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Development in India March 15, 2021 by Prasanna

Kerala State Syllabus 10th Standard Social Science India

Question 1. Answer:

Human recourse refers to needle who have the manneyer which can be utilized in the production

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Solutions Chapter 3 Human Resource Development in Plus One Chemistry Chapter Wise Questions and Answers Chapter 3 List out the quantitative and qualitative aspects of human resource. -Quantitative features Qualitative features **Chemical Reactions of Organic** Compounds Growth of Population Size of population Plus One Chemistry Chapter Wise population structure Education Healthcare Questions and Answers Chapter 7 Population Equilibrium density Birth rate Literacy-rate Life expectancy

 Death rate Age structure ■ Sex ratio Labour force participation rate Dependency ratio Question 2. Prepare a note by analysing the importance of population studies. Answer: • Helps the government to quantitatively assess the different needs of the people and to plan activities and programmes accordingly. • Informs the availability of human resource in a country. • Depicts the extent of basic facilities required by the people. • Quantifies the goods and services required. • Determines the socio-economic development policies. • To assess the standard of living of the people. • To compare with thS population of other countries. Question 3. Compare the changes in population due to birth rate, death rate and migration. Answer: Birth rate, death rate and migration are the factors that affect the population of a country. • Birth rate increases, death rate decreases → Population increases • Birth rate decreases, death rate increases → Population declines • Birth rate and death rate are equal → No change in population. • Migration → Population increases in one region but decreases in another region. Question 4. Labour force participation rate and dependency rate as per the census of India 2011 is given below. Prepare a graph based on this Labour force participation rate (in percentage) Dependency rate (in percentage) 62.8 37.2 Female 62.2 37.7 Male

Labour participation rate dependancy rate (in percentage) ■ Male ■ Female Question 5.

List the advantages of the increase in labour force participation rate and disadvantages due to increase in depending rate. Answer: • Labour force participation rate is the ratio of the population in the age group 15-59, who are either employed or actively looking for jobs. This age group contributes significantly to the progress of the nation. Labour force participation rate is a measuring tool for the social development. • The age groups 0 to 14 years and 60 years and above are included in the dependent group. Their proportion in total population is known as dependency ratio. This group depends on the working force of the country. An increase in the dependency ratio decreases the per capita income. The protection of children and the old people incur huge expense. This retards the development of the country. Question 6. What are the factors that improve human resource? How does this influence a country's development? Answer: The factors that improve human resource are

Education

Healthcare

Influence of improved human resource

• Entrepreneurship improves

• Social welfare is ensured

• Productivity of the workers increases

Training

Question 8.

Poor quality

Answer:

Answer:

Farmer

Teacher

Healthcare

Question 12.

Answer:

f. Education

g. Healthcare

h. Literacy rate

Question 13.

below.

Year

1951

1961

a. Quantitative features

c. Growth of population

d. Population structure

e. Quai initiative features

b. Size of population

• Economic inequality is reduced Natural resources utilized efficiently Makes possible the development and use of advanced technology. Question 7. How does education help in country's development? Prepare a flowchart. Answer:

• Neglect of the rural sector • Difficulty to control epidemics • Lack of sufficient nutritious food • Insufficient preventive healthcare Unsolved pollution problems • Increasing cost of treatment. Question 9.

List the existing problems in health sector.

Limited social intervention

• Low priority to public sector

• Less opportunity for the poor to get medical care

the development of a country. Education has a major role in moulding skilled people. Education improves the skills of individuals. Betters the technological know-how. Helps to secure better job and income. Improves the standard of living. Healthcare and human resource development: Each individual can work for the economic development of a country only if proper healthcare facilities are provided. Healthy persons help in the progress of the country in the following ways. • Production increases with the increase in efficiency and the number of working days. • Natural resources can be utilized properly.

• Medical expenses can be reduced, thereby reducing the government expenditure.

• Economic development is possible through increase in production.

Producers agricultural crops

Complete the flowchart on features of human resource.

Population (in crores)

36.11

43.90

this, answer the questions.

Teaches

• Education and human resource development: People with potential and skills will lead to

Explain how education and healthcare help in human resource development.

Question 10. List the different jobs around us, the goods and services provided by them and the skill needed for them. Answer: Skill Goods/Service Job Knowledge about different agricultural crops and

of teaching.

the method of cultivation

Knowledge and training on the subject and method

Treats diseases Knowledge about diseases and medicines Doctor Question 11. Human resource development is the development of man's physical and mental abilities. Find out the factors that help to develop such abilities. factors that help to develop such abilities. Answer: Education Training

Examine the table indicating population growth rate in India and answer the questions given

Decadal growth rate (in percentage)

13.31(1941-51)

21.64(1951-61)

1971 54.82 24.80(1961-71) 1981 68.33 24.66(1971-81) 84.64 1991 23.87(1981-91) 102.87 2001 21.54(1991-2001) 121.02 2011 17.64(2001-11) a. Which decade has marked the maximum population growth? b. From which year onwards is there a decrease in the population growth rate? c. How much decrease did the population growth rate record in the decade 2001-2011? Answer: a. 1961-71. b. 1971 c. 3.90 (in percentage) Question 14.

Given below is a pie diagram showing the age structure based on census of India 2011. Based on

What percentage of the total population belongs to the age group 0-14 years? Answer: 29.4% What percentage of total population belongs to the age group of 60 years and above? Answer: 8.09% What percentage of the total population belongs to the age group of 15-59 years? Answer: 62.5%. High labour force participation rate is beneficial for the development of the country.

Question 15. How does the population density of an area influence the availability of human resource? Answer: Density of population refers to the number of people residing in a square kilometre area. More people means more manpower. This will increase production. Question 16. What are the problems in the economy as a result of a decrease in the labour force participation rate and increase in the dependency ratio? Answer:

The portion of the population in the age group 15-59 is included in labour force participation rate.

This age group has the capability to contribute to the progress of the nation. Decrease in labour

force participation rate will adversely affect the progress of the nation.

An increase in dependency ratio decreases the per capita income. The availability of manpower decreases with a fall in the age group of 15-59. This results in low production. Question 17.

All these will lead to economic development. Question 18. The given table depicts the features of Indian population. Compare the sex ratio, life expectancy and literacy rate and prepare a note. Answer:

How does human resource development influence economic development?

• Makes possible the development and use of advanced technology.

As a result of human resource development:

• Entrepreneurship improves.

• Economic inequality is reduced.

• Productivity of the workers increases.

• Natural resources are utilised effectively.

Answer:

Answer:

Question 19.

List the advantages of improved human resource. Answer:

• Sex ratio is low.

of the nation.

• Productivity of the workers can be increased • Economic inequality can be reduced. • Entrepreneurship can be improved. • The development and use of advanced technology can be made possible.

• Females have high life expectancy compared to males

• The literacy rate of females is less compared to males.

• High sex ratio, life expectancy and 1 iteracy rate are suitable for the economic development

Question 20. Find out how education helps in the development of a nation and complete the flowchart. Answer: a. Improves the skills of individuals

b. Betters the technological know-how. c. Helps to secure better job and income. Question 21. Find out how healthcare helps in national progress and prepare a note.

Answer: • Production increases with the efficiency of workers and also the number of working days. Natural resources can be utilised properly. • Economic development is possible through increase in production. Question 22.

List the facilities to be ensured for healthcare Answer: • Availability of nutritious food. Availability of clean water Cleanliness Healthy environment • Ensuring of leisure and entertainment.

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