1. Implement an ArrayDequeue and all of its methods such as add(), addFirst(), addLast(),element(), poll(), push(), remove.

Code:

```
package SBA3;
import java.util.ArrayDeque;
public class Question1{
       public static void main(String[] args) {
              ArrayDeque<String> animals = new ArrayDeque<>();
              // Using add()
              animals.add("Dog");
              // Using addFirst()
              animals.addFirst("Cat");
              // Using addLast()
              animals.addLast("Horse");
              System.out.println("ArrayDeque: " + animals);
              // Using poll()
              String element = animals.poll();
              System.out.println("Removed Element: " + element);
              System.out.println("New ArrayDeque: " + animals);
              // Using pollFirst()
              String firstElement = animals.pollFirst();
              System.out.println("Removed First Element: " + firstElement);
              // Using pollLast()
              String lastElement = animals.pollLast();
              System.out.println("Removed Last Element: " + lastElement);
              // using push()
              animals.push("Rabbit");
              animals.push("cow");
              animals.push("goat");
              System.out.println("After push method ArrayDeque: " + animals);
              // using element()--returns element present in the head
              System.out.println("Head element by element() method: " +
animals.element());
              // Using remove()
              String element1 = animals.remove();
              System.out.println("Removed Element: " + element1);
              System.out.println("New ArrayDeque: " + animals);
              // Using removeFirst()
              String firstElement1 = animals.removeFirst();
              System.out.println("Removed First Element: " + firstElement1);
              // Using removeLast()
              String lastElement1 = animals.removeLast();
              System.out.println("Removed Last Element: " + lastElement1);
       }
}
```

OUTPUT

2. Implement a Priority Queue and use all the methods.

```
package SBA3;
import java.util.Iterator;
import java.util.PriorityQueue;
public class Question2 {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
              // Creating empty priority queue
              PriorityQueue<Integer> pQueue = new PriorityQueue<Integer>();
              // Adding items to the pQueue using add()
              pQueue.add(120);
              pQueue.add(30);
              pQueue.add(10);
              pQueue.add(54);
              System.out.println("the priority queue: " + pQueue);
              // Creating an iterator
    Iterator <Integer>value =pQueue.iterator();
    // Displaying the values after iterating through the queue
    System.out.println("The iterator values are: ");
    while (value.hasNext()) {
       System.out.println(value.next());
    // Check for "4" in the queue
    System.out.println("Does the Queue contains 12? "+pQueue.contains(12));
   // Inserting using offer()
```

```
pQueue.offer(1000);
     pQueue.offer(2000);
   // Displaying th final Queue
     System.out.println("Priority queue after Insertion: " +pQueue );
               // Printing the top element of PriorityQueue
               System.out.println("top element of PriorityQueue: " + pQueue.peek());
               // Printing the top element and removing it
               // from the PriorityQueue container
               System.out.println("top element and removing from the PriorityQueue
container: " + pQueue.poll());
               // Printing the top element again
               System.out.println("new top element: " + pQueue.peek());
               // using the method
               pQueue.remove(12);
               System.out.println("After Remove - " + pQueue);
               //to find size
               System.out.println("the size of queue: "+pQueue.size());
               //element()
               System.out.println("The head of the element"+pQueue.element());
               // Creating an iterator
              //clear()
               pQueue.clear();
               System.out.println("after clear method the pqueue is: "+pQueue);
        }
}
Output:
                       Console X
<terminated> Question2 (2) [Java Application] C:\Users\DELL\.p2\pool\plugins\org.ecl
the priority queue: [10, 54, 30, 120]
10
54
30
120
Does the Queue contains 12? false
Priority queue after Insertion: [10, 54, 30, 120, 1000, 2000]
top element of PriorityQueue: 10
top element and removing from the PriorityQueue container: 10
new top element: 30
After Remove - [30, 54, 2000, 120, 1000]
the size of queue: 5
The head of the element30
after clear method the pqueue is: [30, 54, 2000, 120, 1000]
```

3. Implement a Stack and all of its methods peek(), push(), pop(), and to determine the size of the stack.

```
package SBA3;
import java.util.Stack;
public class Question3{
       public static void main(String[] args) {
               // Creating an empty Stack
     Stack<Integer> stk = new Stack<Integer>();
     // Use add() method to add elements
     stk.push(40);
     stk.push(80);
     stk.push(120);
     stk.push(160);
     stk.push(200);
     // Displaying the Stack
     System.out.println("Initial Stack: " + stk);
     // Removing elements using pop() method
     System.out.println("Popped element: "
                + stk.pop());
     System.out.println("Popped element: "
                + stk.pop());
     // Displaying the Stack after pop operation
     System.out.println("Stack after pop operation "
                 + stk);
  // Fetching the element at the head of the Stack
     System.out.println("The element at the top of the"
                + " stack is: " + stk.peek());
    // Displaying the Stack after the Operation
     System.out.println("Final Stack: " + stk);
  // Displaying the size of stack
     System.out.println("The size is: " + stk.size());
       }
}
```

```
Output:
```

```
■ Console ×
<terminated> Question3 (3) [Java Application] C:\Users\DELL\.p2\pool\pli
Initial Stack: [80, 120, 160, 200]
Popped element: 200
Popped element: 160
Stack after pop operation [80, 120]
The element at the top of the stack is: 120
Final Stack: [80, 120]
The size is: 2
```

4. Write a program to implement insertion sort.

```
package Assignment;
public class InsertionSort {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
             int a[]= { 200,600,800,120};
               int temp,j;
               for(int i=1;i<a.length;i++)
               {
                       temp=a[i];
                      j=i;
                       while(j>0 && a[j-1]>temp)
                              a[j]=a[j-1];
                              j=j-1;
                       a[j]=temp;
                       for (int k=0; k<a.length; ++k)
                              System.out.print(a[k]+" ");
                       System.out.println();
               for(int i=0;i<a.length;i++)</pre>
                       System.out.print(a[i]+ " ");
               }
        }
```

Output:

}

```
Console X
<terminated> Question4 (4) [Java Application] C:\Users\DELL\.p2\pool\p
200 600 800 120
200 600 800 120
120 200 600 800
120 200 600 800
```