

Goal

Learn statistical models from heterogeneous data produced by related, but unique, generative processes.

Data may be large, siloed, and private making pooling is impractical.

Distributed hierarchical Bayesian modeling too communication inefficient to be applicable.

Contributions

We develop **meta models** for efficiently combining models learned from local data.

Local parameters can exhibit **arbitrary permutations**. We learn **permutation invariant** global parameters.

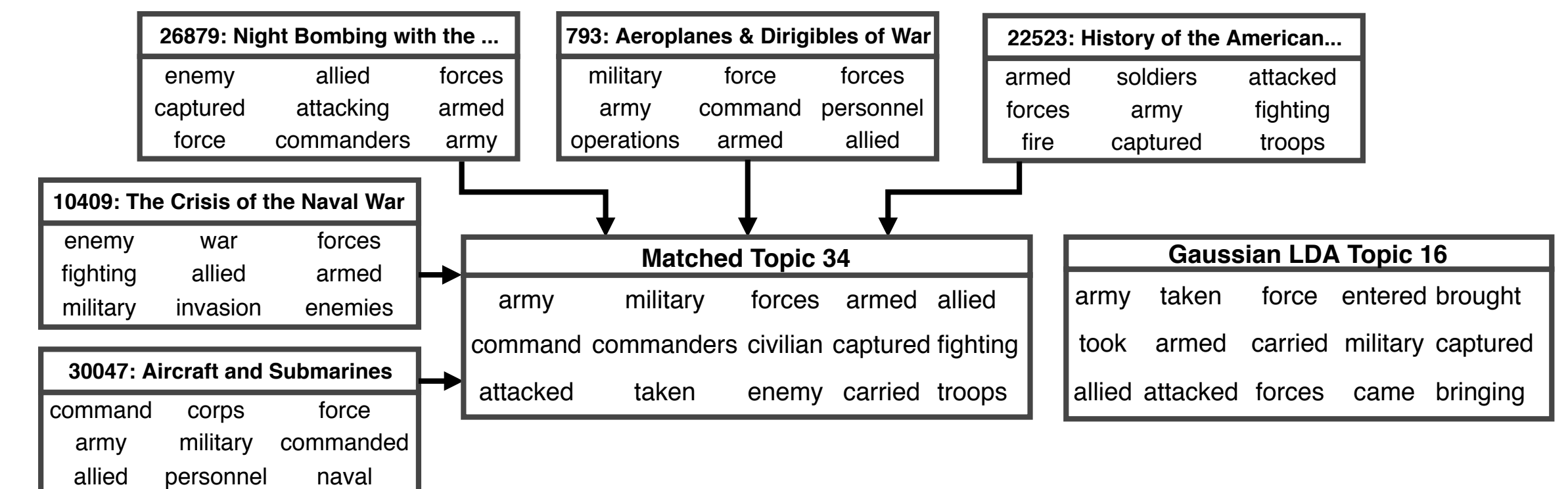
Bayesian non-parametrics allows **adaptive learning of global model size**.

We make minimal assumptions; widely applicable.

Results

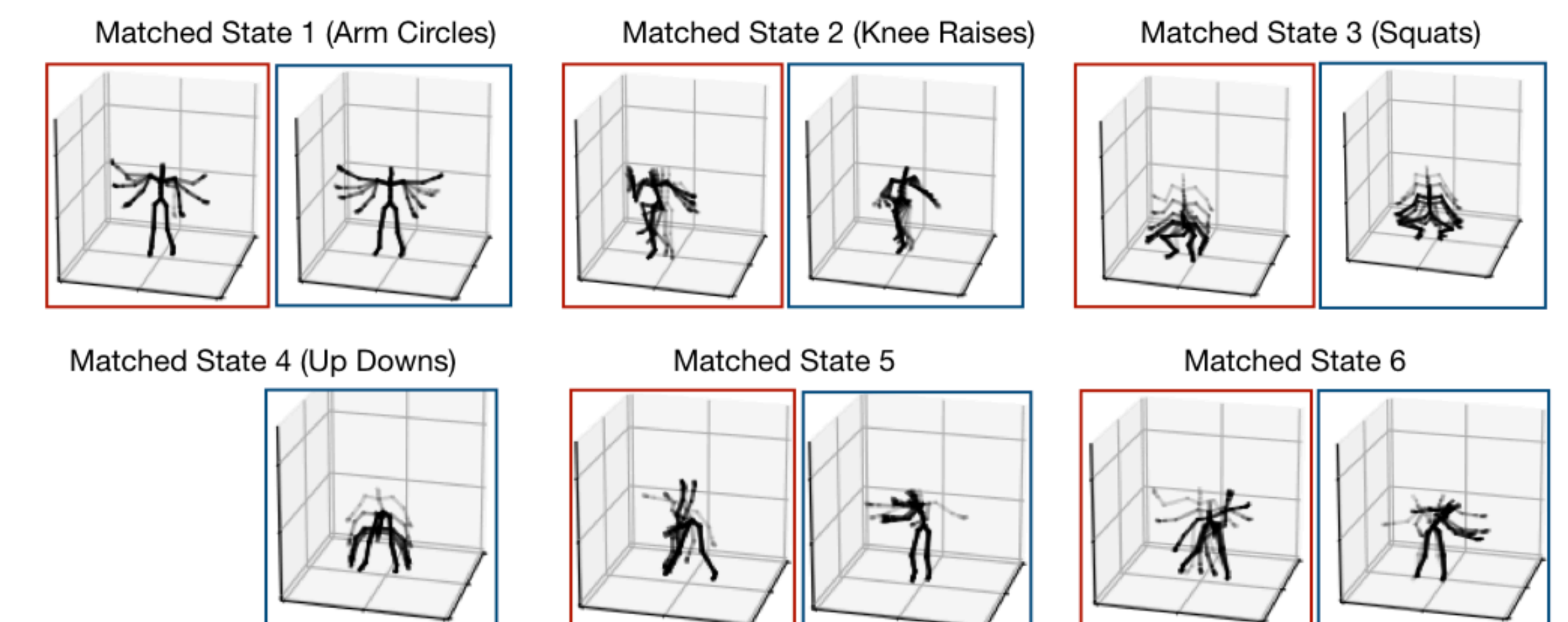
Topic Modeling

Gaussian topics learned from Gutenberg books
1400 times faster than Gibbs sampling, **higher** coherence



Motion Capture Activity Discovery

HDP-HMM for modeling MoCAP exercise sequences
Twice as fast with comparable performance to memorized VI



Code: <https://github.com/IBM/SPAHM>

Bayesian nonparametric Meta Model

Draw a measure from a Beta process

For each model j draw from a Bernoulli process

Generate **parameters** of model j as noisy variants of the set of global parameters selected by the Bernoulli process

$$G = \sum_i p_i \delta_{\theta_i}; \theta_i \sim H$$

$$b_{ji} \mid p_i \sim \text{Bern}(p_i)$$

$$Q_j = \sum_i b_{ji} \delta_{\theta_i}$$

$$\tilde{\theta}_{jl} \mid \theta_{c(j,l)} \sim F(\cdot \mid \theta_{c(j,l)})$$

Inference

$$\hat{\theta}_i \mid \hat{b}_., \hat{\tilde{\theta}}.$$

$$\hat{b}_j. \mid \hat{\tilde{\theta}}_j., \hat{b}_{j\neq}$$

$$\hat{\tilde{\theta}}_{jl} \mid \mathbf{x}_j$$

MAP estimate of global parameters

Optimize binary assignments by iteratively applying the Hungarian algorithm

Local inference using **your favorite algorithm**

