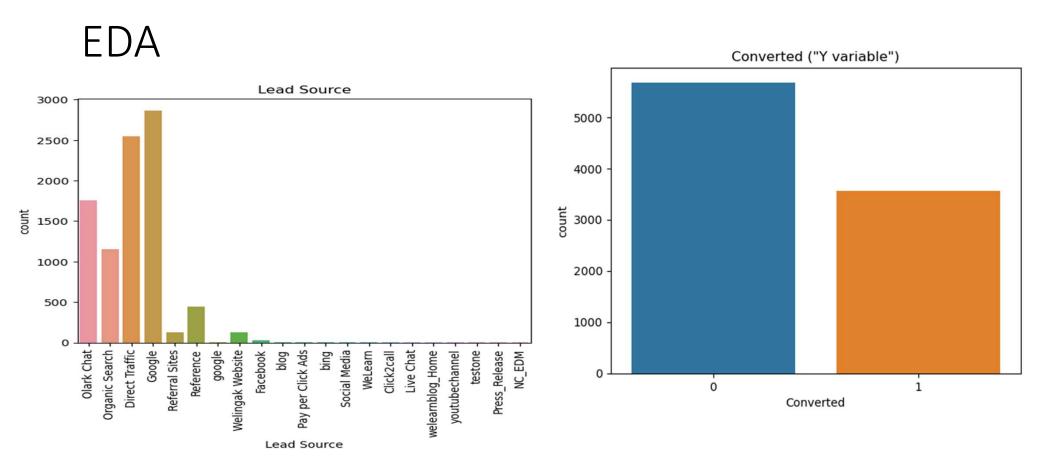
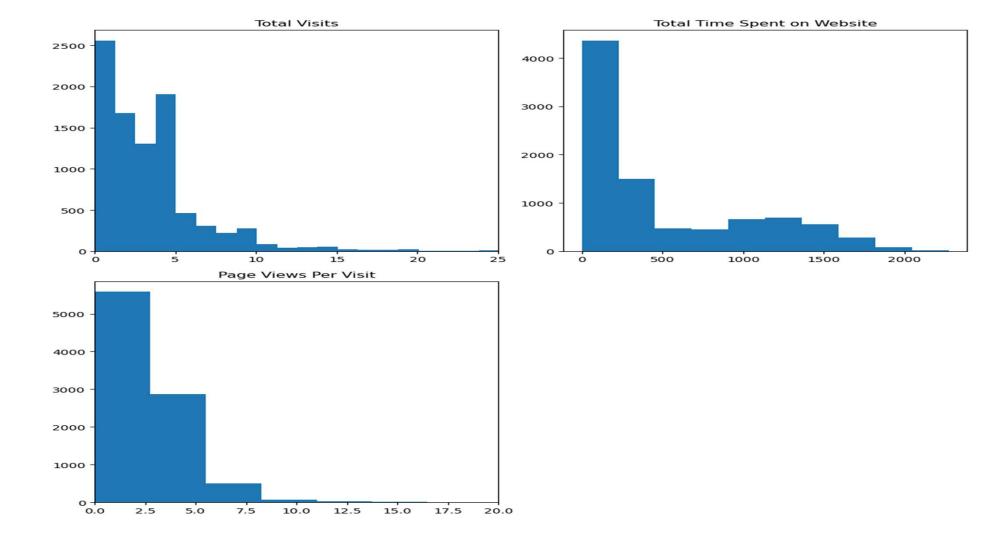
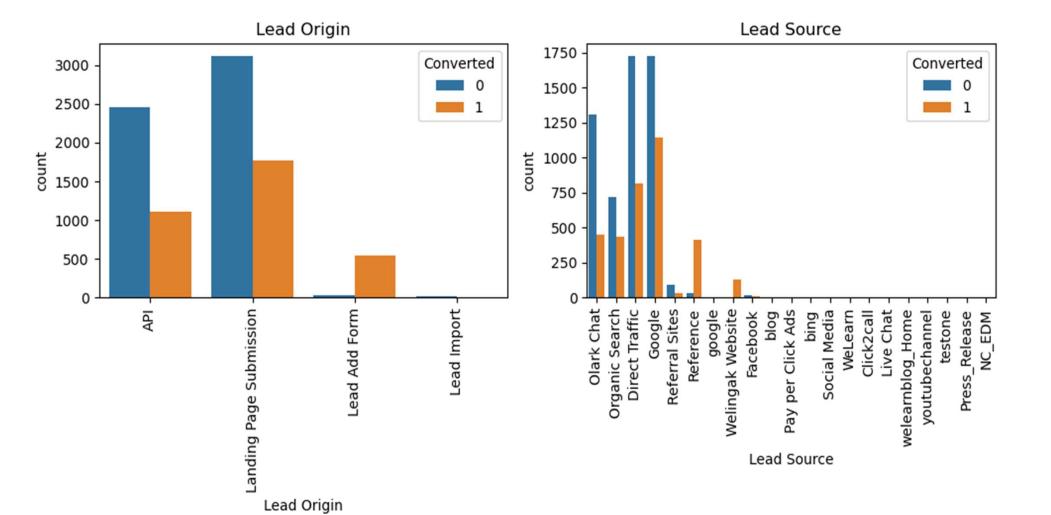
Issue at Hand:

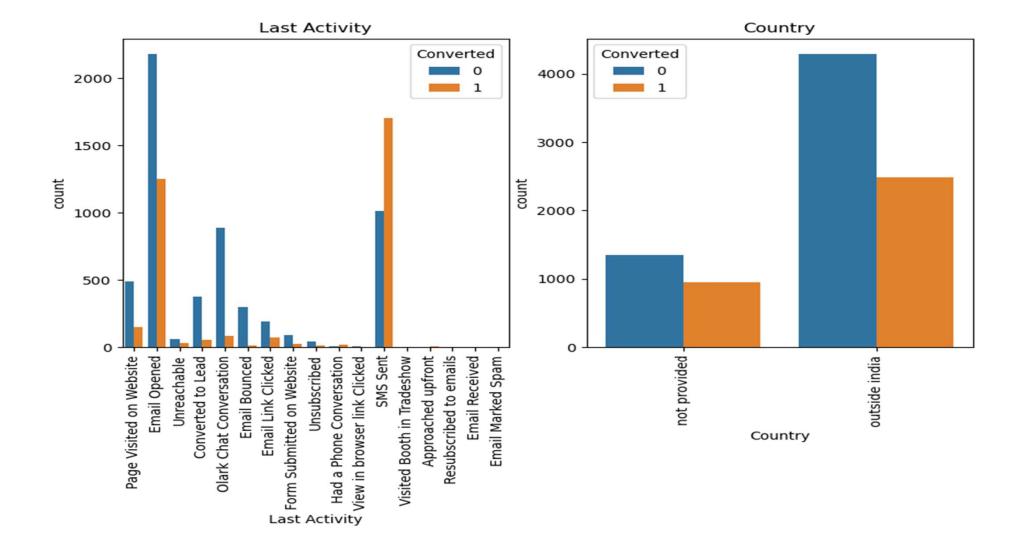
X Education seeks assistance in identifying the most promising leads—those with the highest likelihood of transitioning into paying customers. The company tasks us with constructing a model to assign a lead score to each lead, where higher scores indicate a greater chance of conversion, and lower scores suggest a lower likelihood. The CEO has set a target lead conversion rate of approximately 80%.

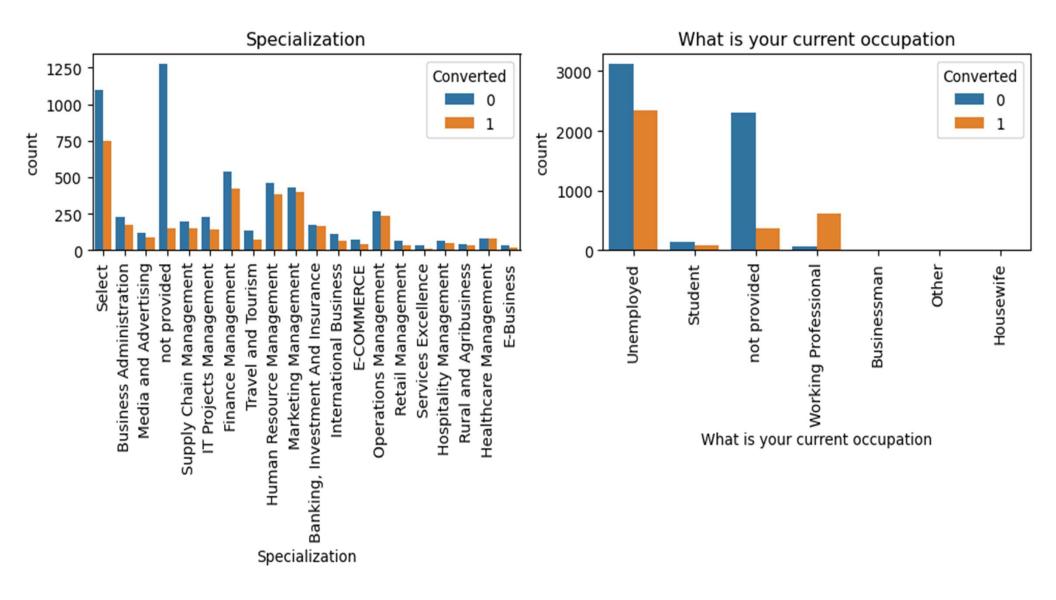
Data Cleanup: We embarked on a tidying mission, addressing null values and substituting those ambiguous 'select' options with nulls. Additionally, we categorized some nulls as 'not provided' to minimize data loss. Furthermore, we streamlined location information to 'India', 'Outside India', and 'not provided'.

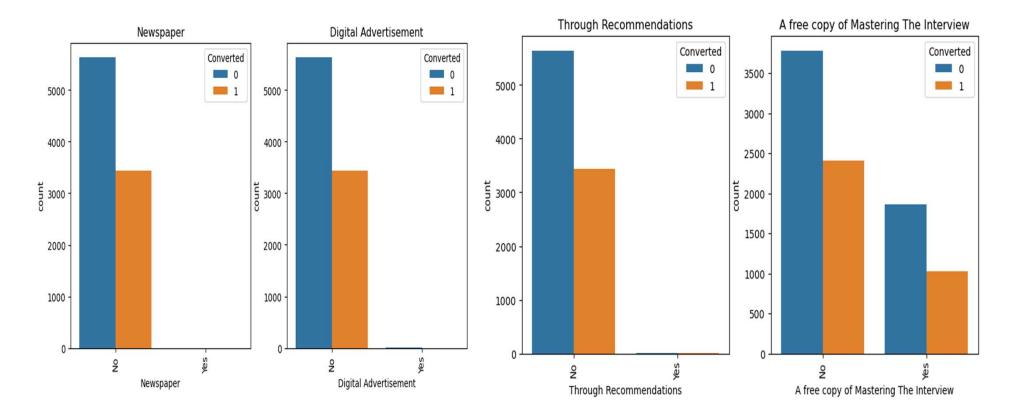












Other Analysis:

- Dummy Variables: With 'not provided' entries out of the picture, we forged ahead and generated dummy variables. Numeric data underwent scaling using MinMaxScaler to level the playing field.
- Data Splitting: To ensure a fair assessment, we partitioned the data into 70% for training and 30% for testing purposes.
- Model Development: Employing Recursive Feature Elimination (RFE), we pinpointed the top 15 contenders. Subsequently, through manual intervention guided by Variance Inflation Factor (VIF) and p-values, we curated the final lineup, retaining variables with VIF < 5 and p-value < 0.05.
- Evaluation Metrics: Armed with a confusion matrix, we embarked on a quest for the optimal cutoff value, employing the mystical powers of ROC curves. Our endeavors culminated in achieving commendable accuracy, sensitivity, and specificity rates, all hovering around the 80% mark

Conclusion:

The heavyweight contenders influencing potential buyer behavior include:

- 1. Total time spent on the website.
- 2. Total number of visits.
- 3. Lead sources: Google