

Lab sheet 3

PMDS506P Database Management systems.

Q1. Create a table EMPLOYEES with the attributes EMPNO, NAME, JOB, HIREDATE, SAL, DEPTID and populate it with the following data.

7369	SMITH	CLERK	17-DEC-19	800	20
7499	ALLEN	SALESMAN	20-FEB-19	1600	30
7521	WARD	SALESMAN	22-FEB-19	1250	30
7566	JONES	MANAGER	02-APR-19	2975	20
7654	MARTIN	SALESMAN	28-SEP-19	1400	30
7698	BLAKE	MANAGER	01-MAY-19	2850	30
7782	CLARK	MANAGER	09-JUN-19	2450	10
7788	SCOTT	ANALYST	19-APR-19	3000	20
7839	KING	PRESIDENT	17-NOV-19	5000	10
7844	TURNER	SALESMAN	08-SEP-19	1500	30
7876	ADAMS	CLERK	23-MAY-19	1100	20
7900	JAMES	CLERK	03-DEC-19	950	30
7902	FORD	ANALYST	03-DEC-19	3000	20
7934	MILLER	CLERK	23-JAN-19	1300	10

- 1) List the names of all the employees where the Department ID is 20.
- 2) List all employees with salary more than 1000 and who belong to department with id 30.
- 3) Display the table entries with ascending order of their salary.
- 4) Display all entries with salary > 2000 with the entries ordered in descending order with respect to the department ids.
- 5) Display all records from the table whose name starts with A.
- 6) Display all records from the table whose name ends in R.
- 7) Add a new row with details of some employee and keep the salary as NULL.
- 8) List all entries in the table with names not containing the alphabet A in their name.
- 9) Display the name, job, salary, salary with 50% increment for all the employees who are salesman.
- 10) Find the list of names of employees whose salary is between 15 and 25.
- 11) List out all the employees who belong to either of the three-job category: Clerk, Salesman, manager. (using 'in');
- 12) List the details of all the employee who is not a manager.
- 13) Display all the records in the table with salary as NULL.
- 14) Display all the records in the table where salary is not NULL.