

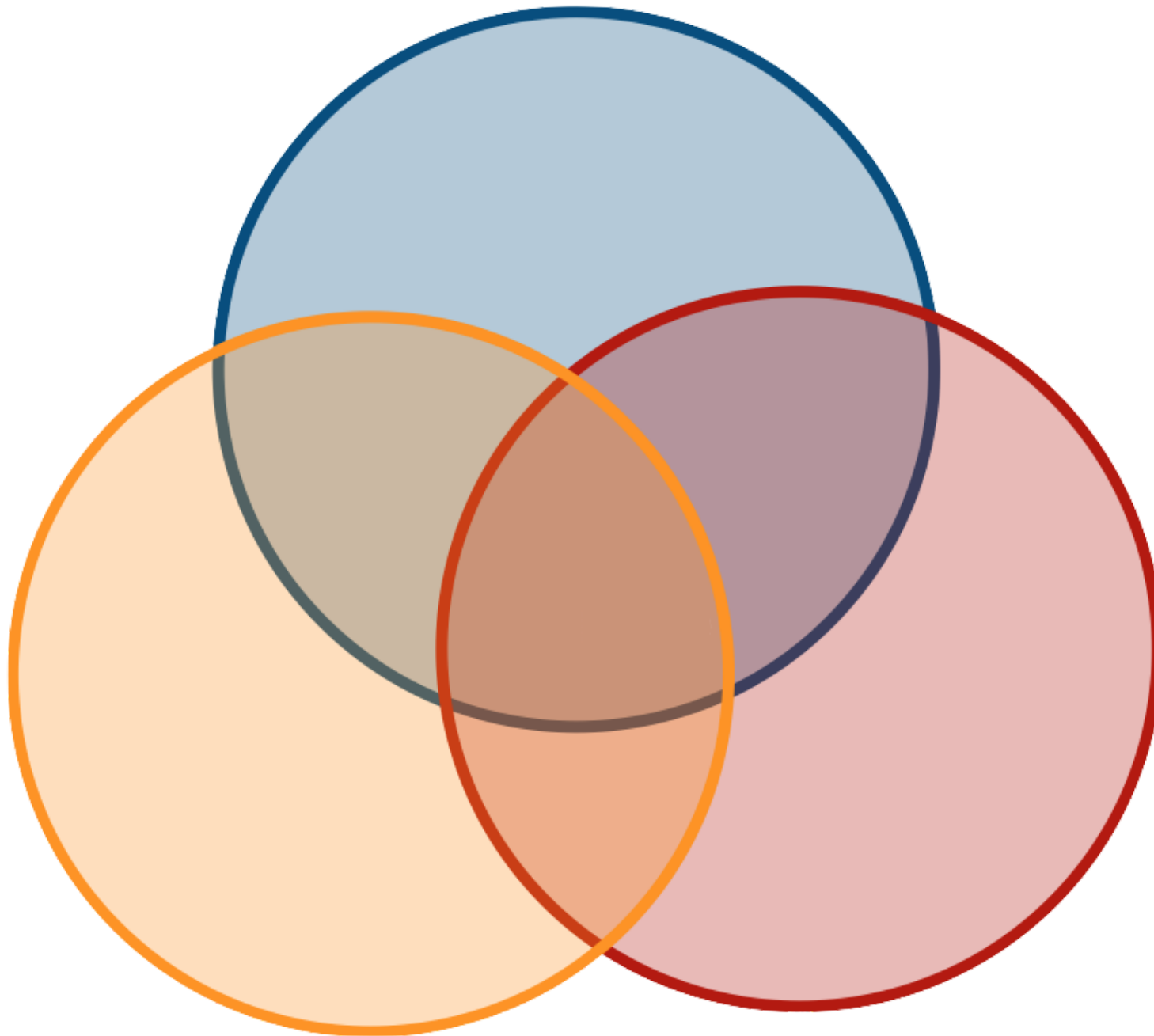


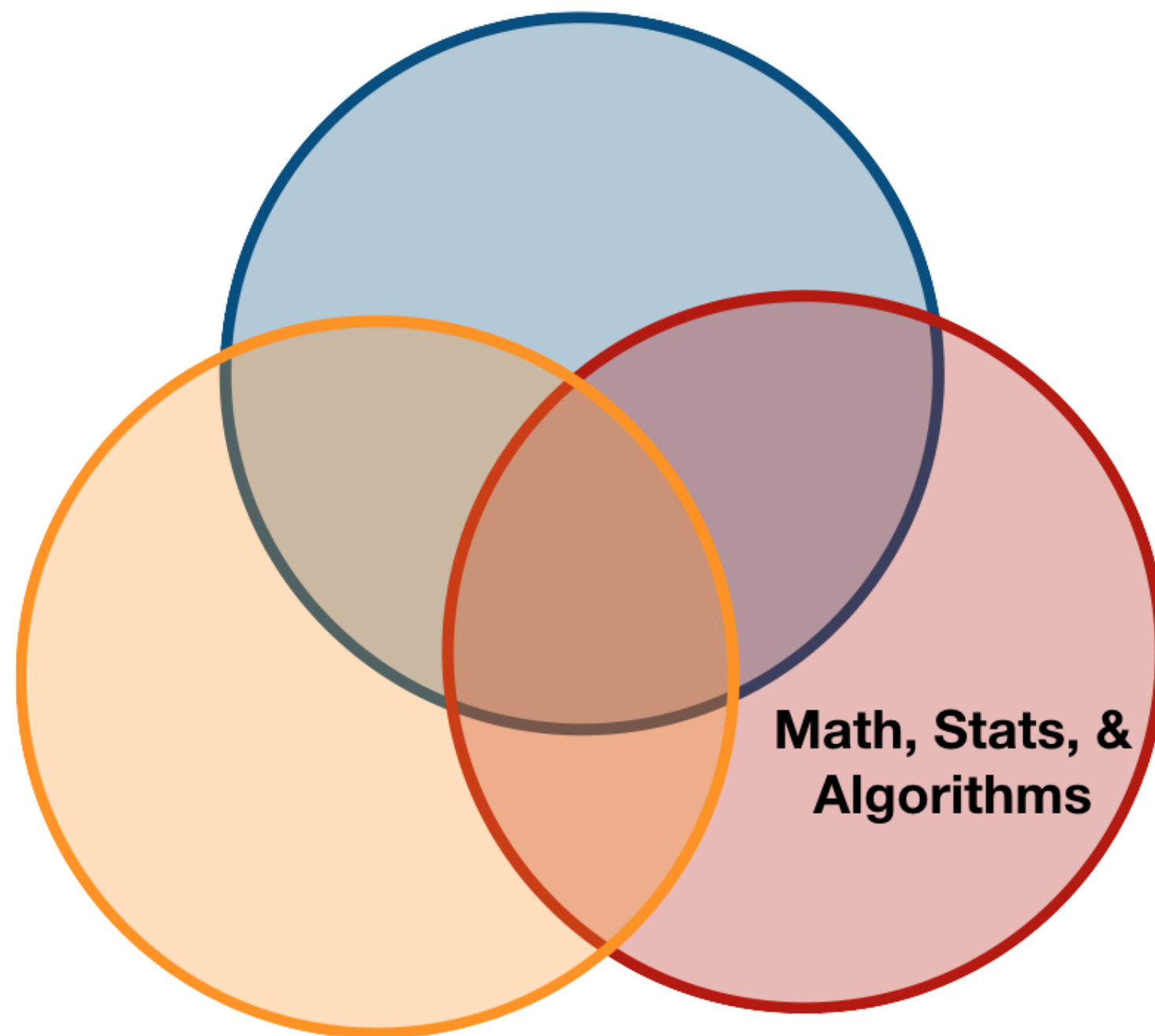
SOFTWARE ENGINEERING FOR DATA SCIENTISTS IN PYTHON

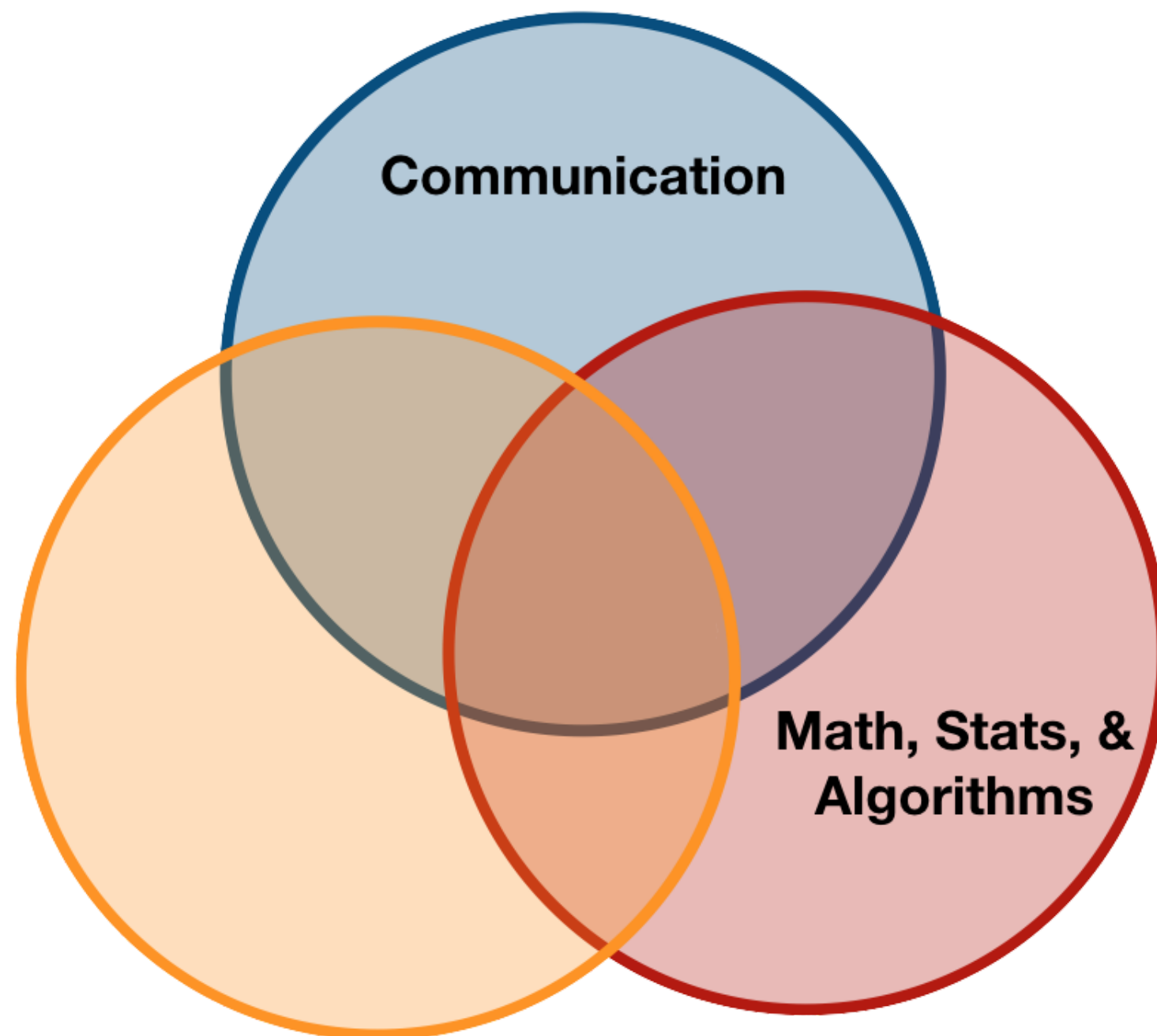
# Python, data science, & software engineering

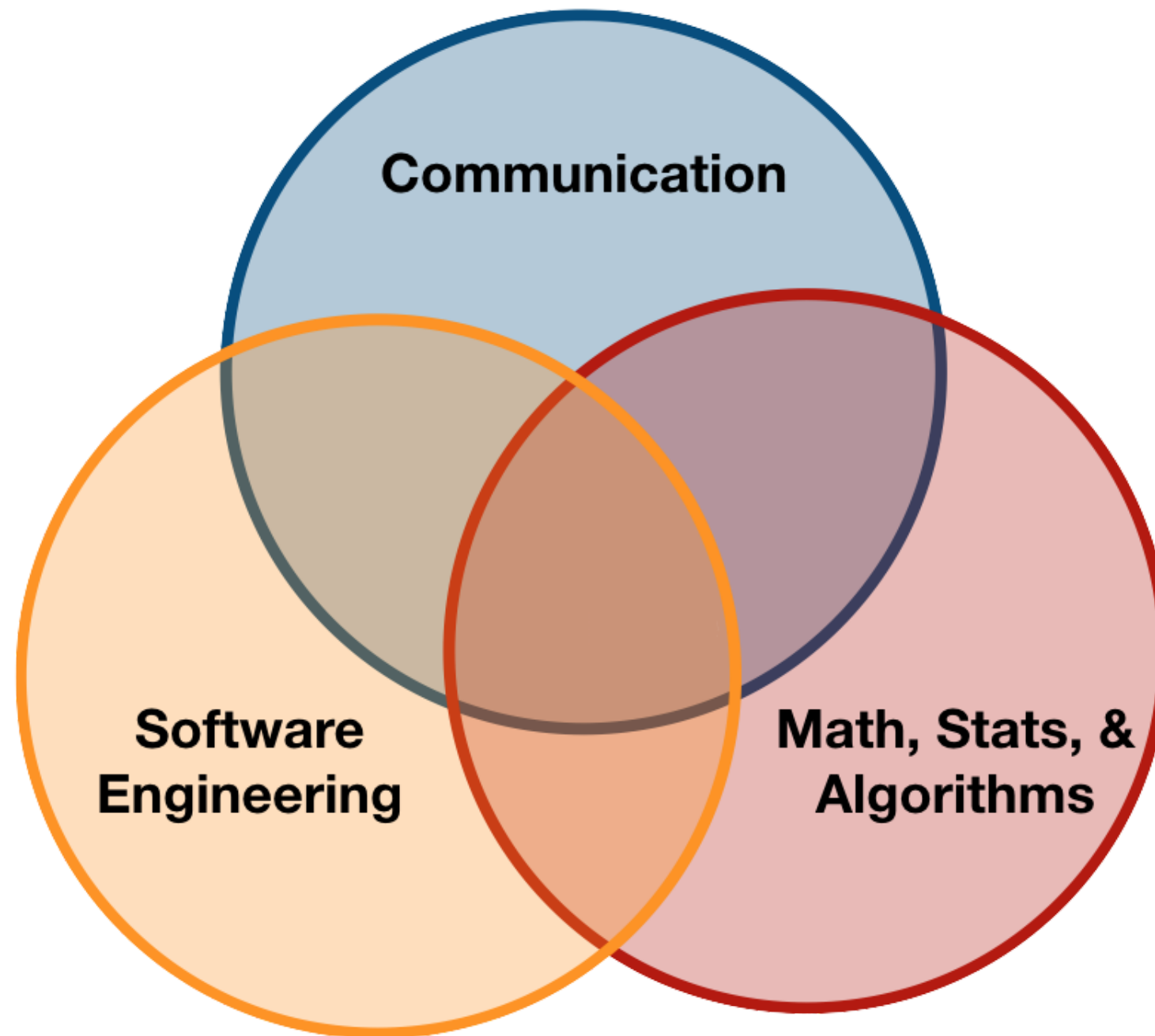
Adam Spannbauer

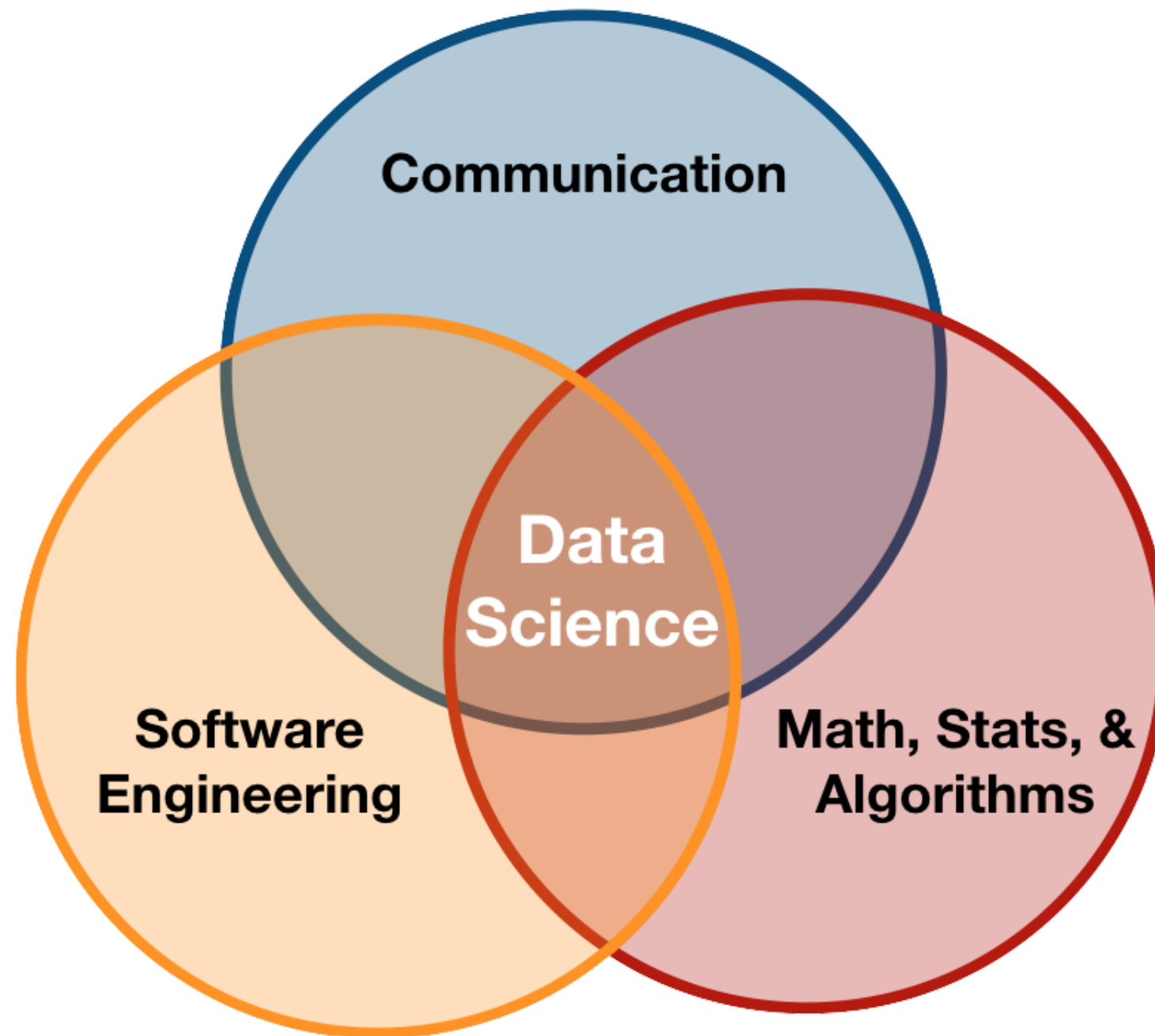
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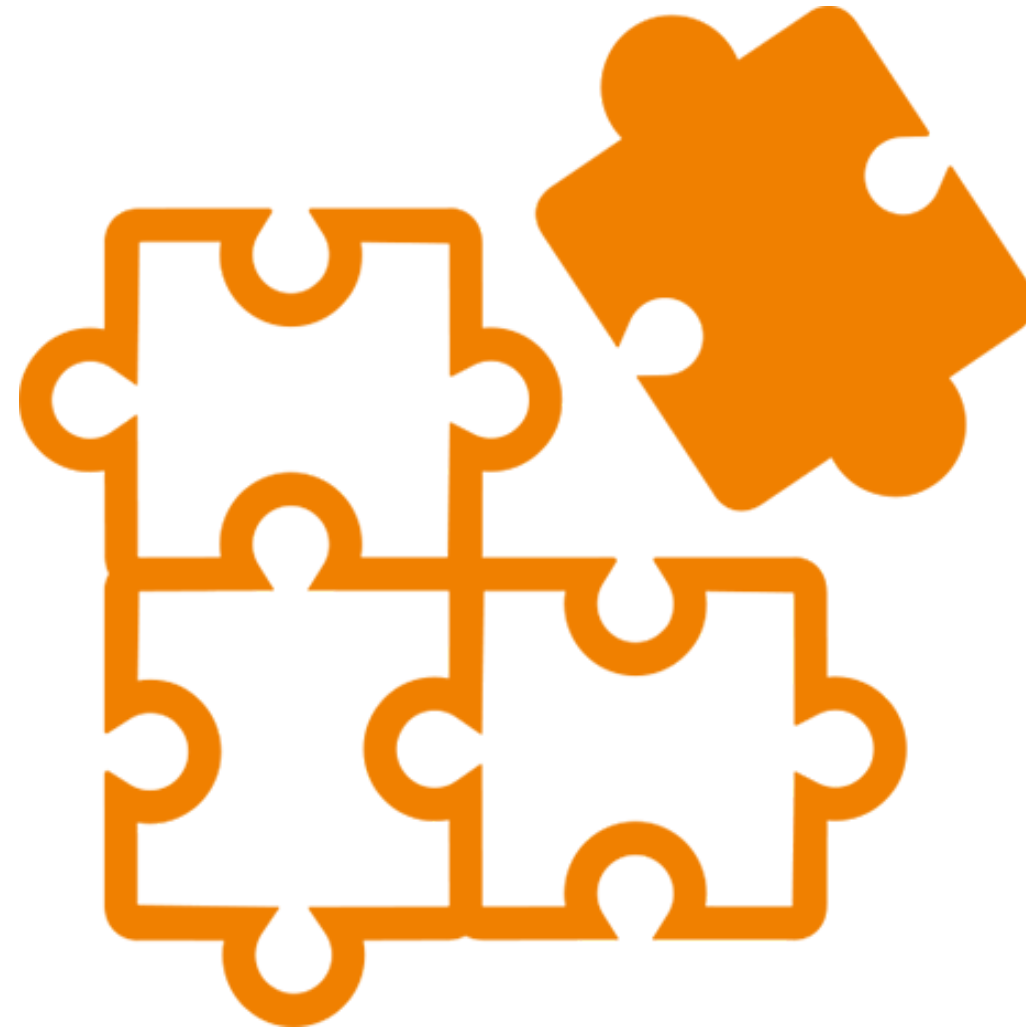
# Software engineering concepts

- Modularity
- Documentation
- Testing
- Version Control & Git



# Benefits of modularity

- Improve readability
- Improve maintainability
- Solve problems only once







# Modularity in python

```
# Import the pandas PACKAGE
import pandas as pd

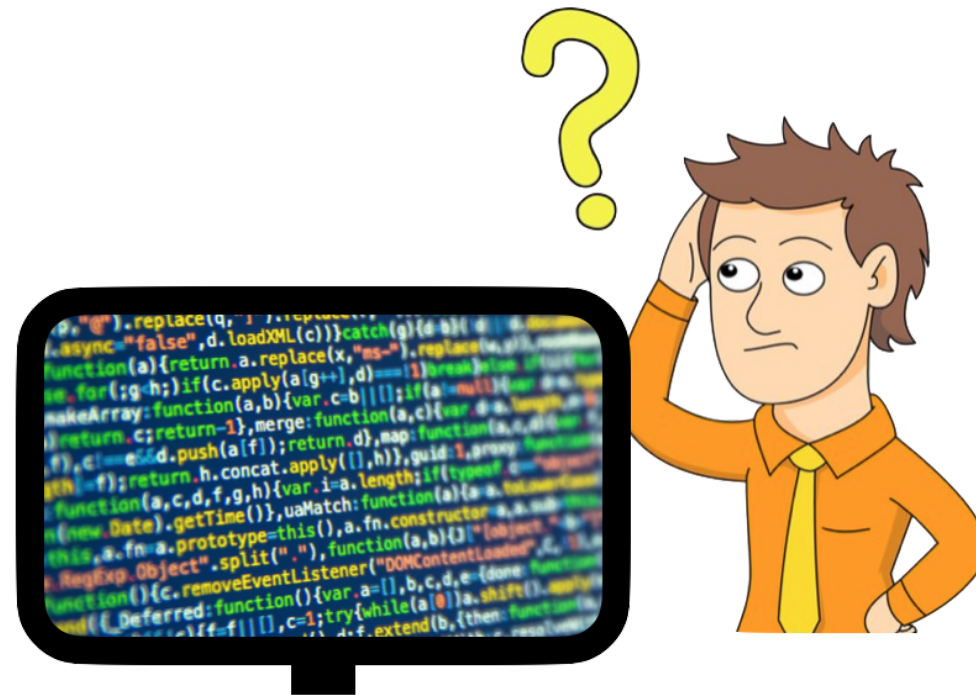
# Create some example data
data = {'x': [1, 2, 3, 4],
        'y': [20.1, 62.5, 34.8, 42.7]}

# Create a dataframe CLASS object
df = pd.DataFrame(data)

# Use the plot METHOD
df.plot('x', 'y')
```

# Benefits of documentation

- Show users how to use your project
- Prevent confusion from your collaborators
- Prevent frustration from future you





# Benefits of automated testing

- Save time over manual testing
- Find & fix more bugs
- Run tests anytime/anywhere

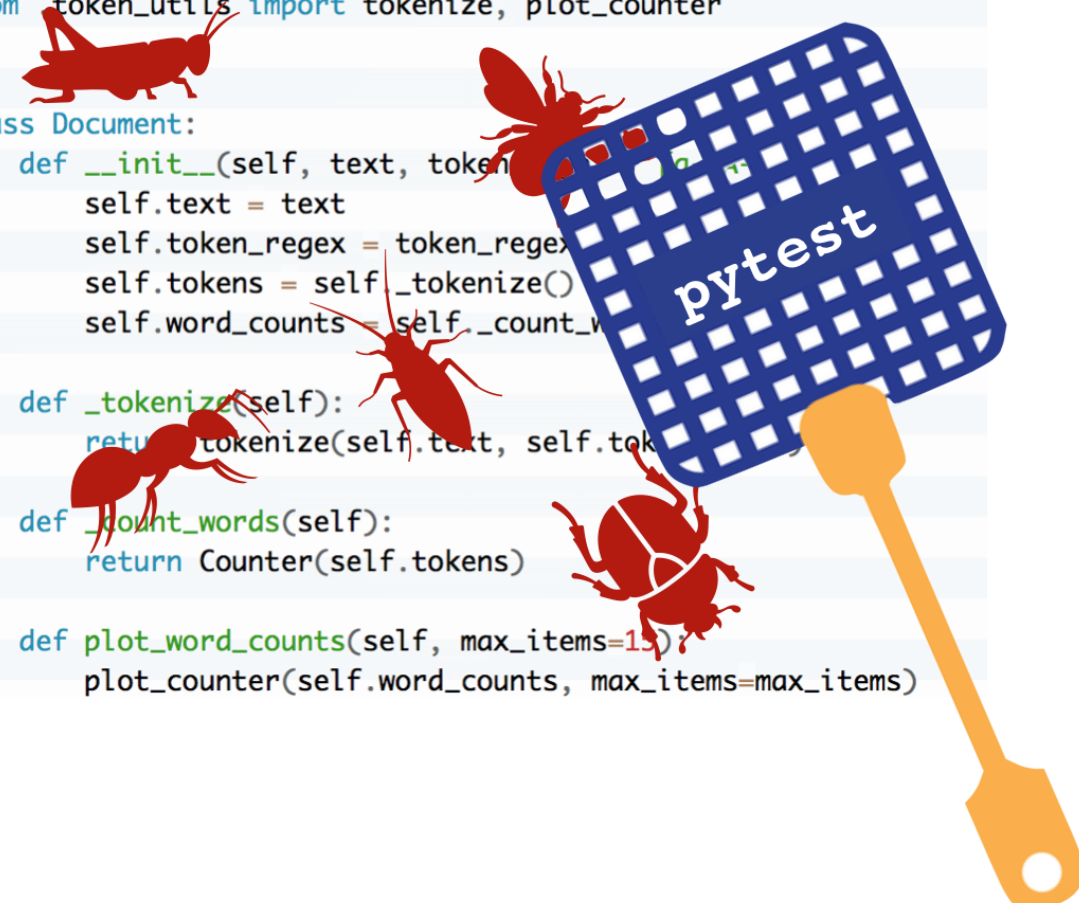
```
from collections import Counter
from token_utils import tokenize, plot_counter

class Document:
    def __init__(self, text, token_regex):
        self.text = text
        self.token_regex = token_regex
        self.tokens = self._tokenize()
        self.word_counts = self._count_words()

    def _tokenize(self):
        return tokenize(self.text, self.token_regex)

    def _count_words(self):
        return Counter(self.tokens)

    def plot_word_counts(self, max_items=15):
        plot_counter(self.word_counts, max_items=max_items)
```





## SOFTWARE ENGINEERING FOR DATA SCIENTISTS IN PYTHON

# Let's Review



SOFTWARE ENGINEERING FOR DATA SCIENTISTS IN PYTHON

# Introduction to Packages & Documentation

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# Packages and PyPi











# Using pip to install numpy

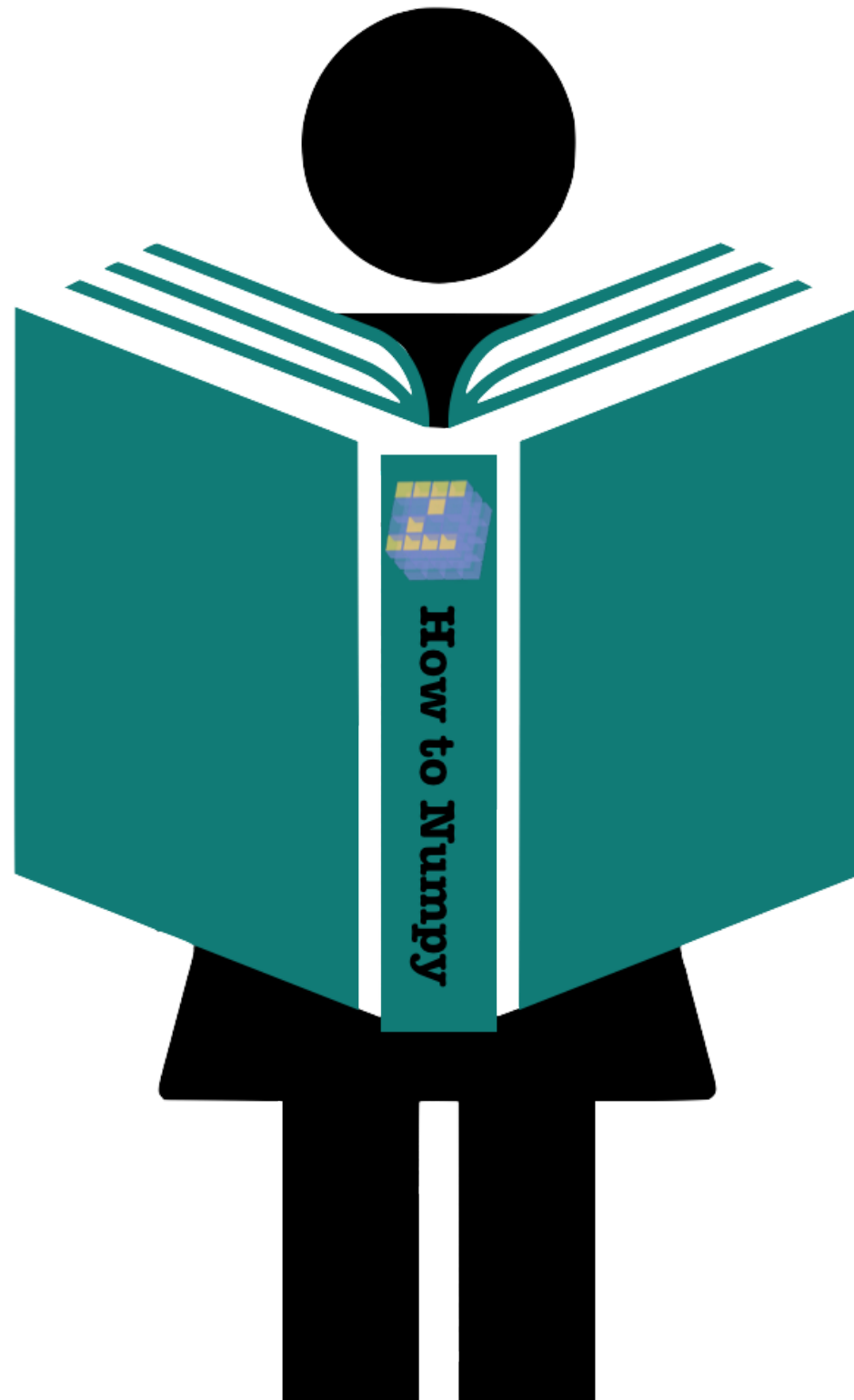
```
datacamp@server:~$ pip install numpy
```

```
Collecting numpy
```

```
  100% |████████████████████████████████████████| 24.5MB 44kB/s
```

```
Installing collected packages: numpy
```

```
Successfully installed numpy-1.15.4
```





# Reading documentation with help()

```
help(numpy.busday_count)
```

```
busday_count(begindates, enddates)
Counts the number of valid days between `begindates` and
`enddates`, not including the day of `enddates`.

Parameters
-----
begindates : the first dates for counting.
enddates   : the end dates for counting (excluded from the count)

Returns
-----
out        : the number of valid days between the begin and end dates.

Examples
-----
>>> # Number of weekdays in 2011
...  np.busday_count('2011', '2012')
260
```



# Reading documentation with help()

```
import numpy as np
help(np)
```

Provides

1. An array object of arbitrary homogeneous items
2. Fast mathematical operations over arrays
3. Linear Algebra, Fourier Transforms, Random Number Generation

```
help(42)
```

```
class int(object)
| int(x=0) -> integer
| int(x, base=10) -> integer
|
| Convert a number or string to an integer, or return 0 if no arguments
| are given. If x is a number, return x.__int__(). For floating point
| numbers, this truncates towards zero.
```



## SOFTWARE ENGINEERING FOR DATA SCIENTISTS IN PYTHON

# Let's Practice



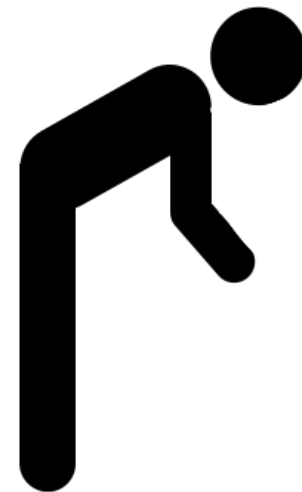
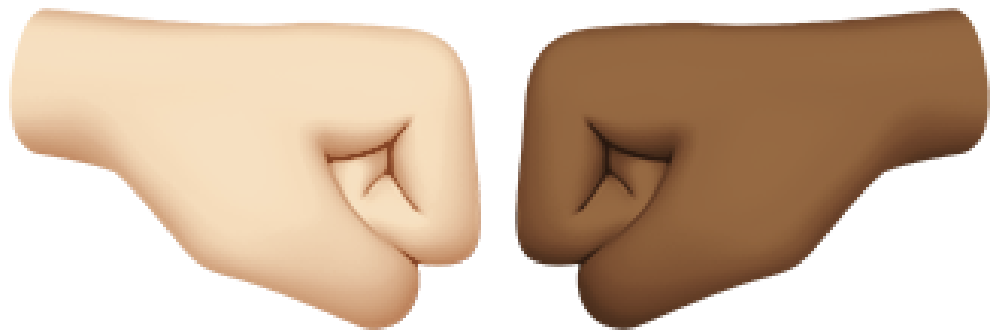
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# Conventions and PEP 8

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# What are conventions?



# Introducing PEP 8



*"Code is read much more often than it is written"*



# Violating PEP 8

```
#define our data
my_dict = {
    'a' : 10,
    'b': 3,
    'c' : 4,
    'd': 7}
#import needed package
import numpy as np
#helper function
def DictToArray(d):
    """Convert dictionary values to numpy array"""
    #extract values and convert
    x=np.array(d.values())
    return x
print(DictToArray(my_dict))

array([10, 4, 3, 7])
```

# Following PEP 8

```
# Import needed package
import numpy as np

# Define our data
my_dict = {'a': 10, 'b': 3, 'c': 4, 'd': 7}

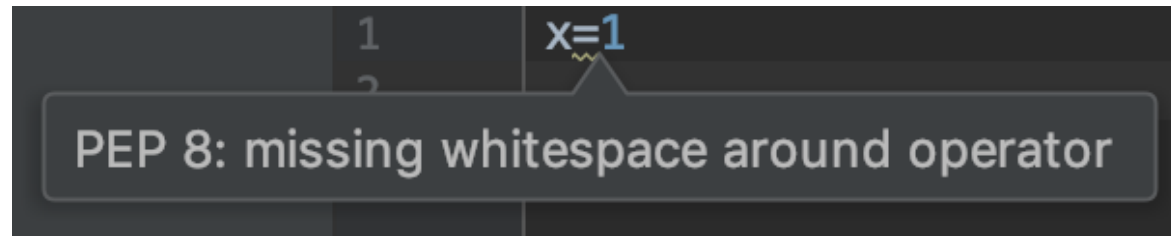
# Helper function
def dict_to_array(d):
    """Convert dictionary values to numpy array"""
    # Extract values and convert
    x = np.array(d.values())
    return x

print(dict_to_array(my_dict))

array([10,  4,  3,  7])
```



# PEP 8 Tools





# Using pycodestyle

```
datacamp@server:~$ pip install pycodestyle
datacamp@server:~$ pycodestyle dict_to_array.py
```

```
dict_to_array.py:5:9: E203 whitespace before ':'
dict_to_array.py:6:14: E131 continuation line unaligned for hanging indent
dict_to_array.py:8:1: E265 block comment should start with '# '
dict_to_array.py:9:1: E402 module level import not at top of file
dict_to_array.py:11:1: E302 expected 2 blank lines, found 0
dict_to_array.py:13:15: E111 indentation is not a multiple of four
```



# Output from pycodestyle

dict\_to\_array.py:9:1: E402 module level import not at top of file

file                      line number                      error code                      error description

column number



## SOFTWARE ENGINEERING FOR DATA SCIENTISTS IN PYTHON

# Let's Practice