} = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \times V_{CC} = \frac{10K}{10K + 33K} \times 12 = \underline{2.79} \text{ V}$$

$$b) R_{th} = R_1 \parallel R_2 = 33K \parallel 10K = \underline{7.67} \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$c) I_{BQ} = \frac{V_{th} - V_{BE}}{R_{th} + (1 + \beta) R_E} = \frac{2.79 - 0.7}{7.67K + 100 \times 1K} = \underline{19.41 \mu A}$$

$$I_{CQ} = \underline{19.41 \mu A}$$

$$d) I_{CQ} = \beta I_{BQ} = 99 \times 19.41 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$I_{CQ} = \underline{1.92 \text{ mA}}$$

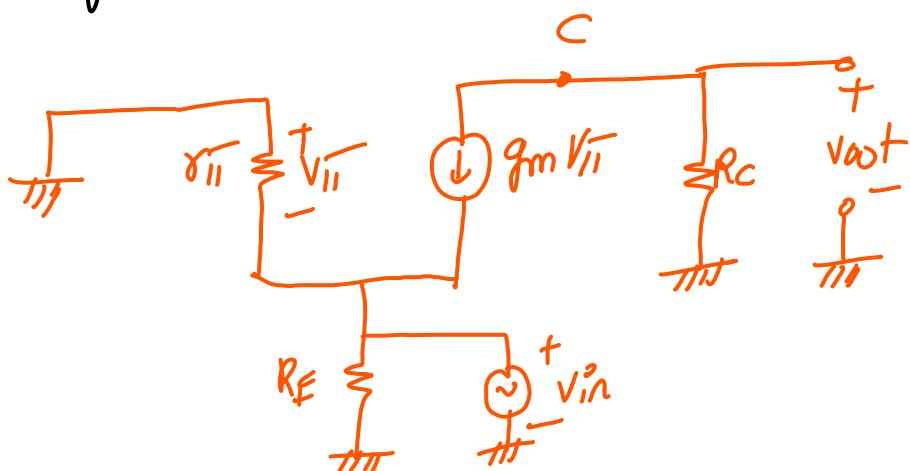
2) Small-sig parameters: -

$$g_m = \frac{I_{CQ}}{\sqrt{T}} = \frac{1.92 \times 10^{-3}}{26 \times 10^{-3}} = 73.85 \frac{\text{mA}}{\text{V}} \quad \text{Assume}$$

$$g_{II} = \frac{\beta}{g_m} = \frac{99}{73.85 \times 10^{-3}} = 1.34 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$V_T = 26 \text{ mV at } 27^\circ\text{C}$$

3) Small-sig equivalent ckt:



$$Av = g_m R_C = 73.85 \times 10^{-3} \times 3.3 \times 10^3$$

$$Av = 243.69$$

$$\frac{1}{g_m} = \frac{10^3}{73.85} = \underline{13.54 \text{ s}}$$

$$R_{in} = \frac{1}{g_m} \parallel R_E = 13.54 \text{ s} \parallel 1 \text{ k}\Omega \approx 13.36 \text{ s} \quad (\text{law})$$

$$R_{out} = R_C = 3.3 \text{ k}\Omega$$

— x —















