## **Ch 6: Configuring the Snort IDS**

- 1. Start and login to your Kali Linux virtual machine as user kali with a password of kali.
- 2. Ensure snort is installed/updated by typing **sudo apt-get install snort**. If prompted to continue, press **y** for yes and accept any other default settings.
- 3. View the snort main configuration file by typing **sudo nano /etc/snort/snort.conf**. This is where you can tweak snort, such as specifying a network IP address for variables such as HOME\_NET.
- 4. Press **CTRL+X** to exit the nano text editor.
- 5. Type **cd /etc/snort/rules**, then **ls**. Snort include many preconfigured rule files that look for suspicious activity.
- 6. Create some custom snort rules by typing sudo nano /etc/snort/rules/local.rules.
- 7. You will create a snort rule that checks for ICMP network traffic, and another that checks for port 23 Telnet usage.
- 8. Enter (or copy and paste) the following rule taking careful note of colons versus semicolons:

alert icmp any any -> \$HOME\_NET any (msg: "Testing ICMP"; sid: 1000001; rev:1; classtype: icmp-event;)

alert tcp any any -> \$HOME\_NET 23 (msg: "Telnet connection attempt"; sid: 1000002; rev:1;)

- 9. Press **CTRL+X**, **Y**, then press **ENTER**.
- 10. Type sudo snort -T -I eth0 -c /etc/snort/snort.conf (-T means test).
- 11. To run snort, type **sudo snort -A console -i lo-q -c /etc/snort/snort.conf**. -A means print alerts to stdout, -q means quiet mode which don't show banner or status report. We are using the lo (local loopback) interface here for testing purposes only.
- 12. Open another terminal emulator windows in Kali Linux (go to the menu in the upper left, then choose Favorites). Type **ping 127.0.0.1**.
- 13. Switch back to the terminal window where snort is running. You will see messages related to "Testing ICMP" as per our custom snort rule.
- 14. Press CTRL+C to exit snort, or close the terminal window.