

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
%matplotlib inline

import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

```
In [2]: users = pd.read_csv('BX-Users.csv', encoding='latin-1')
```

```
In [3]: users.shape
```

```
Out[3]: (278859, 3)
```

```
In [4]: users.head()
```

```
Out[4]:
```

	user_id	Location	Age
0	1	nyc, new york, usa	NaN
1	2	stockton, california, usa	18.0
2	3	moscow, yukon territory, russia	NaN
3	4	porto, v.n.gaia, portugal	17.0
4	5	farnborough, hants, united kingdom	NaN

```
In [5]: books = pd.read_csv('BX-Books.csv', encoding='latin-1')
```

```
In [6]: books.head()
```

```
Out[6]:
```

	isbn	book_title	book_author	year_of_publication	publisher
0	195153448	Classical Mythology	Mark P. O. Morford	2002	Oxford University Press
1	2005018	Clara Callan	Richard Bruce Wright	2001	HarperFlamingo Canada
2	60973129	Decision in Normandy	Carlo D'Este	1991	HarperPerennial
3	374157065	Flu: The Story of the Great Influenza Pandemic...	Gina Bari Kolata	1999	Farrar Straus Giroux
4	393045218	The Mummies of Urumchi	E. J. W. Barber	1999	W. W. Norton & Company

```
In [7]: books.shape
```

```
Out[7]: (271379, 5)
```

```
In [8]: books.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 271379 entries, 0 to 271378
Data columns (total 5 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   isbn                   271379 non-null object
1   book_title             271379 non-null object
2   book_author            271378 non-null object
3   year_of_publication     271379 non-null object
4   publisher               271377 non-null object
dtypes: object(5)
memory usage: 10.4+ MB
```

```
In [9]: users.shape
```

```
Out[9]: (278859, 3)
```

```
In [10]: users.isnull().sum(axis=0)
```

```
Out[10]: user_id      0
Location      1
Age          110763
dtype: int64
```

```
In [11]: users.dropna(how='any', inplace=True)
```

```
In [12]: users.isnull().sum(axis=0)
```

```
Out[12]: user_id      0
Location      0
Age           0
dtype: int64
```

```
In [13]: ratings=pd.read_csv('BX-Book-Ratings.csv', encoding='latin-1',nrows=10000)
```

```
In [14]: ratings.head()
```

```
Out[14]:
```

	user_id	isbn	rating
0	276725	034545104X	0
1	276726	155061224	5
2	276727	446520802	0
3	276729	052165615X	3
4	276729	521795028	6

```
In [15]: ratings.shape
```

```
Out[15]: (10000, 3)
```

```
In [16]: ratings.describe()
```

Out[16]:

	user_id	rating
count	10000.000000	10000.000000
mean	265844.379600	1.974700
std	56937.189618	3.424884
min	2.000000	0.000000
25%	277478.000000	0.000000
50%	278418.000000	0.000000
75%	278418.000000	4.000000
max	278854.000000	10.000000

In [17]: ratings.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 10000 entries, 0 to 9999
Data columns (total 3 columns):
#   Column   Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   user_id  10000 non-null  int64
1   isbn     10000 non-null  object
2   rating   10000 non-null  int64
dtypes: int64(2), object(1)
memory usage: 234.5+ KB
```

In [18]: *#Take a quick look at the number of unique users and books*  
ratings\_books=pd.merge(ratings,books,on='isbn')

In [19]: ratings\_books.head()

	user_id	isbn	rating	book_title	book_author	year_of_publication	publisher
0	276725	034545104X	0	Flesh Tones: A Novel	M. J. Rose	2002	Ballantine Books
1	276726	155061224	5	Rites of Passage	Judith Rae	2001	Heinle
2	276727	446520802	0	The Notebook	Nicholas Sparks	1996	Warner Books
3	278418	446520802	0	The Notebook	Nicholas Sparks	1996	Warner Books
4	276729	052165615X	3	Help!: Level 1	Philip Prowse	1999	Cambridge University Press

In [20]: ratings\_books.shape

Out[20]: (8701, 7)

In [ ]:

In [21]: unique\_users=len(ratings\_books['user\_id'].unique())  
unique\_users

Out[21]: 828

In [22]: `unique_books=len(ratings_books['isbn'].unique())`  
`unique_books`

Out[22]: 8051

In [23]: `# Convert and print length of isbn list`  
`isbn_list = ratings_books.isbn.unique()`  
`print(" Unique books:", len(isbn_list))`  
`def get_isbn_numeric_id(isbn):`  
 `itemindex = np.where(isbn_list==isbn)`  
 `return itemindex[0][0]`

Unique books: 8051

In [ ]:

In [24]: `# Convert and print length of user_id list`  
`userid_list = ratings_books.user_id.unique()`  
`print(" Unique users:", len(userid_list))`  
`def get_user_id_numeric_id(user_id):`  
 `itemindex = np.where(userid_list==user_id)`  
 `return itemindex[0][0]`

Unique users: 828

In [25]: `ratings_books['isbn_order'] = ratings_books['isbn'].apply(get_isbn_numeric_id)`

In [26]: `ratings_books['user_order'] = ratings_books['user_id'].apply(get_user_id_numeric_id)`

In [27]: `ratings_books.head()`

Out[27]:

	user_id	isbn	rating	book_title	book_author	year_of_publication	publisher	isbn_order
--	---------	------	--------	------------	-------------	---------------------	-----------	------------

0	276725	034545104X	0	Flesh Tones: A Novel	M. J. Rose	2002	Ballantine Books	
1	276726	155061224	5	Rites of Passage	Judith Rae	2001	Heinle	
2	276727	446520802	0	The Notebook	Nicholas Sparks	1996	Warner Books	
3	278418	446520802	0	The Notebook	Nicholas Sparks	1996	Warner Books	
4	276729	052165615X	3	Help! Level 1	Philip Prowse	1999	Cambridge University Press	

In [28]: `ratings_books.columns`

Out[28]: `Index(['user_id', 'isbn', 'rating', 'book_title', 'book_author',  
'year_of_publication', 'publisher', 'isbn_order', 'user_order'],  
dtype='object')`

In [29]: `#Re-index the columns to build a matrix`  
`new_columns=['isbn_order', 'user_order', 'user_id', 'isbn', 'rating', 'book_title',`

```
ratings_books=ratings_books.reindex(columns=new_columns)
ratings_books.head()
```

Out[29]:

	isbn_order	user_order	user_id	isbn	rating	book_title	book_author	year_of_publicatio
0	0	0	276725	034545104X	0	Flesh Tones: A Novel	M. J. Rose	200
1	1	1	276726	155061224	5	Rites of Passage	Judith Rae	200
2	2	2	276727	446520802	0	The Notebook	Nicholas Sparks	199
3	2	3	278418	446520802	0	The Notebook	Nicholas Sparks	199
4	3	4	276729	052165615X	3	Help! Level 1	Philip Prowse	199

In [30]: *#Split your data into two sets (training and testing)*

In [31]: `from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split`  
`train_data,test_data=train_test_split(ratings_books,test_size=0.20)`

In [32]: *# Create user-book matrix for training*  
`train_data_matrix = np.zeros((unique_users, unique_books))`  
`for line in train_data.itertuples():`  
`train_data_matrix[line[1]-1, line[2]-1] = line[3]`  
  
*# Create user-book matrix for testing*  
`test_data_matrix = np.zeros((n_users, n_books))`  
`for line in test_data.itertuples():`  
`test_data_matrix[line[1]-1, line[2]-1] = line[3]`

-----  
**IndexError** Traceback (most recent call last)  
Input In [32], in <cell line: 3>()  
    2 train\_data\_matrix = np.zeros((unique\_users, unique\_books))  
    3 for line in train\_data.itertuples():  
----> 4     train\_data\_matrix[line[1]-1, line[2]-1] = line[3]  
      6 # Create user-book matrix for testing  
      7 test\_data\_matrix = np.zeros((n\_users, n\_books))  
  
**IndexError:** index 7576 is out of bounds for axis 0 with size 828

In [33]: *# Importing pairwise\_distances function*  
`from sklearn.metrics.pairwise import pairwise_distances`  
`user_similarity = pairwise_distances(train_data_matrix, metric='cosine')`  
`item_similarity = pairwise_distances(train_data_matrix.T, metric='cosine')`

In [34]: `user_similarity`

```
Out[34]: array([[0., 1., 1., ..., 1., 1., 1.],
               [1., 0., 1., ..., 1., 1., 1.],
               [1., 1., 0., ..., 1., 1., 1.],
               ...,
               [1., 1., 1., ..., 0., 1., 1.],
               [1., 1., 1., ..., 1., 0., 1.],
               [1., 1., 1., ..., 1., 1., 0.]])
```

In [ ]:

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