# Distributed System

## Assignment 7

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Implement Lamport's clock synchronization algorithm and discuss its time complexity.

#### Code:

```
// C++ program to illustrate the Lamport's
// Logical Clock
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
// Function to display the logical timestamp
void display(int e1, int e2, int p1[5], int p2[3])
{
   int i;
   cout << "\nThe time stamps of events in P1:\n";
   for (i = 0; i < e1; i++)
   {
      cout << p1[i] << " ";
   }
   cout << "\nThe time stamps of events in P2:\n";
// Print the array p2[]
for (i = 0; i < e2; i++)
   cout << p2[i] << " ";
}</pre>
```

```
void lamportLogicalClock(int e1, int e2, int m[7][5])
  int i, j, k, p1[e1], p2[e2];
 for (i = 0; i < e1; i++)
    p1[i] = i + 1;
 for (i = 0; i < e2; i++)
    p2[i] = i + 1;
  cout << "\t";</pre>
 for (i = 0; i < e2; i++)
    cout << "\te2" << i + 1;</pre>
 for (i = 0; i < e1; i++)</pre>
  {
    cout << "\n e1" << i + 1 << "\t";</pre>
   for (j = 0; j < e2; j++)
      cout << m[i][j] << "\t";</pre>
  }
 for (i = 0; i < e1; i++)
  {
   for (j = 0; j < e2; j++)</pre>
    {
      if (m[i][j] == 1)
      {
        p2[j] = max(p2[j], p1[i] + 1);
        for (k = j + 1; k < e2; k++)
          p2[k] = p2[k - 1] + 1;
      }
```

```
if (m[i][j] == -1)
        p1[i] = max(p1[i], p2[j] + 1);
        for (k = i + 1; k < e1; k++)</pre>
          p1[k] = p1[k - 1] + 1;
      }
    }
  }
  display(e1, e2, p1, p2);
int main()
  int e1 = 7, e2 = 5, m[7][5] = {\emptyset};
 m[1][2] = 1;
 m[5][4] = 1;
 m[4][1] = -1;
 m[6][3] = -1;
 lamportLogicalClock(e1, e2, m);
  return 0;
```

### Output:

```
e21
                          e22
                                   e23
                                           e24
                                                    e25
 e14
                          0
 e15
       0
                          0
                                  0
 e16
 e17
The time stamps of events in P1: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
The time stamps of events in P2:
1 2 3 4 7
```

Time Complexity:

O(e1 \* e2 \* (e1 + e2))